

## CUT AND DRIED.

The Memphis Goldbug Convention Is to Do Certain Things.

## CLEVELAND TO BE ENDORSED

Silver's Friends Are Not Even to Be Allowed Seats.

## TENNESSEE BANKERS MEET TODAY

They Are All Delegates to the Boggs-Patterson Convention.

## NOT A FARMER ALLOWED IN IT

The Money Changers Feel That Their Blood Is Too Rich For the Laboring Man.

Memphis, Tenn., May 21.—(Special.)—The newspaper historians have it that at the Covington meeting Monday night the music brought tears to the eyes of the honorable secretary of the treasury. They indicate that the particular cause of the lachrymose demonstration was the spirited playing of "Old Kentucky Home." But this time the boys missed it.

It was not that song that moved the secretary, but another, and orders have been issued to the Memphis music purveyors which will prevent a repetition of that mistake. It was "Auld Lang Syne." That song rubbed the secretary's conscience the wrong way. It reminded him of those days not so very long ago when he appeared as the champion of the people and raised his voice in the unlimited coinage of both silver and gold. That was before he had been given a cabinet portfolio—before this tribune from the land of bluegrass and good whisky had succumbed to the hypnotic smiles of the Svengali of the white house.

"Auld Lang Syne" brought up memories of those days of political strength and independence, memories that had laid dormant under the influences now surround him. He did not relish being thus reminded of his change of heart, and that is why the bands of this metropolis of the Mississippi valley will be called upon to select some livelier, more in de die alio die, "A Bicycle Built for Two" has been tabooed as being too suggestive of the commercialism that is being sold of another convention on exactly the same lines that is to be held here this week. This is the meeting of the Tennessee Bankers' Association, which will be called to order tomorrow by President Herman Justi, of Nashville. The practically simultaneous gathering together of the two clans is more than a mere coincidence. The fact is the date of the so-called sound money convention was fixed for Thursday of this week so as to accommodate the bankers of Tennessee, all of whom are delegates to the convention. They make such a great portion of the state's delegation in this Memphis convention that the managers of the affair do not care to put them to double expense, especially since, under the iniquitous single gold standard, the bankers are having so hard a time of it. This reference to the managers being bankers brings to mind the facts about the convention and its incipency.

**This Is Kept in the Background.**  
In all the telegraphic dispatches sent out from here concerning the "sound money and better banking facilities convention" nothing has been said of another convention on exactly the same lines that is to be held here this week. This is the meeting of the Tennessee Bankers' Association, which will be called to order tomorrow by President Herman Justi, of Nashville. The practically simultaneous gathering together of the two clans is more than a mere coincidence. The fact is the date of the so-called sound money convention was fixed for Thursday of this week so as to accommodate the bankers of Tennessee, all of whom are delegates to the convention. They make such a great portion of the state's delegation in this Memphis convention that the managers of the affair do not care to put them to double expense, especially since, under the iniquitous single gold standard, the bankers are having so hard a time of it. This reference to the managers being bankers brings to mind the facts about the convention and its incipency.

**Wall Street Puts Up the Expenses.**  
This convention represents the forlorn hope of one Josiah Patterson, by the grace of some peculiar election methods, if the stories told be true, the representative of this district in congress. Josiah went up to Washington and swallowed the Cleveland bait, hook and all. He did manage to skin through at the last election, however. He saw how bitterly opposed the people of his district were to his views on the financial question, and in order to fix himself in some way for the future he decided upon a coup d'etat. It was then he hatched up this convention idea, and going to the financiers of Wall street, he sprung it. They were charmed with the idea. Something must be done, they said, to check the enormous growth of the free silver movement in the south, and what better than this gathering together of business men to sing the praises of the gold standard, with or without the mark of international agreement as might be determined upon when the time came? They agreed to put up what money might be necessary. Then Josiah came home to superintend the carrying out of the plan and his Wall street friends had made. Right at the start he struck a snag. He first announced that any regularly elected delegates, no matter what his views on the financial question might be, would be welcomed to the convention as the idea of that convention was to secure an interchange of opinions. Then when he found that of the three commercial organizations in Memphis two would send free silver delegates he promptly recalled his former ukase and declared that if free silver delegates were elected they would not be seated.

The silver men decided to make no attempt to capture the convention, but will hold one of their own in June.  
**No Laborers or Farmers.**  
The convention will unquestionably have

among its members many representative business men. These are principally bankers, money lenders and merchants, all personally gold men. There will be no farmers here and no laboring men. If any labor organizations or any farmers have been invited to be present I have been unable to discover when or where. The men who will come are good representatives of their idea on the money question, but so far as their actions influencing any thinking person, I am sure they might just as well have remained at their homes. The people don't have to ask how they stand, for they know where the interests of these citizens lie.

It was not until today that the local committee announced any sort of a programme for the convention, but that was not at all necessary. Several days ago it was sent out from Washington that "No doubt exists as to what the convention will do. First or all, it will accord to Secretary Carlisle an ovation and it will greet the mention of the president's name with uproarious applause. Then, coming down to business, it will pass resolutions that will please the gold men and anger the silver men." The committee did nothing more than ratify these instructions from headquarters. It decided that the convention should be called to order Thursday at 2 o'clock; that Secretary Carlisle should speak immediately thereafter, and that the resolutions should come in at 8 o'clock. At just what hour Mr. Cleveland's name is to be cheered is not given out.

**It Will Appear Later.**  
I have as yet been able to find no evidence of the state bank idea which some of the administration forces are injecting at this time in the vain hope of beclouding the main issue. It is highly probable, however, that this has been agreed on as part of the plan of campaign, and that it will be used in the hope of fooling those who will not be fooled by the talk of international bimetalism. It all depends on what sort of a campaign has been planned by Wall street and its Washington adjunct.

Our fat and fair young friend, Tom Boggs, is the king of the carnival. He is the observed of all observers. After completing his missionary work Tom went to Washington to consult the powers and he is just back on his native heath. I find, by the way, that it is the general idea in Memphis that this brilliant young apostle was not representing the Young Men's Business League, at least not with any official credentials, but that he was representing Tom Boggs and a fee that is estimated at \$1,000.

I am inclined, however, to doubt this. Tom is worth more than \$3,000 to any cause in whose behalf he lends his eloquence.

## CARLISLE WILL BE THERE.

**He Signs the First Number of the Programme.**  
Memphis, Tenn., May 21.—According to advice received by the executive committee up to its noon mail today, 630 delegates will take part in the convention of southern "sound money" advocates opening Thursday. They will represent every state and every leading city south of Mason and Dixon's line. Secretary Carlisle telegraphs that he will leave Covington tomorrow, arriving here just before the opening of the proceedings. His speech will be the first feature of the programme, and will strike the key note for the platform and resolutions.

## BRICE SAYS HE IS A DEMOCRAT, But His Financial Views Differ with Most of That Party.

Toledo, O., May 21.—Senator Calvin S. Brice has written a letter to the Toledo Bee in which he reiterates his views on the money question. The senator says: "From 1889 to 1894 I opposed in many district and state conventions, resolutions in favor of the gold and silver standard, and in the minority, continued the argument with my fellow democrats until our issues took its place. I regard the present movement in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 as being equally baseless and impossible of any successful outcome. I am a democrat in favor of the money of the constitution, gold and silver maintained at a parity, and without international agreement and the support of the commercial world, opposed to the passage of a law providing for the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone. As a democrat, desirous and hopeful of the supremacy of the democratic party, I am opposed to the adoption of a free silver plank by our state convention. We should win the confidence and respect of the people by declaring against a depreciated currency and in favor of sound money. The assumption that a majority of our party are in favor of a free silver plank is not borne out by the letters which I have received from hundreds of democrats."

## CONSULTING CLEVELAND

**To Ascertain What His Wishes Are in Regard to Missouri.**  
St. Louis, Mo., May 21.—(Special.)—State Chairman O. C. Maffitt, of the democratic committee, will go to Washington at once, Ex-Governor D. R. Francis is already there. A rather startling theory is advanced that the question of a state convention in Missouri to consider silver will be determined in Washington with the president as a party to the deliberations. It is well known that Mr. Cleveland would like, above all things, to see some western state turn down the silver sentiment in open convention. It is also well known that Mr. Francis believes that the matter will be deferred until August or September, but delegates being chosen in July, the convention could be prevented from declaring in favor of free coinage at 16 to 1. He believes this, notwithstanding the fact that the last state nominating convention declared in favor of silver. He will make known his views to the president, and if Mr. Cleveland approves them, Mr. Maffitt will use his influence to call a state convention.

## ALTFELD WILL WRITE A BOOK

**Giving His Present Views on the Silver Question.**  
Springfield, Ill., May 21.—Governor Altgeld and Secretary Hinrichsen are in receipt of so many requests by mail for their views on the silver question that each is preparing general answers to be sent out in circular form. The governor's circular will exceed the limits of a newspaper article and will almost approach book form.

## Seacey Begins His Term.

Fredericksburg, Va., May 21.—Charles J. Seacey, the Aquia creek train robber, was taken from jail here this morning to the penitentiary at Richmond to begin his term of eight years.

## BY A VOTE OF 29 TO 1 VETERANS IN TEXAS.

North Carolina's Democratic Executive Committeemen Solid for Silver.

## THE SEND A GREETING TO ILLINOIS

Immediate Resumption of Free Coinage Demanded.

## BE SURE OF THE CANDIDATES

None But Silver's Friends to Be Placed on Guard—A Protest Against the Claims of the Memphis Convention.

Raleigh, N. C., May 21.—(Special.)—The state democratic executive committee met last night and its discussion was so spirited that its session did not end until 2:30 o'clock this morning. Chairman Fox presided. The attendance was extremely large. Resolutions were adopted by a vote of 29 to 1 emphasizing on behalf of the party its declaration in its state convention last year in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1; that the pressing events prove the wisdom of this declaration; that the great wrong done by demonetization must be undone; that immediate resumption of free coinage without awaiting a moment for the cooperation of any nation is the great duty now confronting the American people.

The party sends greetings to its democratic brothers in Illinois for their bold stand in favor of immediate resumption and urges that such action be taken by the various bimetallic leagues as will open the way to a union of the friends of silver coinage in their support of a candidate for the presidency and candidates for congress who can be relied upon to stand by the people in their great struggle for financial emancipation from the evils of the single gold standard.

In conclusion, the resolutions say that while the right of every citizen of the state to go as a delegate to the so-called sound money convention at Memphis is conceded, they protest that in so doing they do not represent the democratic sentiment of North Carolina.

Governor Carr went to Greensboro today to attend the commencement at the State Normal and Industrial School for Girls, and will present the diplomas to the twenty-eight graduates.

## SILVER'S FRIENDS ARE ACTIVE.

**They Are Getting Up a Great Convention—Star Speakers Promised.**

Memphis, May 21.—The stanch friends of silver are not inactive. At a meeting this afternoon of the Central Bimetallic League, an organization composed largely of members of the cotton exchange who are not in accord with the action of that body in promoting the convention of Thursday, the following supplementary call was issued:

"All communities favoring the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, are invited to send delegates to the bimetallic convention to be held at Memphis on June 12th and 13th. A large number of speakers of national reputation will address the convention."

## W. M. BROWN, President.

While the committee was in session, a dispatch was received from San Francisco to the effect that the "Bimetallic Union," formed at the recent Salt Lake convention, had designated as delegates to the Memphis silver convention, Governor Bradford Prince, of New Mexico; Alva Adams, of Colorado; F. G. Sargeant, of Montana; C. M. Donaldson, of Oregon; Henry W. Lewis, of California.

The message created considerable enthusiasm, which was renewed when it was announced that the following had either absolutely or conditionally accepted invitations to address the convention: United States Senators Daniel, of Virginia; Turpie, of Indiana; Reagan, of Texas; George and McLaughlin, of Mississippi; Blackburn, of Kentucky; Harris, of Tennessee; Ex-Senator Vailhall, of Mississippi; Representative Allen and Bryan, and W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin."

The committee also made arrangements for the reception to Representative Bryan, who is to speak for silver in the Grand Opera house Friday evening. Tomorrow the members of the State Bankers' Association assemble in annual convention in the federal courtroom and the monetary issues of the day are to come in for a large share of consideration. Most of the delegates are accredited to the "sound money" convention.

## For Free Silver.

Lewistown, Ill., May 21.—The Fulton county democratic convention yesterday selected delegates to the state convention at Springfield. A resolution favoring free silver was adopted.

Hillsboro, Ill., May 21.—Delegates to represent Montgomery county at the democratic state convention were selected here yesterday. Resolutions were adopted declaring against either gold or silver monometallism and favoring the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

## BY A LARGE MAJORITY

**The Bimetallic Resolution Passed the Prussian Diet.**

Berlin, May 21.—The bimetallic resolution which recently passed the upper house of the Prussian diet was carried in the lower house today by a large majority. A constitutional amendment proposing to omit the words "with the ultimate object of securing international bimetalism" was rejected by a vote of 187 to 82.

## To Sell Their Property.

Chicago, May 21.—Stockholders of the whisky trust at a meeting today adopted resolutions for a judicial sale of property and another for the sale outside of the courts. It is understood that the action is taken to forestall the possible upholding by the supreme court of the decision of the lower court, which declared the trust illegal under the laws of Illinois. When the judicial sale is consummated it is probable that the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company will be incorporated in another state.

## La Gasconne Overdue Again.

New York, May 21.—La Gasconne had not been sighted up to 10 o'clock this morning. She is now two days overdue.

Thousands of the Old Soldiers at the Reunion in Houston.

## MISS WINNIE DAVIS ARRIVES

She and Miss Lee and General Gordon Receive an Ovation.

## THE BLUE MINGLES WITH THE GRAY

United States Regulars Took Part in the Programme—The City Is Badly Crowded—A Great Crowd.

Houston, Tex., May 21.—The streets of Houston are filled with a surging mass of humanity, representing every state in the union, and the trains of every system leading into the city are full of overflowing veterans and their friends on their way to the fifth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans.

This enterprising city has been preparing for this event many months and the arrangements are satisfactory in the highest degree. The men who wore the gray have been looking forward to the occasion with the ardor which no one experiences in so full a measure as the battle-scarred remnants of the army of the confederacy.

It seems as if all the broad lines of the country are converging here and that the iron wheels are hurrying forward with something of the fervor which inspires the hearts of the heroes they are conveying to the reunion. Many of the most prominent surviving leaders of the lost cause are here tonight, and tomorrow they will again take command, under the blended banners of union and secession, of the grizzled veterans whom they led in many a stormy conflict between Sumter and Appomattox. Not only are banners blended, for federal and confederate, mingling in cordial fraternity, are walking arm in arm and exchanging reminiscences of the various fields on which they fought. Comrades have met for the first time in a third of a century and the memories of many touching scenes will be recalled.

Houston is a dream of drapery. Dexterior hands have arranged the fluttering flags in long festoons, where old glory and the starry cross combine in the same harmonious unity with which the federal government, under the new conditions, participates in the commemoration of the struggle in which old conditions passed away.

## Old Glory and the Stars and Bars.

The principal thoroughfare of the city is a mass of gracefully woven bunting, the confederate banner and the conquering banner alternating for more than a mile. On the heart of every man and woman flames a badge or a miniature flag, while here and there some distinctive sign of more than ordinary interest may be observed. Here a blue ribbon marks the wearer as one of Morgan's men, and there a lone star distinguishes some of the Eighteenth Texas Rangers of immortal memory.

The dapper uniform of the regular army mingles with the faded jacket of gray, worn by some enthusiast from a distant state.

In short, the whole city is given over to the ardor of the hour and the greatest event of the week throughout the south, if not the whole United States, is reaching a culmination. This has been Houston's day and local pride has intensified southern patriotism. The rain on yesterday prevented the parade which was anticipated with so much interest. The event came off today, however, and Main street was lined with a solid mass of humanity to see the soldier boys go by.

The following companies were in the parade: Corpus Christi Light Guards, Roberts Rifles, Governor's Guards, Duke Rifles, Brenham Light Guards, Houston Light Guard, Brenham Field Artillery, Battery C, Lasker Guard, Mabry Rifles, Lacombe Rifles, Lamar Guard, Marble Falls Guard, Brownwood Rifles, Houston Light Artillery, Rutherford Rangers, Milano Rifles and M. B. Lloyd Rifles.

The battery of flying artillery, United States army, with its mounted band, was one of the most attractive features of the parade. Major General A. S. Roberts, commanding the Texas Volunteer Guards, was in command and the companies received hearty rounds of cheers as they passed along Main street, which was lined with veterans and their friends, while tier after tier of ladies, looking from commanding points of view along the route, waved a greeting as the soldiers passed.

## Cheering General Wheeler.

General Joseph Wheeler arrived at 8 o'clock this morning. When he reached headquarters on Franklin avenue, the veterans were awaiting him, 3,000 strong, and when they caught sight of the famous cavalry soldier, they gave a yell which waked the echoes.

At midnight 7,000 badges had been given out to bona fide veterans, duly registered. So there can be no mistake that that number of survivors are here, while many more have not yet registered. It is estimated that 20,000 visitors were in Houston this afternoon and every subsequent train has swelled the number since then. Four thousand five hundred Texas veterans will be in camp by tomorrow.

The United Confederate Veterans now consist of the Department east of the Mississippi, commanded by Lieutenant General S. T. Lee, composed of the divisions of Alabama, Major General Fred S. Ferguson, commanding; Florida, Major J. J. Dickson, commanding; Georgia, Major General Clement A. Evans, commanding; Kentucky, Major General John Boyd, commanding; Louisiana, Major General O. Watts, commanding; Mississippi, Major General S. D. Lee, commanding; North Carolina, Major General W. S. Bush, commanding; South Carolina, Major General S. S. Crittendon, commanding; Tennessee, Major General W. H. Jackson, commanding; Virginia, Major General Thomas A. Brander, commanding; Maryland, Major General George H. Stewart.

The other department, the trans-Mississippi, Lieutenant General W. Cabell, commanding, consists of nine divisions, of which five are in Texas alone. The division commanders are as follows:

Arkansas, Major General D. W. Moore; Missouri, Major General J. O. Shelby; Indian Territory, Major General N. P. Guy; Oklahoma, Major General Sam L. Levy. The Texas divisions are commanded as follows: Northeastern, Major General Robert Cobb; southeastern, Major General W. S. Blain; southwestern, Major General W. H. Young; western, Major General E. M. Bean.

There is a strong movement on foot to concentrate the five Texas divisions into one, similar to the other southern states,

and it is probable that Major General Ross, of Bryan, will be made commander of the entire division.

The programme of the afternoon was a very interesting one. At Camp Culberson there was a dress parade and drill of all Misses and an exhibition drill of United States troops, closing with a magnificent display of fireworks from 8 to 9:30 o'clock. Dancing was continued until midnight.

Tomorrow will be Galveston day at the camp. Exhibition and competitive drills will be the order of the day. The Wm. Davis Auditorium will be the center of attraction, however.

The convention of veterans will be formally opened at 9 o'clock a. m., when W. B. Klevickian, president of the United Confederate Veterans' relief association, will open the meeting; prayer will be offered by the chaplain general, Governor Charles Culberson will make an address of welcome on behalf of the state, and Mayor Bowne will welcome the veterans on behalf of the city.

General John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, will respond to these addresses. After the enrollment of delegates permanent organization will be perfected and the convention will adjourn. From 12 o'clock m. to 2 p. m. a reception will be tendered Miss Davis in the auditorium.

At 2 o'clock the business of the convention will be resumed and continued until 7 p. m. There will be a concert in the evening.

## The Following Sponsors are in the City

Texas, Miss Hearn; Alabama, Miss Nelson; of Selma; Georgia, Miss Julia Ridley, of LaGrange; Tennessee, Miss Carrie Jennings, of Columbia; Mississippi, Miss Lorena Boyd, of Meridian; Florida, Miss Clara Chipley, of Pensacola; Louisiana, Miss Emma Sinnet, of South Carolina, Misses, together with their maids of honor, hold a reception every day from 10 till 12 o'clock and are receiving many social attentions in the city.

## General Schofield at New Orleans.

New Orleans, La., May 21.—Lieutenant General John M. Schofield, commanding the army of the United States, arrived this morning over the Valley Route from Memphis. He was accompanied by a large delegation of veterans from the Bluff City, Tex., which the general proceeded tonight to attend the confederate reunion.

The party were met at the depot by the mayor and a delegation of citizens and were escorted to the Pickwick hotel, where General Schofield was given an informal reception at the Pickwick hotel at 3 o'clock. Many citizens, members of the cotton exchange and other bodies called to pay their respects to the general.

The delegation of veterans will return from Houston on Saturday and will remain here a day before resuming their journey north.

## HOUSTON IS OVER-CROWDED.

## The Accommodations Are Very Limited—An Ovation to Miss Winnie.

Houston, Tex., May 21.—(Special.)—The train bringing Miss Winnie Davis and the Richmond delegation arrived late tonight. General Gordon, commander-in-chief, also came tonight. Miss Davis was tendered a glorious ovation at the train and several blocks of accommodation were here for the thousands who have crowded themselves into Houston. They are sleeping four deep in all the hotels, and at midnight the streets are full of veterans who would like to know where they will rest their heads. But they are showing itself, and probably by tomorrow night all the vets will be comfortably housed. The Atlanta delegation arrived tonight.

## A VETERAN'S SUDDEN DEATH.

While Trying To Learn To Ride a Bicycle.  
Saratoga, N. Y., May 21.—Captain William Mitchell, United States army, retired, fell dead this morning at the Casino, where he was endeavoring to learn to ride a bicycle.

## GORDON'S GEORGIA WIFE.

## She Writes to Nashville's Chief of Police About Her Husband.

Nashville, Tenn., May 21.—(Special.)—Captain Clark has received a very pathetic letter from the first wife of J. B. Gordon. The Sunday Sun correspondent who is now in jail here awaiting trial on a charge of forgery. The letter is dated Savannah, Ga., May 18th, and signed Julia Gordon. It was in response to a letter written to Georgia by Captain Clark soon after Gordon's arrest. The chief seeking to screen the heartbroken woman as much as possible, refused to give the letter for publication but permitted a reporter to read it.

Among other things, Mrs. Gordon says that she regretted to say that she was the legal wife of the prisoner. She said that two children had been born to them, the youngest of which was only four months old. From the tone of the letter it is inferred that Mrs. Gordon had doubts of her husband's sincerity, as she furnishes a sentence with the statement that she had lived in the hope of bringing to the surface some of the noble traits in him which he manifested before marriage. Mrs. Gordon concludes by saying that she would come to Nashville to prosecute the prisoner, and she did not have the money. As a final request, she asked Captain Clark to write her fully about the other charges against Gordon.

## BATTLE WITH TRAMPS.

## Officers Catch Them Breaking Into Cars—A Hard Fight.

Creston, Ia., May 21.—A desperate battle occurred at Creston last night, in the Burlington railroad yards, between officers and a gang of tramps caught breaking into a car. When the officers attempted to arrest them the tramps pulled revolvers and commenced firing. The firing was returned and a fusillade of bullets was exchanged. Constable Baglan was shot in the left breast about two inches above the heart. The ball struck a rib and glanced and it is believed that the wound is fatal. Marshal Hixson received slight injuries in the right shoulder. Whether any of the tramps were shot is not known. If so they were spirited away by their companions.

## AGAINST PRIZE FIGHTING.

## The Bill Only Lacks the Governor's Signature To Become Law.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 21.—The house today by a unanimous vote passed the anti-prize fight bill. The measure has already passed the senate and now goes to Governor Mitchell, who will most cheerfully sign it. The measure is a drastic one. Its violation is punished by a fine of \$2,500 or five years in the penitentiary. Glove contests are construed as prize fighting. Sheriffs are empowered to enter any place where they think it is intended to have a contest and arrest any persons whom they may suspect of an intention to violate the law.

## Grape Crop Ruined in Ohio.

Cleveland, O., May 21.—The temperature fell to 25 degrees in the grape belt along the lake shore last night, and the crop is ruined.

## DEPUTIES ARE BACK.

They Land Their Prisoners in Macon and Are Arrested Themselves.

## JUDGE EMORY SPEER INTERPOSES

Lucius Williams Fired on the Officers as They Approached.

## A SHARP BATTLE WAS FOUGHT

Old Man Williams Is Desperately Wounded and His Recovery Is Doubtful. His Sons Did Not Shoot.

Macon, Ga., May 21.—(Special.)—Deputy United States Marshals John Kelly, Cohen Garrison and Bob Garrison arrived in Macon this morning from Telfair county, having in charge John M. Williams and Stephen, alias Punch, Williams, whom they arrested yesterday in Telfair after their father, Lucius L. Williams, had been shot down by Deputy Kelly.

The deputies were accompanied to Macon by Sheriff Allgood, of Telfair, who had a warrant for the arrest of the deputies, charging them with assault with intent to murder Lucius Williams. After the shooting yesterday and the departure of the deputies from the scene, Mr. R. O. Cameron, the father of Mrs. John M. Williams, daughter-in-law of Lucius Williams, went to McRae and swore out a warrant before a justice of the peace and the warrant was placed in the hands of Sheriff Allgood to serve. He met up with the deputies at Helena. He did not attempt to serve the warrant as long as the prisoners were in charge of the deputies, so he accompanied them to Macon and when the deputies delivered over the prisoners to the marshal here, the sheriff served the warrant on them.

Immediately Mr. Marion Erwin, as attorney for the deputies, swore out a habeas corpus, claiming that the case could only be tried in the United States court and not in the state court, as the trouble was in connection with proceedings in the United States court, and the arrest was under a bench warrant that had been issued from the United States court on an indictment for murder found by the grand jury against the Williamses for aiding in the killing of the negro, Tom Young, on land claimed by Dodge, and from which the Williamses had been removed. As was fully explained in the article on the shooting of Williams published in The Constitution this morning.

Judge Speer has set next Friday at 10 o'clock as the time for hearing the habeas corpus. In the meantime the deputies will remain in the custody of the marshal, and John M. and "Punch" Williams will stay in jail. The Constitution this morning recited all the facts leading up to the shooting on yesterday. The following is the account given by Deputy Marshal Kelly. It shows that a regular duel with Winchester rifles occurred between Lucius Williams and Deputy Kelly. He says that he and Deputies Cohen and Bob Garrison remained for days on the lookout for Williams.

They saw Lucius Williams several times but he was always at the house of his son, John M. Williams, and knowing that he would resist arrest, and a shooting would inevitably follow, they postponed action on account of the extreme illness of Mrs. John M. Williams, who was confined to bed. She was in such a condition the officers felt that the excitement attending a fight might result fatally to her, and they hung about the neighborhood, hoping to catch Lucius Williams on the way from the house.

Many days elapsed and the condition of Mrs. Williams improved, so on yesterday when Kelly and the Garrisons saw Lucius Williams and his son lying down on the front porch they decided to arrest them.

## A Red Hot Fight.

They approached the house and Kelly said to them: "Get up, gentlemen, and consider yourselves under arrest."

The men immediately got up, and Lucius Williams, who had his Winchester with him leveled it at the officers and fired. Unfortunately Kelly fired and several bullets struck Williams in the face and throat, making the blood spurt against the side of the house.

Lucius and John M. Williams rushed into the house, and Lucius rushed to the back room and was in the act of firing at Bob Garrison, who was at the rear of the house, when Garrison fired through the window at Williams, but it is not known whether or not he was struck by any of the bullets.

Lucius then crept out of a window, presumably on the side of the house, and from around the corner of the house fired once at Kelly. As soon as Kelly discovered the whereabouts of Williams he fired at him, but as Williams was protected by the house he was not hit. Kelly's load lodged right at the corner of the house where Williams was. The two men leveled their guns at the same moment and fired, but as both were partially protected by covering, neither was struck. Just before Kelly replied a man at a window on the inside of the house in the act of firing a gun. Kelly leveled his rifle and fired first. The man doctored when he saw the movement on the part of Kelly, and Kelly's bullet crashed through the glass window without hitting the man.

After Williams had fired twice at Kelly from behind the cover of the house, he crawled up to the end of the porch and before Kelly located him Williams fired at him, but missed. Just as Williams was in the act of shooting again Kelly fired, the man striking Williams in the left side, and he fell to the ground. As he was falling he attempted to shoot at Kelly again, but the load went up in the air. He had fired five times at Kelly, four during the fusillade. The Garrisons, perhaps, also fired several shots. John and Punch Williams did no shooting. Williams and Kelly were about thirty-five yards apart when shooting at each other.

When old man Williams fell to the ground hostilities ceased. His sons, John M. and Punch, came forward and gave themselves up. The officers handcuffed them and then departed with their prisoners from the scene to Macon.

They did not bring Lucius Williams with them as he was too badly shot.



ing a personal difficulty this morning in the United States court building, opposite the marshal's office. Mr. McLean took exception to something Mr. McLean said against the Dodge claims. Some words passed between them, but parties interfered before the two men came together.

**Anti-Slavery Convention.**  
The middle Georgia anti-slavery convention convened this morning in the annex of Mulberry street Methodist church, with delegates from thirty counties contiguous to Bibb. Hon. C. R. Pringle, of Sandersville, president of the State Prohibition Association, presided. The programme as arranged for today's session was as follows:

Song—"All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name"; prayer, enrollment of delegates, appointment of committees, introduction of resolutions, call of five counties for local reports, five minutes each.

The following resolutions were adopted: "Moral Suasion for the Man Who Drinks"—J. B. Thresher, Atlanta.

Call of five counties for local reports. "Legal Suasion for the Drunkard Maker"—Rev. J. B. McGee, Talbotton. This discussion will relate especially to the anti-barroom bill.

"Prison Suasion for the Statute Breaker"—Hon. O. H. B. Bloodworth, Forsyth.

The following was the programme for tonight's meeting at the Academy of Music:

Musical prayer, address of welcome to the convention—Rev. Alonzo Monk; response by Hon. C. R. Pringle, president of the convention; music, address by Hon. Frank J. Sibley.

**Grand Jury Presentments.**

The grand jury made their presentments today, and they furnish interesting reading. Colonel E. D. Huguenin was foreman of the jury and Mr. A. L. Wood secretary. That portion of the presentments which is calculated to arouse the most public interest, was a charge of neglect of duty on the part of the county commissioners. The presentments dwell at some length on the commissioners and, among other things, recite that the act of the legislature creating the board of county commissioners charges them with "the promotion of the health of the citizens of the county," and that they neglected by neglecting to drain the swamp.

The grand jury says: "This neglect of the county commissioners is emphasized by the fact that all advanced governments are now paying the strictest attention to sanitary matters."

"If the commissioners of Bibb county continue to neglect this duty we ask that they may be required to perform it by the authority of the judge of the superior court."

The commissioners were criticised for the bad and unhealthy condition of the courthouse, and the want of proper protection of the county records.

"We think that the commissioners fail to appreciate the public sentiment in regard to the expenditure of the county funds, in that the commissioners are opposed to any improvements, unless the funds are actually in hand to pay for the same, while the people want all the improvements made, and the county desires that bonds be issued to a reasonable amount to perfect such improvements."

Other salient features of the presentments are:

The tax collector's books for 1894 show the following amounts returned: Real and personal, \$17,250.63; poll, \$7,772; professional, \$1,320, making a total of \$26,342.63. There is a balance of \$1,112.35 for 1894 as compared with 1893.

The tax collector's books show that the amounts collected for 1894 to April 1, 1895, are as follows: Real and personal, \$16,523.42; poll, \$2,918; professional, \$1,130.

The tax collector's books show that of the total amount \$16,523.42 remains uncollected.

The total amount of taxable values of Bibb county is \$17,250.63. Of this amount the city of Macon returns \$15,323.42 and the balance of the county \$1,927.21.

Therefore, the city of Macon has paid by the city of Macon \$15,323.42 and by the balance of Bibb county \$1,927.21.

The books of the clerk of the county commissioners were found to be in the balance of the cash on hand ready to be turned over to the new county treasurer, C. C. Messinger, is \$25,000. A thorough and searching examination was made of this office and everything is exact and accounted for.

At the Roff home are 111 inmates, divided as follows: White females, 43; white males, 13; colored males, 25; colored females, 30.

There are 110 convicts on the county chain.

The total number of public schools is fifty-three and the pupils in attendance 6,601. The average attendance is 90 per cent. The whole system of the public schools of Bibb county for the year 1894-95. It is recommended that the old wooden structure in connection with the Gresham high school be replaced with a substantial brick building.

**\$40,000 for Schools.**  
The county commissioners met today and agreed to appropriate \$40,000 as the county's portion for the support of the public schools of Bibb county for the year 1895-96. The board of public education asked for \$50,000 for the scholastic term. Last year the appropriation was \$45,000. A vote of education desired \$50,000 for the next year on account of the increase of pupils, which will necessitate an increase of teachers, and also in order that the incidental fee of 50 cents that has formerly been charged each pupil may be discontinued.

The commissioners approved the \$25,000 bond of the new treasurer, Mr. C. B. Massenberg, and the books of the county treasurer were turned over to Mr. Massenberg.

**Macon's Assessment.**  
The city tax assessors rendered their report tonight to the mayor and council for the year 1895. The total taxable values are \$14,847.78, divided as follows: Real estate, \$3,853.87; personal property, \$5,220.97. This total is only \$15,775 less than last year, which is considered a good showing, as there has been such great shrinkage in value all over the country. It indicates that there has been much progress in Macon, despite the general hard times everywhere. The figures for 1895 show an increase of \$23,457 in personal property over last year, but a decrease in real estate of \$89,242. The assessors say there are fully \$1,000,000 worth of bonds in the city subject to taxation, but only about \$50,000 have been returned.

**What Is the Status?**  
Athens, Ga., May 21.—(Special.)—It is reported that the faculty has expelled four students. Chancellor Boggs will not affirm or deny the report. The students state that they have not been expelled.

**INTIMIDATED THE NEGROES.**  
White Longshoremen Prevent a Ship Being Loaded.  
New Orleans, May 21.—The British steamship Orion left Westwego yesterday afternoon and was towed down to Gretna, where it tied up at the Union Oil mills wharf. Here it remained all night unmolested. At daylight this morning, the hatches were opened preparatory to loading. It had been arranged that the negroes employed by the Union Oil Company should bring the meal from the mills and place it on the wharf near the ship's side, where the negroes from New Orleans would take it up and store it in the hold of the steamship. In this way, it was presumed, the negroes would not be harmed by the white men.

But these determined men had heard of this arrangement and immediately took steps to prevent the consummation of the plan to defeat them. Before 7 o'clock the negroes employed by the Oil Company were accosted by the white men and warned that if they placed the meal on the wharf they would be dealt with just the same as the negroes from the city. This was sufficient to cause these negroes to refuse to go to work, and all the talking that Superintendent Andrews, of the oil mill, could do had no effect.

**An Address by Bishop Galloway.**  
Birmingham, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—Bishop Galloway, of Jackson, Miss., tonight delivered an able address at the First Methodist church before the Epworth League's conference on the subject of the Epworth League and its mission. A large audience greeted him.

## AND DIE HE DID.

Nicholas Bolling, a Traveling Salesman, Cuts His Throat.

HE HAD BEEN DRINKING HARD

He Goes from Drink to Death—The Doctors Try to Save Him but He Thwarted Them.

Montgomery, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—Nicholas Bolling, traveling salesman for the Dittman Shoe Company, of St. Louis, committed suicide in a hotel here tonight by cutting his throat with a penknife. He was about twenty-eight years of age and was a member of one of the largest and most prominent families in the state. He had been on a spree for two weeks and was in the act of sobering up. Remorse and injured pride prompted him, it is believed, to the rash act. His room was adjoining the hotel office.

About 8 o'clock the clerk heard a gurgling sound come from his chamber and sent a bell boy in to investigate. He found Bolling lying on the bed in the act of stabbing himself in the neck with his penknife. The boy summoned assistance and the doctors were called. They arrived and they observed the suicide bury the blade in the other side of his throat. Physicians tried hard to stop the flow of blood but Bolling persisted in his determination and continued to throw his head back and disarrange the bandages. At 11 o'clock he was in the last agonies. He had \$100 cash and a handsome watch in his possession. Remorse is the only thing to which his death can be ascribed.

**Montgomery Goldbugs.**  
Montgomery, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—Governor Thomas G. Jones, who presided over the goldbug convention which was held here last week, announces the appointment of the following gentlemen as delegates to the Memphis convention on May 23:

M. B. Houghton, J. L. Hall, H. C. Thompson, Joseph Goetter, M. P. LeGrande, A. P. Tyson, Charles L. Matthews, A. M. Baldwin, W. F. Joseph, C. O. Lanier, W. H. Lawson, C. S. Anderson, Thomas H. Clark, Frank P. Glass, and E. Wolf.

Most of the gentlemen are prominent bank officials. The delegates will leave here at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon for Birmingham and will leave there for Memphis over the Kansas City railroad.

**A Knife in His Temple.**  
Jasper, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—A negro porter named George Johnston became involved in a quarrel here Saturday with another negro, and the latter negro drove the blade of a pocket knife up to the hit Johnston's right temple. Johnston walked to town, half a mile, with the knife sticking in his head, claiming that it did not hurt him at all. It required all of the strength that a strong man had to pull it out. As soon as the knife was withdrawn the negro became paralyzed in his entire right side and has been asleep ever since. It is not believed that he will die. The negro who cut him escaped.

**Speculating on the Southern's Action.**  
Montgomery, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—A Selma special says: "Superintendent J. N. Ross, of the Southern, is at Selma looking after the location of the new oil mills and other matters. This evening he and Mr. L. P. Patraimaster, who is leaving for Meridian, and will go to Birmingham over the Alabama Great Southern, the Southern's latest acquisition. Where are we at? Is what the Southern employees are asking each other. Since the acquisition of the Alabama Great Southern by the Southern, all sorts of rumors are in the air as to the arrangement of the fifth and sixth divisions. A rumor, and one which is thought to be correct, is that Superintendent Ross will have charge of the Alabama Great Southern from Chattanooga to Meridian and the Georgia Pacific from Meridian to Atlanta and that Superintendent Beaulieu will have under him the old Alabama, Georgia and Brunswick, and from Rome, Ga., to Meridian, and together with the Ochsden, Akron and Birmingham branches, territory formerly covered by three superintendents. In either case or in any event Selma has all to lose and nothing to gain."

**The Ninth District School.**  
Montgomery, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—The Agricultural experiment station for the ninth district was located yesterday at Blountsville, in Blount county. The commissioner of agriculture, governor and superintendent of education, as the law directs. The board of control is composed of the commissioner of agriculture, directors of the agricultural experiment station at Auburn and five farmers, who were appointed by the governor as follows: A. A. Field, T. M. Evans and J. H. Blount county; Ried, of Jefferson, and L. A. Morgan, of Perry. The school in the fourth, fifth and sixth districts are yet to be located.

**ROASTED TO DEATH.**  
Two Charred Bodies Found in the Ashes.  
Birmingham, Ala., May 21.—On Sunday morning, Gate City, a suburb, was visited by a fire in which two unknown men were roasted to death, the charred trunk of one and an arm and a skull of another being all that was left of them.

Two women are missing and it is thought that they were also in the ill-fated crowd. The identity of none of the unfortunate men has been revealed and possibly never will be, as it is not known exactly who was in the building at the time of the fire.

**SHOT HUSBAND AND WIFE.**  
The Woman Is Dead—No Arrest Has Been Made.  
Selma, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—News reached the city today of a terrible difficulty near Pleasant Hill Saturday. Joe Vaughan, a young white man, had foreclosed a mortgage and was driving home a hot case he had seized. He had to pass through a wagon gate and called to Caroline Weaver to open it. She said it was too heavy. Some words passed between them and he struck her over the head with a pistol and then shot her. The ball entered the right breast and passed entirely through the body. Bob Weaver, the husband, ran to them and as he did so was shot down. The woman died yesterday morning. The man will recover. No arrest has been made.

**Made Themselves at Home.**  
Selma, Ala., May 21.—(Special.)—Burglars entered the residence of Judge John W. Mabry in this city last night. They took a gold watch from the judge's clothing. It appears also that they sat down to a good meal in the dining room. So far there is no clew to the thieves.

**EAST TENNESSEE'S FARMERS.**  
They Indorse the Proposed Centennial Exposition.  
Knoxville, Tenn., May 21.—(Special.)—The twentieth annual session of the East Tennessee farmers' convention is in session here and the town is full of the tillers of the soil. The feature of the first day's session was the strong resolution favoring the Tennessee centennial. They will memorialize the legislature to appropriate \$200,000. They indorsed a resolution to have some exhibits of dairy products at the Atlanta exposition.

**Two Counterfeiters Caught.**  
Chattanooga, Tenn., May 21.—(Special.)—A United States deputy marshal today arrested David Allison and Charles Smedley on the charge of counterfeiting. They had \$15 in spurious coin of the denomination of 10¢ in their persons. Their place of operation was located. The officer thinks he has located the molds.

## GENERAL COGSWELL IS DEAD.

He Was Atlanta's First Provost Marshal—Was Here Recently.

Washington, May 21.—(Special.)—Representative Cogswell, of Massachusetts, died in Washington tonight after a lingering illness and his death was due to heart trouble.

William Cogswell, soldier and legislator, was born in Bradford, Mass., August 23, 1838. He attended Phillips academy, Andover, Mass., entered Dartmouth college in 1855 and soon afterwards left to go to sea before the mast. Returning some months later, he was graduated from the Dane law school of Harvard in 1860. He entered the federal army in 1861, served until July, 1865, and was successively captain, lieutenant colonel and colonel of the Second Massachusetts infantry. He has been brigadier general in 1864, and during the closing operations of the war was assigned to special duty in the command of the third brigade in the second division, twenty-first army corps. He served in the Shenandoah valley under Banks, in Virginia under Pope and finally under Sherman and Thomas in the march through Georgia and the Carolinas, being mustered out July 25th, 1865.

After the war he resumed the practice of law in Salem, Mass., and for five years was mayor of that city. He was five times elected a member of the Massachusetts house of representatives, and in 1885 became a member of the state senate, where he served with great credit for one year. In 1886 he was chosen to represent the seventh Massachusetts district in the fifty-third congress and was re-elected to the fifty-first, fifty-second and fifty-third congresses. In the fifth congress he served on the committee on rivers and harbors, in the fifty-first on the committee on appropriations, in the fifty-second on those on appropriations, district of Columbia and the Columbian exposition. General Cogswell has been a member of post thirty-four, Salem Grand Army of the Republic, since its organization and served one year as department commander of Massachusetts.

Probably no member of the Massachusetts delegation in congress was more widely and generally known in Atlanta and better liked than General Cogswell. He was a man of broad, liberal views and those views came to the good of Atlanta in the days when the few people left in Atlanta needed friends.

It was with Sherman on his march to the sea that General Cogswell first visited Atlanta, and after the city was in the hands of the federal troops he was made postmaster of the city. He was the first of the old battlefields fields on which he fought during the war when he was trying to enter the Gate City of the South.

A few weeks ago he was in the city with his wife and was a guest at the Arlington, where he was visited by the people of Atlanta who had reason to remember him. He was not much improved after reaching Atlanta and when he returned to Washington he continued to grow weaker and continued to decline until the end came last night. While he was in Atlanta General Cogswell was dined by some old friends and was driven over the city. He visited some of the old battlefields fields on which he fought during the war when he was trying to enter the Gate City of the South.

**MESSAGE FROM THE NORTH**  
Read to the Southern Presbyterians at Dallas.  
Dallas, Tex., May 21.—The assembly met at 10 o'clock a. m. After the usual preliminary exercises, the assembly in session at Pittsburgh, Pa., cordially reciprocates your fraternal greeting and invokes upon you in all your work the blessing of the triune God. See Ephesians, 4th chapter, verses 4, 5 and 6. R. B. BOOTH, Moderator.

"W. H. ROBERTS, Stated Clerk."  
The committee on bills and overtures reported, declining to appoint an ad interim committee on the relationship of unofficial persons to public teachers. The report was adopted.

Several other overtures were declined, among them one from Lexington presbytery as to a new office to be called "catechist."

Overtures on the licensure of candidates for the ministry was docketed. The committee on home missions recommended the formation of an endowment for the invalid fund of \$100,000. After considerable debate this was adopted.

The committee on colored evangelistic work recommended that a proposition be submitted to synods and presbyteries to organize an independent colored Presbyterian church at once and that a collection be ordered for the month of August to test the feeling of the church. From \$1,000 to \$1,500 is needed.

There was a sharp debate on this question, during which Governor Hoge, Tyler, of Virginia, appealed from the moderator's decision on a point of order, but withdrew the appeal when he more clearly understood the question. This proposition was adopted. There was a minority report by Rev. J. M. Coleman, the colored member of the committee, on one point of the report referring to a school in Abbeville, S. C. He favored the purchase of the school and supported his report by a witty speech. General Hundley, of Virginia, spoke warmly in favor of Coleman's report, which was adopted in a modified form. The assembly then took recess until 3 p. m. At 4 p. m. there was a reception at the house of J. D. Faddock.

There was a rousing meeting in the interest of home missions tonight. Dr. Peyton H. Hoge presided and addresses were made by Rev. Robert H. Hall, D.D., general superintendent of home missions in Texas, by Ruling Elder Coffin, of Arkansas; Rev. E. Brantley, of New Mexico; Rev. J. N. Craig, D.D., secretary of home missions; Rev. Charles E. Hotchkiss, a missionary to the Choctaw Indians in the Indian Territory and Ruling Elder Sam Dyer, a full-blood Choctaw and spoke in his own language. The speeches of the evening were by the two ruling elders.

The commission on the case of Dr. Greer is still considering his case and will soon render its decision.

It is expected that the question of a successor to Dr. Craig will be decided by the assembly which will come up tomorrow morning.

**The Fenibles Are Coming.**  
Memphis, Tenn., May 21.—(Special.)—The Fort McPherson troops left tonight on a special car for Memphis. The Washington "Times" will stop over in Atlanta.

## SAVED BY A TELEGRAPH KEY.

A Lady Operator Has a Narrow Escape This Morning.

A desperate negro, a frail, frightened woman all alone in the watch tower on the Central railroad in front of Colonel G. W. Adair's residence in the seventh ward, and a Central switch engine figured in a sensational story this morning about 3 o'clock.

But for the telegraph key which the young lady knew so well how to manipulate the story might have had a decidedly tragic ending.

In front of Colonel Adair's residence in the seventh ward, once West End, and along the Central and West Point road tracks is a high small building used as a signal station for trains on the two roads. In the very top of the building, which is not more than twelve feet square, is a telegraph key and an operator who is high enough up to see the approaching trains from either direction. The operator in charge at night is a young lady and when she enters the small but high building for the night she locks the doors securely, and then ascends the stair to her place of work. There she passes the night watching the moving trains and sending over the wires the runs that are made by the point and the schedules in command at the time the run was made. Her night's work is a busy one and the rushing trains, with the light of the city in the distance and an occasional sally with some operator on the line make the night pass off well enough.

About 3 o'clock this morning the young lady thought she detected an unusual sound in the lower part of the building and from a point where she could see well discovered a burly negro cutting a pane of glass from one of the windows below and trying to enter the place. Once inside there would have been nothing between the defenseless lady and the negro fiend except the stairway. Frightened but quite coolly the young lady watched the negro work as she opened the key and called for Mitchell street crossing in Atlanta. The call was answered and then the young lady told what was going on and asked for help. Inside of three minutes a switch engine without right of way, or orders, but carrying a half dozen men, was speeding towards the brave but defenseless lady's rescue. The engine rolled up and just as it did two officers of the police department came up. The negro heard the approaching engine and fearing detection extricated himself from the hole through which he was working his way and made good his escape.

The young lady, thought escaping so narrowly, declined to leave her post and finished the night's work.

**NEXT YEAR AT BIRMINGHAM**  
The Cumberland Presbyterians Will Hold Their Meeting.

Meridian, Miss., May 21.—The devotional exercises of the morning's session of the general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church were conducted by W. F. Silvis, D.D., of Lebanon, Tenn.

The judiciary committee reported on the Waco, Tex., case, which involves the right of an invited moderator to cast a deciding vote in case of a tie in the votes of a body over which he was called to preside. The committee's report sustained the action of the Waco presbytery and Texas synod, which decided in the affirmative. This report caused considerable discussion, and before it was finally disposed of was side-tracked by a standing order.

The case of Mrs. Wooley, the woman preacher, was again before the assembly. The judiciary committee submitted a report adverse to the reopening of the case, but it seems that the innovation introduced into the Cumberland Presbyterian church by the commission of this lady to preach will be a bone of contention until it is finally disposed of.

The report of the committee on the Christian Endeavor work shows that there are 600 societies and 20,000 members in the denomination, and that through this means a \$100,000 church is being built at Portland, Ore.

The committee on overtures reported adversely on the overture requesting a specific rule against dancing, card playing and theater-going, declaring that rule 3 of the Specialized code forbids such amusements.

The first business of the afternoon session was the selection of the place for the next meeting of the assembly and much interest was taken by the delegates in the selection.

Rev. W. R. Grafton placed in nomination the city of Birmingham, Ala., and on motion Rev. R. D. Wear, pastor of the church at that place, was invited to speak in favor of his church.

Rev. C. B. Welborn placed in nomination Martinsville, Ind., and addressed the assembly in favor of that place.

The assembly by a vote of 84 to 71, chose Chicago, Ill., as the place for the next meeting of the assembly and much interest was taken by the delegates in the selection.

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## This is Children's Week.

We have just opened up and put on sale about 2,500 pairs of Children's Fancy



SLIPPERS AND OXFORDS

At 25 per cent less than regular value.

Dongolas, Tans and Patent Leathers.

WHITE SLIPPERS for Commencement for Children, Misses and Young Ladies. Prices lowest.

**Duck**  
Foot Coverers to all Mankind  
BROS. & CO.

27 WHITEHALL STREET.

## Watch Us

We are supplying the people with clothing at prices away under all competition.

Our retail department, 30 and 32 Decatur St., still continues to attract all economical buyers.

The values we offer in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing is something phenomenal.

Remember we manufacture our goods and every one buying from us saves the retailer's profit.

Call on us and you will be convinced that our prices means a big saving to you—an item that will enable you to start a deposit in a savings bank.

For this week we offer the greatest bargains on record.

Honest Goods==

Well Made==

Perfect Fitting==

We still maintain the high standard of our jobbing department and will have salesmen to call on the trade as usual, offering exceptional inducements for fall business.

**BATES, KINGSBERRY & CO.**

Factory: 79 and 81 Spring St. New York City.

Retail Department: 32 Decatur Street, Atlanta.

Manufacturers of Clothing, 30 Decatur Street, ATLANTA.

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Montgomery, Ala., May 21.—(Special).—The Agricultural school and experimental station for the ninth district was located yesterday at Blount county, in Blount county. It is recommended that the old wooden structure in connection with the Gresham high school be replaced with a substantial brick building.

**\$40,000 for Schools.**  
The county commissioners met today and agreed to appropriate \$40,000 as the county's portion for the support of the public schools of Blount county. The board of public education asked for \$50,000 for the scholastic term. Last year the appropriation was \$30,000. The board of education desired \$50,000 for the next year on account of the increase of pupils, which will necessitate an increase of teachers, and also in order that the incidental fee of 50 cents that has formerly been charged each pupil may be discontinued. The commissioners approved the \$50,000 bond of the new treasurer, Mr. C. B. Massenburg, and the books and money in possession of the ex-officio treasurer were turned over to Mr. Massenburg.

**Macon's Assessment.**  
The city tax assessors rendered their report tonight to the mayor and council for the year 1895. The total taxable values are \$14,294,788, divided as follows: Real estate, \$3,835,387; personal property, \$5,259,391. This total is only \$195,785 less than last year, which is considered a good showing, as there has been great shrinkage in values all over the country. It indicates that there has been much progress in Macon, despite the general hard times everywhere. The figures for 1895 show an increase of \$233,457 in personal property over last year, but a decrease in real estate of \$48,242. The assessors say there are fully \$1,000,000 worth of bonds in the city subject to taxation, but only about \$50,000 have been returned.

**What Is the Status?**  
Athens, Ga., May 21.—(Special).—It is reported that the faculty has expelled four students, Chancellor Boggs will not affirm or deny the report. The students state that they have not been expelled.

**INTIMIDATED THE NEGROES.**  
**White Longshoremen Prevent a Ship Being Loaded.**  
New Orleans, May 21.—The British steamship Orion left Westwego yesterday afternoon and immediately took steps to prevent the consumption of the plan to defeat them. Before 7 o'clock the negroes employed by the Oil Company were accosted by the white men and warned that if they placed the meal on the wharf they would be dealt with as the same as the negroes from the city. This was sufficient to cause these negroes to refuse to go to work and all the time that Superintendent Andrews, of the oil mill, could do had no effect.

**An Address by Bishop Galloway.**  
Birmingham, Ala., May 21.—(Special).—Bishop Galloway, of the Episcopal Church, tonight delivered an able address at the First Methodist church before the Epworth League's conference on the subject of the Epworth League and its mission. A large audience greeted him.

# GENERAL COGSWELL IS DEAD.

He Was Atlanta's First Provost Marshal—Was Here Recently.

Washington, May 21.—(Special).—Representative Cogswell, of Massachusetts, died in Washington tonight after a lingering illness and his death was due to heart trouble.

William Cogswell, soldier and legislator, was born in Bradford, Mass., August 23, 1838. He attended Phillips academy, Andover, Mass., entered Dartmouth college in 1855 and soon afterwards left to go to sea before the mast. Returning some months later, he was graduated from the Dane law school of Harvard in 1860. He entered the federal army in 1861, served until July,



GENERAL COGSWELL.

1865, and was successively captain, lieutenant colonel and colonel of the Second Massachusetts Infantry. He has been brigadier general in 1864, and during the closing operations of the war was assigned by special order to the command of the third brigade in the second division, twentieth army corps. He served in the Shenandoah valley under Banks, in Virginia under Pope and finally under Sherman and Thomas in the march through Georgia and the Carolinas, being mustered out July 23, 1865.

After the war he resumed the practice of law in Salem, Mass., and for five years was mayor of that city. He was five times elected a member of the Massachusetts house of representatives, and in 1885 became a member of the state senate, where he served with great credit for one year. In 1886 he was chosen to represent the seventh Massachusetts district in the fifty-first, fifty-second and fifty-third congresses. In the fifty-third congress he served on the committee on rivers and harbors, in the fifty-first on the committee on appropriations, in the fifty-second on those on appropriating, District of Columbia and the Columbian exposition. General Cogswell has been a member of post thirty-four, Salem Grand Army of the Republic, since its organization and served one year as department commander of Massachusetts and the Carolinas, being mustered out July 23, 1865.

Probably no member of the Massachusetts delegation in congress was more widely and generally known in Atlanta and better liked than General Cogswell. He was a man of broad, liberal views and those views came to the good of Atlanta in the days when the few people left in the city needed friends. It was with Sherman on his march to the sea that General Cogswell first visited Atlanta, and after the city was in the hands of the federal troops he was made provost marshal, the first one of the three in Atlanta.

A few weeks ago he was in the city with his wife and was a guest at the Aragon, where he was visited by the people of Atlanta who had reason to remember him. The general was then in all health and was on his way back to Washington, after having passed the winter with his wife in Jamaica, where he went in search of health. He was not much improved after reaching Atlanta and when he returned to Washington he continued to grow worse and continued to decline until the end came last night. While he was in Atlanta General Cogswell was dined by some old friends and was driven over the city. He visited some of the old battlefields, fields on which he fought during the war when he was trying to enter the Gate City of the South.

# MESSAGE FROM THE NORTH

Read to the Southern Presbyterians at Dallas.

Dallas, Tex., May 21.—The assembly met at 9 o'clock a. m. After the usual preliminary exercises, the reading of the message from the northern general assembly was made. "Pittsburg, Pa., May 20.—To the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, in Session at Dallas, Tex. The general assembly in session at Pittsburg, Pa., cordially reciprocates your fraternal greeting and invokes upon you in all your work the blessing of the triune God. See Ephesians, 4th chapter, verses 4, 5 and 6. R. R. BOOTH, Moderator. W. H. ROBERTS, Stated Clerk."

The committee on bills and overtures reported, declining to appoint an ad interim committee on the relationship of unofficial persons to public teachers. The report was adopted.

Several other overtures were declined, among them one from Lexington presbytery as to a new office to be called "catechist."

Overtures on the licensure of candidates for the ministry was docketed. The committee on home missions recommended the formation of an endowment for the invalid fund of \$100,000. After considerable debate this was adopted.

The committee on colored evangelistic work recommended that a proposition be submitted to synods and presbyteries to organize an independent colored Presbyterian church at once and that a collection be ordered for the month of August to test the feeling of the church. From \$1,000 to \$1,500 is needed.

There was a sharp debate on this question, during which Governor Hoge Tyler, of Virginia, appealed from the moderator's decision to a point of order, but withdrew the appeal when he more clearly understood the question. This proposition was adopted. There was a minority report by Rev. J. M. Coleman, the colored member of the committee, on one point of the report referring to a school in Abbeville, S. C. He favored the purchase of the school and supported his report by a witty speech. General Humfrey, of Virginia, spoke warmly in favor of Coleman's report, which was adopted in a modified form. The assembly then took recess until 3 p. m. At 4 p. m. there was a reception at the house of J. D. Faddock.

There was a rousing meeting in the interior of home missions tonight. Dr. Peyton H. Hoge presided and addresses were made by Rev. Robert H. Hall, D.D., general superintendent of home missions in Texas, by Ruling Elder Coffin, of Arkansas; Rev. E. Brantley, of New Mexico; Rev. J. N. Craig, D.D., secretary of home missions; Rev. Charles L. McKim, a missionary to the Choctaw Indians in the Indian Territory and Ruling Elder Sam Dyer, a full-blooded Choctaw and spoke in his own language. The speeches of the evening were by the two ruling elders. A large collection was taken up for the new work in the state of New Mexico. The commission on the case of Dr. Greer is still considering his case and will soon render its decision.

It is expected that the question of a successor to Dr. Craig as secretary of home missions will come up tomorrow morning.

**The Fenelices Are Coming.**  
Memphis, Tenn., May 21.—(Special).—The Fort McPherson troops left tonight on a special car for Atlanta. The Washington "Sentinel" will stop over in Atlanta.

# SAVED BY A TELEGRAPH KEY.

A Lady Operator Has a Narrow Escape This Morning.

A desperate negro, a frail, frightened woman all alone in the watch tower on the Central railroad in front of Colonel G. W. Adair's residence in the seventh ward, and a Central switch engine figured in a sensational story this morning about 3 o'clock.

But for the telegraph key which the young lady knew so well how to manipulate the story might have had a decidedly tragic ending.

In front of Colonel Adair's residence in the seventh ward, once West End, and along the Central and West Point road tracks is a high small building used as a signal station for trains on the two roads. In the very top of the building, which is not more than twelve feet square, is a telegraph key and an operator who is high enough up to see the approaching trains from either direction. The operator in charge at night is a young lady and when she enters the small but high building for the night she locks the doors securely, and then ascends the stair to her place of work. There she passes the night watching the moving trains and sending over the wires the runs that are made by the point and the schedules in command at the time the run was made. Her night's work is a busy one and the rushing trains, with the light of the city in the distance and an occasional sally with some operator on the line make the night pass off well enough.

About 3 o'clock this morning the young lady thought she detected an unusual sound in the lower part of the building and from a point where she could see well discovered a burly negro cutting a pane of glass from one of the windows below and trying to enter the place. Once inside there would have been nothing between the defenseless lady and the negro fiend except the stairway. Frightened but quite coolly the young lady watched the negro work as she opened the key and called for Mitchell street crossing in Atlanta. The call was answered and then the young lady told what was going on and asked for help. Inside of three minutes a switch engine without right of way, or orders, but carrying a half dozen men, was speeding towards the brave but defenseless lady's rescue. The engine rolled up and just as it did two officers of the police department came up. The negro heard the approaching engine and fearing detection extricated himself from the hole through which he was working his way and made good his escape.

The young lady, thought escaping so narrowly, declined to leave her post and finished the night's work.

# NEXT YEAR AT BIRMINGHAM

The Cumberland Presbyterians Will Hold Their Meeting.

Meridian, Miss., May 21.—The devotional exercises of the morning's session of the general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church were conducted by W. F. Silvis, D.D., of Lebanon, Tenn.

The judiciary committee reported on the Waco, Tex., case, which involves the right of an invited moderator to cast a deciding vote in case of a tie in the votes of a body over which he was called to preside. The committee's report sustained the action of the Waco presbytery and Texas synod, which decided in the affirmative. This report caused considerable discussion, and before it was finally disposed of was obstructed by a standing order.

The report of the committee on the Christian Endeavor work shows that there are 600 societies and 20,000 members in the denomination, and that through this means a \$100,000 mission church is being built at Portland, Ore.

The committee on overtures reported adversely on the overture requesting a specific rule against dancing, card playing and theater-going, declaring that 3 of the disciplinary forbids such amusements.

The first business of the afternoon session was the selection of the place for the next meeting of the assembly and much interest was taken by the delegates in the selection.

Rev. W. R. Grafton placed in nomination the city of Birmingham, Ala., and an motion Rev. R. D. Wear, pastor of the church at that place, was invited to speak in favor of his church.

Rev. C. B. Welborn placed in nomination Marshallville, Ind., and addressed the assembly in favor of that place.

The assembly by a vote of 84 to 77, then Dixon C. Williams, of Chicago, presented the report of the committee on publication, which was adopted, item by item, after much discussion, the greatest controversy arising over the valuation placed on the assets of the publishing house, which was determined by ballot to be too high.

The report of the committee on deceased ministers names about sixty preachers who have passed over the river, among them being Hon. John Frazier, of Nashville, who, though an elder, was once a stated clerk and afterward moderator of the general assembly.

The assembly has been hard at work today, both through committees and in open session, with the view of closing the meeting tomorrow night, but there is yet a deal of business that requires attention. It is hardly probable that the assembly can adjourn before Thursday.

Dr. Matthews, of England, secretary of the Cumberland alliance, addressed the assembly tonight.

# WITHDRAWING FROM FORMOSA.

Chinese Decree Recalling All the Officials.

London, May 21.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a dispatch from Peking stating that an imperial decree has been issued recalling from Formosa the governor and all of the other Chinese officials, civil and military.

# TAYLOR DID NOT WRITE.

Because the Judge Said He Would Read the Names Alone.

London, May 21.—The trial of Alfred Taylor was resumed in Old Bailey this morning. Taylor was called to the stand and he repeated the statements made in the witness box at his previous trial. In reply to the question in regard to visitors at his rooms, Taylor asked to be allowed to write their names. The judge said: "If the names are written I will read them. I do not approve of mystery."

Taylor did not write the names but mentioned a few which have already been connected with the case. No notable names were among them.

He denied that he had gone through a marriage ceremony with a man named Mason. After the libel trial of Wilde against Lord Queensberry, Taylor's solicitor, he said, had asked him to make a statement against Wilde but this he had refused. He admitted he had written a letter to the man named Mason, signing himself "with love."

The evidence concluded with Taylor's testimony and counsel began to address

# This is Children's Week.

We have just opened up and put on sale about 2,500 pairs of Children's Fancy



# SLIPPERS AND OXFORDS

At 25 per cent less than regular value.

Dongolas, Tans and Patent Leathers.

WHITE SLIPPERS for Commencement for Children, Misses and Young Ladies. Prices lowest.



27 WHITEHALL STREET.

# Watch Us

We are supplying the people with clothing at prices away under all competition.

Our retail department, 30 and 32 Decatur St., still continues to attract all economical buyers.

The values we offer in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing is something phenomenal.

Remember we manufacture our goods and every one buying from us saves the retailer's profit.

Call on us and you will be convinced that our prices means a big saving to you—an item that will enable you to start a deposit in a savings bank.

For this week we offer the greatest bargains on record.

# Honest Goods==

# Well Made==

# Perfect Fitting==

We still maintain the high standard of our jobbing department and will have salesmen to call on the trade as usual, offering exceptional inducements for fall business.

**BATES, KINGSBERRY & CO.**

Manufacturers of Clothing, ATLANTA.

Factory: 70 and 81 Spring St. New York City. Retail Department: 32 Decatur Street, Atlanta.

**CAMPAS ASKS FOR MORE TROOPS.**  
**Cuban Insurrection Making Rapid Progress—Several Battles.**  
Santiago de Cuba, May 9, via Key West Fla., May 21.—(From the Staff Correspondent of the United Press.)—The night attack on Cristo, San Luis, and cutting the trestle on the Sonja branch on May 7th, was intended to draw attention from the movement of Gomez and Marti toward Puerto Principe.

In the Cristo fight the troops resisted repeated assaults on the barracks and the pot. Several were killed on both sides. The train of troops was saved by the pilot engine, which was derailed. One soldier was shot dead and four were wounded, and also a captain.

In an attack on Caney the troops were shaken by a violent earthquake yesterday evening. The railway station was partly destroyed and crevices were made in the walls of many of the houses and in a portion of the walls of the prison. The inhabitants were panic-stricken, and even after the first excitement had subsided were afraid to return to their homes, and passed the night in the streets. Vehicles were sent today from Ferni, ten miles from Spolet, to bring away the families of the railway employees in the latter place. The shock was felt in Terni and Gaglioli, but no damage was done in either town.

**ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.**  
**This Time at Spolet, Sixty Miles from Rome.**  
Rome, May 21.—The town of Spolet, about sixty miles from this city, was shaken by a violent earthquake yesterday evening. The railway station was partly destroyed and crevices were made in the walls of many of the houses and in a portion of the walls of the prison. The inhabitants were panic-stricken, and even after the first excitement had subsided were afraid to return to their homes, and passed the night in the streets. Vehicles were sent today from Ferni, ten miles from Spolet, to bring away the families of the railway employees in the latter place. The shock was felt in Terni and Gaglioli, but no damage was done in either town.

—Emma Brown, a small white girl whose parents reside on Henry street, was severely hurt yesterday afternoon by being thrown from a buggy in which she was riding along East Fair street. One of her ankles was dislocated, and she was otherwise hurt. Dr. Warren was called, and after attending the injuries saw the child safely removed to her home.







## UNDER THE HAMMER

The Sale of the Atlanta Traction Lines

Yesterday.

\$176,000 WAS REALIZED THEREFROM

The Property Divided Into Three Distinct Purchases.

THE BONDHOLDERS TAKE A HAND

The Lines to the Barracks and Grant Park Brought \$150,000—The Decatur and East Lake \$26,000.

The property of the Atlanta Traction Company was put upon the market yesterday at noon.

Mr. Luther Z. Rosser, as the commissioner appointed by the United States court, conducted the sale.

The proceeds arising from the sale of the property amounted to \$176,000.

The property that fell under the commissioner's hammer yesterday at noon included the following lines: The line beginning at the intersection of Church and Forsyth streets and running to the barracks; the branch line running from the intersection of Richardson and Windsor streets and running to Grant park; the line running from Church street to Decatur, and the branch line running to East Lake.

The Decatur line was formerly operated by the Atlanta City Railway Company and the East Lake branch has been covered for a long time by a mortgage executed to Mr. Hugh Inman. The petition of the Baltimore Trust and Guaranty Company asking for a foreclosure of the mortgage held by them against the property and for a sale of the property was filed in the United States court several months ago.

The property was first advertised to be sold on the first Tuesday in this month. Instead of this, however, it was postponed until yesterday.

Yesterday's Sale.

The sale of that portion of the property lying in Fulton county took place at the corner of Church and Forsyth streets.

This is the point at which the original line of the Traction company terminated. It is also the point from which the old Atlanta City line started. The sale commenced promptly at 12 o'clock.

Among those who were recognized in the crowd were the following well-known citizens: H. T. Inman, Aaron Haas, J. J. Spaulding, W. C. Hale, Dr. J. F. Alexander, E. B. Rosser, Ernest Woodruff, John T. Glenn, A. J. Orme and others. In addition to these Messrs. R. D. Fisher, W. C. Shaw and Henry Hilkins, representing the bondholders, were also on hand.

Under the provisions of Judge Newman's decree it was necessary for every bidder to deposit a check for \$5,000 before his bid could be entertained.

"Any person bidding at the sale, except such persons as may bid separately upon the property covered by the mortgage to H. T. Inman, shall, before any such bid shall be received, deposit with the commissioner conducting said sale either cash or a certified check to the amount of \$5,000 as a guarantee for the compliance with any bid of such person as may be accepted, and upon failure of such person to comply with any such bid said amount shall be forfeited and turned over to the receivers to be disposed of in accordance with the further order of the court."

The original lines of the Traction company were put upon the market first. These connect with Grant park and the barracks. They were sold to a committee representing the bondholders for \$150,000.

This committee consisted of the following gentlemen: Messrs. R. D. Fisher, W. C. Shaw and Henry Hilkins, of Baltimore, Md.

The Atlanta City line, running to Decatur, was sold to Colonel W. S. Thomson as trustee for \$20,000.

The East Lake branch was not sold with the other property. The line is beyond the county limits, the entire length of it being in DeKalb county, and for this reason it was necessary for the sale to be held at Kalb. It accordingly took place at the junction of the Decatur and East Lake line.

The property was sold for \$5,000 to Mr. Hugh T. Inman.

The sale occurred immediately after that of the other property.

BRADY IN THE SHERIFF'S HANDS.

Despite the Fight That Was Made He Goes Back.

Henry Brady, of Atlanta, the son of Mr. T. B. Brady, the stable man, is figuring in a great sensation in Kansas and Oklahoma, the first chapters of which have been printed in The Constitution.

The father of the young man left night before last for Emporia, Kan., where the first chapter in the affair occurred, but yesterday brought developments of an extremely sensational nature.

Last Saturday night telegrams were received in Atlanta saying that young Brady had been arrested at Emporia for attempting to elope with a young lady. Later his release on a habeas corpus was announced. It seems that he was turned loose by the judge and the demand of the sheriff from a county in Oklahoma was refused.

While the young man was standing on the street corner the two Oklahoma officers approached him, pushed him into a hack and drove away with him at a furious rate of speed. An exciting chase followed, but the Oklahoma officers succeeded in getting away with the young man.

The affair caused great excitement. Mr. T. B. Brady, father of the young man, was telegraphed day before yesterday to come to Emporia at once and left night before last at 11 o'clock for that place. He will arrive some time today. He is very indignant over the treatment his son has received and says he will prosecute the men who kidnaped him to the bitter end.

Henry Brady is widely known in Atlanta. He has lived here all his life and was here until a few months ago, when he decided to try the west. The announcement of his arrest at Emporia was received with great surprise here.

Developments in the case will be watched

with great interest in Atlanta. Here is the story sent from Emporia:

Told from Emporia.

"Emporia, Kan., May 21.—(Special).—The Brady alleged elopement has developed into an extremely sensational kidnapping case. Last night Judge Randolph, on a hearing of the habeas corpus case, released Brady, the young Georgian who was accused of eloping with the niece of a prominent Oklahoma attorney, and issued an order to Sheriff Evans and deputies of the county forbidding them to arrest him on any of the charges considered in the habeas corpus case. But a few moments after his release, while near a corner of the most prominent street in this city he was suddenly grabbed by the arm by Dan Dryer, a member of the city police, and hustled into a cab standing near by, where Sheriff Joseph Smith, of Greenwood county, received him, placed him on his hands and knees, and ordered him to 'drive like hell,' and in a few minutes they were out of sight. Hon. John Madden, Brady's lawyer, was at once notified. He reported the matter to Judge Randolph, who ordered Sheriff Evans and deputy to pursue and bring back the outlawed party if he could within the limits of Lyon county. A pursuit was made and an exciting chase, but without avail, as the kidnappers fled with swift horses, and overtook Sheriff Smith took Brady to Greenwood county, where he turned him over to the Oklahoma authorities, who departed immediately with him.

"Great indignation was aroused among the citizens here, and for a time it looked as if a mob might start in pursuit to Greenwood county, but the idea was given up because thought to be impracticable.

"T. B. Brady, H. P. Brady's father, was telegraphed last night to come immediately and he will arrive here tomorrow. He and his son's counsel will then go to Oklahoma and have Brady, Jr., released on a writ of habeas corpus, after which the father will return to this city and fight the battle again. The attorney claims that he will have no trouble in procuring the young man's release in the Oklahoma courts in view of the clause in the federal constitution which says that the records of the courts of one state shall be honored by the courts of other states. The record of Brady's release in the Lyon county district court will insure his release in the Oklahoma courts. T. B. Brady is very indignant over his son's illegal imprisonment and in a letter to the attorney he states he will spend every cent of his money to get his son back, and that every person who is in any way implicated in depriving his son Henry of his liberty."

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Professor W. B. Bonnell, who for several years was in charge of the grammar schools of Atlanta, and who has for the past ten years held a professorship in the Anglo-Chinese college at Shanghai, China, spent several hours in Atlanta yesterday. Professor Bonnell was on his way to Greensboro, where he goes to attend the sessions of the woman's mission board of the Methodist Episcopal church, south.

For ten and a half years, said Professor Bonnell, "I have been in China. Do I like the work? Well, it has its pleasures and its drawbacks. I have been very pleasantly situated, as there are a number of Georgians over there. Dr. Yong J. Allen, as you know, president of the institution. With him is Rev. G. R. Locher, formerly of Elberton, and Miss Susan and Miss Haygood have been there."

"The result will be to open up China and to develop the wonderful resources of that country, for it has resources that will prove truly wonderful. The eyes of China have been opened and the foreign world has been more considered in the future than he has had in the past. With the exception of the telegraph, modern appliances and modern methods have had a hard time of it getting a foothold."

"Do they come to your colleges?"

"With us the majority of our pupils are Cantonese. They come for the purpose of learning English for use in their commercial life. The Cantonese are the most enterprising of the Chinese, the thrifty and the best business men. They are alive to the value of English from a commercial standpoint. Some of them become imbued with the desire for higher education, but more parents of the boys are anxious to have them get into business as early as possible."

The climate of Shanghai, says Professor Bonnell, is not as agreeable as that of Georgia. It is hotter in summer and colder in winter—this on account of the humidity. The English, of course, predominate in the foreign contingent, with the Germans second. There are a good many Portuguese and not many Americans.

"Do the foreigners intermarry with the Chinese?" I asked.

"Not much. There are a few genuine marriages, but they are rare. There is one thing noticeable in China, and that is the literary men are neglected. They are the men who hold the offices. The high places in the army and navy are filled by men who know more of Chinese literature than of warfare. The Japanese victory has had little effect on this, as in many other respects, however."

Mr. James M. Spence, after an absence of about four years, has returned to Atlanta and will re-enter the commission business with his brother, Mr. Marlon W. Spence. "Jim" Spence, as he is popularly known on the street, comes from the Pacific northwest where he has been in the newspaper business as a member of the staff of The Pendleton, Ore., Daily Tribune.

That paper says of his departure: "James M. Spence, for several months a member of The Tribune staff, has left for Atlanta, Ga., via St. Paul and Chicago. Mr. Spence goes to his old home, which he has not visited for four years, to engage in business with his brother. He has many friends in Pendleton who wish him success in whatever he undertakes, and world fame may design his pathway. He is a true southerner and the boys all like him."

Mr. Spence is known as one of the best salesmen who has ever been in Atlanta. He will be with his brother as a partner in the commission and brokerage business.

Mr. E. E. Roberts, of the editorial staff of The Florida Citizen, passed through the city yesterday on his way from Jacksonville to Fern, Ind., where his father is quite ill. Mr. Roberts is a young man who has won his spurs in journalism. He is well-known in Chicago, New York and Washington, in each of which places he has been a member of the newspaper "gang," and since going to Florida he has made an enviable reputation there. Personally he is an attractive fellow, a thoroughly live newspaper man and a cultured gentleman.

TWO LIVELY CONTESTS.

Professor Daly's School the Scene of Two Hard Bouts.

A small but appreciative crowd turned out last night to witness Professor Dan Daly's exhibition at his academy of physical culture on Marietta street. The opening bout was between Robert Greer, a local heavy weight, and Joe Daly, in a contest of four rounds for points. The first round was marked by some lively work, the amateur showing up very cleverly, and emphasizing the fact that he was a hard hitter. Towards the close, however, lack of condition began to tell and Daly had things all his own way.

Billy McManus did not put in appearance and luckily Willy Evans, the colored welterweight, happened to be in town and volunteered to fill his place and go against Larry McDonald. It was a ten-round contest and was marked throughout with much lively work by both men. Their styles are entirely different and as things went Evans outpointed his opponent, although in the seventh round McDonald gave the spectators a taste of his metal by some good short punches and a disposition to take punishment. The men were enthusiastically applauded at the close. The entertainment ended with a very clever exhibition of bag punching and club swinging by Professor Daly.

## INTO ONE BUILDING.

The Transportation and Implements

Buildings Are Combined.

MASSACHUSETTS WILL BE HERE

A Bill Appropriating \$25,000 Introduced in the Legislature of That State. Latest Exposition News.

A very important change was made in the plans of the exposition yesterday afternoon, by which two buildings are to be combined and made into one big structure, almost equal in size to the huge manufacturing building.

The two buildings thus wedded are the transportation and agricultural implement buildings. An immense annex is to be built to the present transportation building, thus furnishing the space necessary for the two classes of exhibits.

The change in plans does not necessitate any considerable change in the style of architecture of the transportation building. The annex will be built on the east side. It will harmonize in style with the rest of the building, however.

The change adds 37,000 square feet of space to the building, making a total of 80,000 square feet within its walls, or just 6,000 square feet less than that already contained between the walls of the manufacturing building.

A few weeks ago Chairman Wylie discovered the fact that the agricultural building was not large enough to accommodate all the exhibits which wanted location in it. It was the original purpose of the exposition to place not only all exhibits of farm products, but all agricultural machinery and implements in the building. It was found that the building would not more than accommodate the agricultural exhibits and that another home would have to be found for the agricultural implements.

The matter of a new building, to be known as the agricultural implement building, was brought before the executive board and after the matter had been stated by Mr. Wylie and President Collier, the determination was reached to have the separate building. Applications for space commenced to pour in and it was soon made known that a world of interest was felt in this class of displays.

Quite recently it was suggested to the management that the expense of a new building might be saved by building an annex to the transportation building. This was rendered particularly desirable by reason of the fact that more space was needed for the transportation exhibit. Considerably more space than had been provided was needed for tracks for the railroad displays.

The suggestion met with ready favor and was agitated among officials to such an extent that the grounds and buildings committee took the matter up. A resolution that action was reported to the executive board. President Collier made a talk setting forth the advantages that would come of such an arrangement and when the vote was taken the resolution was adopted.

This adds another immense structure to the exposition and will combine two of the most interesting classes of displays that will be seen on the grounds.

And Now Comes Massachusetts.

Mr. W. A. Hemphill arose in the board meeting and called the attention of the board to a letter which he had just received from Senator Darling, of Massachusetts. The letter stated that the committee on expenditures of the Massachusetts legislature had just reported a bill appropriating \$25,000 to the Atlanta exposition.

"There is absolutely no doubt of the passage of the bill," wrote Senator Darling, "and Massachusetts will be there."

The reading of the letter by Mr. Hemphill was greeted with applause.

"I should like to state," said Mr. Sam Inman, "that the exposition owes thanks to Mr. Hemphill for that appropriation. It is his work. He took charge of the Massachusetts committee when they were down here and made a sort of specialty of giving them a good time. He made them feel pleasant and they went back home thinking of Atlanta and our exposition. It's Mr. Hemphill's work."

This statement was received with applause.

The visit of the Massachusetts committee to Atlanta will be remembered. The committee came through the south inspecting the advantages which the south offered for cotton mill locations. They spent two days in Atlanta and were shown everything in Atlanta of an industrial character. They were carried over the exposition grounds twice by a committee headed by Mr. Hemphill.

They returned home immensely pleased and the result of their visit is shown in the letter received by Mr. Hemphill yesterday. It is not known what provisions are contained in the appropriation act—whether the bill provides for a separate building or merely for a state display.

"I would like to ask the president," said Mr. Bullock, "whether the states that are coming intend to put up buildings of their own or merely to make state displays?"

"That I do not know," responded President Collier. "I have seen only one of the appropriation bills, that of New York, and it contains nothing on the subject. As I take it New York can put up a building or not, just as the board from that state decides. I have seen none of the other bills."

Orator Henry Watterson.

Rugged Henry Watterson will speak at the exposition on Kentucky day, November 16th.

The woman's board passed a resolution yesterday morning inviting him and yesterday afternoon the resolution went to the executive board for endorsement. It was approved unanimously and the star-eyed goddess of tariff reform will come to this city to orate on the day that Kentuckians will celebrate.

Arranging for the Correspondents.

Mr. H. H. Cabaniss reported the program for the entertainment of the Washington correspondents.

He said that 125 correspondents, with their ladies, would arrive here next Tuesday morning. He stated that Barbecue Calloway, the sheriff of Wilkes, had been engaged to prepare a luncheon for the visitors and had been instructed to arrange for serving 400 people. He stated that each director of the exposition would be expected to be present with a lady. The members of the council and the mayor will also be present, as well as the local judiciary.

Mayor King, who was present at the meeting, stated in this connection that the council had on Monday appropriated \$500 for the entertainment of the correspondents. The remainder of the expense will be borne by the exposition company, whose guests the correspondents will be.

A matter of fire protection for the finished buildings at the exposition was talked about. It was stated that the board of firemen had called a meeting of the board of the exposition and had had a conference and that it was thought that the council might side \$5,000 for fire protection on the grounds.

Mayor King had a few words to say, in which he stated that he would be most happy to do everything in his power to insure efficient fire protection on the grounds. He thought there would be no slightest difficulty in arranging the matter.

IT WILL BE A FINE ONE.

Massachusetts Expects to Spend \$25,000 on a State Exhibit.

Boston, Mass., May 21.—(Special).—The resolution appropriating \$25,000 for an exhibit at Atlanta passed its final stage in the senate this afternoon and was sent to the house for concurrent action.

It had been anticipated that there would be some debate over the amendment of the appropriation when the resolution came up for engrossment, but no voice was raised and on a unanimous vote the measure went through.

It is not impossible that the house will debate the measure next week, but it is conceded that the objects will criticize the committee that made the southern trip rather than the resolution. Before it was voted upon in executive session of the joint expenditures committee, there was a lively tilt over the amendment to be appropriated, some favoring a beggarly \$10,000 and others \$25,000. Three of the committee were absent. Two of these are not in favor of the sum reported and the third, Representative Mellin, is an unknown quantity, and being the champion objector, it is not unlikely he will be heard from.

Senator Salisbury, who favored it in the upper branch, is enthusiastic in favor of the Bay State's being well represented at the exposition and he has done much to bring the matter to the attention of the committee. The house chairman of the committee, over to the \$25,000 view. Mr. Searies said today that he did not anticipate a hitch in the house and he felt confident the members would see the wisdom of promptly adopting the resolution. Representative Humphrey, also of the committee, believed that an overwhelming majority of the members favored the measure and that there would be only one or two criticisms and those from men who harp on every appropriation.

Governor Greenhalge has taken much interest in the forthcoming exhibition and desires that the Bay State, famous for its manufacturing industries and historical features, be prominently represented. The resolution, which is urged by him and is certain of receiving his signature upon passing the house, provides for the appointment of a board of managers, three men and two women, who, with the approval of the governor, shall appoint not more than ten delegates. He is understood to have made his selections of the board of managers, though they will not be formally announced until the measure has passed. Much interest is shown among manufacturers of the state, and Massachusetts' exhibit is certain to be worthy of the old commonwealth.

NORTH CAROLINA NEGROES.

They Are Enthusiastic and Intend to Be Well Represented.

Raleigh, N. C., May 21.—(Special).—An enthusiastic meeting of North Carolina's colored commissioners for the Atlanta exposition was held here yesterday, all parts of the state being represented. James H. Young, of Raleigh, made an address of welcome to the commission and pledged the support of Raleigh's negroes. Ex-Congressman H. P. Cheatham presented the claims of the exposition and urged the fullest co-operation. W. C. Coleman, of Concord, was elected chief commissioner. S. G. Atkins, of Winston, secretary, and R. B. Fitzgerald, of Durham, treasurer. Special commissioners were appointed in each county to supervise the work of collecting money and exhibits. The meeting pledged itself that North Carolina shall be in the front in the colored exhibit.

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THE ABUSED NIGHT AIR

It Is Not Man's Enemy, but Warns Him of Lurking Danger.

A great deal of solemn nonsense has been talked and written about the "night air." Except that it is cooler, it is just like the day air. If it makes a man shiver and cough, he ought to be thankful, and not find fault. Nature is polite. She never strikes without warning and the cough and chill are precautionary signals. They mean that the body has been attacked by a creeping, insidious spring cold, the special pest of this season, when balmy days and bleak ones follow each other with swift fluctuations. What a spring cold may lead to, in the way of sore lungs and rheumatic muscles, sensible people don't wait to find out by experience.

They fortify themselves with Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky. It sets the blood moving briskly, so there is none of the clogging called congestion, whereby certain organs are overloaded with blood, while the surface of the body is pallid and cold. Taken after exposure to cold air, day or night, Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky conveys warm blood to the skin, where the outer ends of the nerves are bathed in the life-bearing fluid. Thus are pleurisy and kindred ills staved off. He who takes this wholesome and strength-bestowing stimulant, will find the air of night harmless as that of high noon.

The five lots and two 11-room houses, corner of W. Peachtree and Simpson streets, sell today at 3 o'clock, on the premises. The demand increases daily and prices are rapidly advancing. Right now is the time to buy real estate. H. L. Wilson, Auctioneer.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO., AGENTS.

N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

Tomorrow! Tomorrow!

11 A. M.

THE O'CONNOR PROPERTY

OPPOSITE VENABLE HOTEL.

At Auction on the Premises

You are requested to attend the sale. Terms, one-third cash, remainder in 1, 2, 3 and 4 years with 8 per cent interest.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO., AGENTS.

N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

Thursday, 23d, 3 P. M.

THE BURCH PROPERTY

ON SOUTH BOULEVARD AND OTHER STREETS BETWEEN WOODWARD AVENUE AND GRANT PARK.

AT AUCTION

On the Premises.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with 8 per cent interest. Plats ready at our office and you are invited to the sale. Take the street line to Grant park and get off at Glynn street.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO., AGENTS.

N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

2 CENTRAL STORES 2

NOS. 27 AND 29 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.

WITH BASEMENT AND 25 ROOMS IN 3-STORY BUILDING.

At Auction, Friday, May 24th, 11.30 A. M.

Between Gate City Bank Building and Kiser Law Building.

Terms, one-third cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, with 8 per cent interest.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO., AGENTS.

N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

THE M'GILVRA PROPERTY

NOS. 14 AND 18 GARRETT STREET.

NEAT 5 AND 7-ROOM HOUSES.

At Auction Tuesday, May 28, 3 p.m.

These homes are in excellent condition and in a pleasant neighborhood. The lots are 50x125 feet and 35x125 feet respectively, with 15-foot side alleys. Terms, one-third cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, with 8 per cent interest.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO., AGENTS.

N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

T. H. NORTON. WALKER DUNSON.

NORTHERN & DUNSON.

Real Estate and Loans, 400 Equitable Building.

We have \$5,000 to loan for two or three years on Atlanta property.



## BY THEIR PROWESS.

Atlanta Is in the Hands of the Knights of Pythias.

## THE PARADE TO CELEBRATE IT

Speeches Were Made Yesterday at the Grand Opera House.

## MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE FOR TODAY

Election of Officers, Selection of a Next Place of Meeting and Prize Drill.



RIGHT uniforms, flashing swords and martial music combined yesterday to make the Knights of Pythias parade the handsomest ever given by that noble order.

Along the line of parade the sidewalks were packed with people and it was difficult to move from one place to another.

To the handsome decorations already out others were added yesterday and the city took on a veritable gala day appearance. The windows on the various streets were dressed in the colors of the Pythians and every available awning and signboard was fairly smothered in the blue, orange and red.

The parade was a perfect one. It was remarkable for the splendid arrangement of the companies that were to take part and when the bugle call sounded attention and the aides galloped along the streets, with clanking scabbards and jingling spurs making timebeats to the hoofs of horses, the scene was a thrilling one.

When the word was given the long line of carriages moved into line and the Knights, eight divisions strong, wheeled into proper place and marched with gallant tread, headed by the Fifth Infantry band. Then came the Fifth regiment, the artillery, the police battalion and the Governor's Guard, making a dashing pageant.

After the line of march had been carried out the Knights and the grand lodge members went to the Grand Opera house, where a short prearranged programme was carried out. The programme would have been far more elaborate had it not been for the lack of time, as the Knights have a great deal of work before them and it is necessary to put in every minute on the lodge work.

From the Grand the delegates and grand lodge went to the Kiser building, where the sessions of the body are held. There speeches were made by Supreme Chancellor, Walter B. Ritchie, who arrived yesterday morning, and by Mr. R. L. C. White, supreme keeper of records and seals, both making eloquent and frequently applauded speeches.

This was at 12:30 o'clock and the grand lodge adjourned as soon as the speeches were over and met again at 3 o'clock to complete the organization. There was a roll call and a report heard from the committee on the lodge work.



ATLANTA POLICE BATTALION. Showing That Section of the Parade in Which the Gate City's Finest Figured.

mittes on credentials, preparatory to the heavy work that is to be taken up today by the grand lodge. Last night at 8 o'clock in the Grand there were excommunications of the rank of page and the rank of esquire. Not less than 1,200 Knights were present and the excommunications were decidedly superior.

## ARRIVAL OF SUPREME OFFICERS.

Met by the Reception Committee, a Delegation and Band.

Delayed nearly twenty-four hours, Supreme Chancellor Ritchie and Grand Keeper of Records and Seals White did not reach the city until early yesterday morning.

The first to arrive was the supreme chancellor, who reached here at 7:30 o'clock. Despite the earliness of the hour the reception committee, Gate City Division No. 5, under the command of Captain Tip Harrison, and the Fifth Regiment band were present at the union depot to greet him.

Knights of Pythias. He was escorted by the three Savannah divisions. There is a pretty incident connected with the coming of Supreme Chancellor Ritchie to Atlanta. Last year he was elected supreme chancellor, despite the fact that there was a strong candidate against him. He was the favorite of the Georgia Knights



GRAND CHANCELLOR DOUGLAS. With Knightly Courtesy He Introduced the Speakers.

of Pythias, and as soon as it was telegraphed to Grand Chancellor Douglas that Mr. Ritchie had secured the office, the grand chancellor of Georgia wired to him, asking him to visit Atlanta this year upon the occasion of the state convocation. This invitation was one which gave the supreme chancellor much gratification and which he kindly remembered and accepted.

## He Likes This Town.

This is his first visit to Atlanta and he is charmed with the Gate City and her people.

"I have heard much of The Constitution and Atlanta," said he yesterday afternoon, "but I had not expected to see such a great and progressive city before me. I have been all over your pretty city and have viewed it from several prominent points and can truthfully say that it is an enchanting place. There is every sign of progressiveness and prosperity. Hard times do not appear to have visited Atlanta very recently. I think that your city is always superior to every expectation that may be aroused in the minds of those who desire to visit here, but who have as yet failed to come. It is a great southern city."

"And as for The Constitution, why, I have known it for years. Everybody knows of Uncle Remus, all mourn with the paper and the south over the loss of Henry W. Grady, and Frank L. Stanton, the poet, is nearly as well known as Jim Riley. This is a great country here."

"I want to say that I have never seen a finer set of men in any grand lodge that I have ever visited. The Knights of Pythias in Georgia are in splendid condition and are without the slightest disagreement."

Supreme Chancellor Ritchie will leave today for Charleston and from there will go to Port Sumter before returning to his home in Lima, O.

The supreme keeper of records and seals, R. L. C. White, is a splendid fellow and has made a host of personal friends since his arrival here. He is an old newspaper man and is well-known throughout Tennessee, his home being in Nashville. He was for many years a warm personal friend of a brother of Mr. W. E. Algee, deputy vice chancellor.

## IT WAS A SPLENDID SIGHT.

The K. of P. Parade Was Thorough in Arrangement and Movement.

At 9:30 o'clock the companies to take part in the parade began to fall in at the places assigned to them. The Uniform Rank of the Knights of Pythias formed on Decatur street on the north side, the right of the line resting on Peachtree street.

The grand lodge members were in carriages—thirty-seven carriages in all—and these formed on Pryor and Wall streets. The carriage containing the supreme chancellor, supreme keeper of records and seals and Grand Chancellor Douglas was beautifully decorated. It was drawn by four iron gray horses. The head of the line rested on Decatur street and the rear of the column extended to Loyd, along Wall.

The battalion band, the signal corps and machine gun platoon and the Fifth regiment of infantry, which was commanded by Major Wilkinson, were in line on Marietta street, facing south, the right resting on Broad and the left extending to the north of Peachtree.

The Atlanta artillery was assigned to a position on the west side of Broad street, facing Marietta. The Governor's Horse Guard was placed in column of fours on Walton street, with the head of the column on Broad street.

The Atlanta police battalion was lined up on the west side of Broad street, the right resting on Marietta street. There were two bands—the Fifth regiment and the Fifth artillery.

Lieutenant Charles B. Satterlee was marching of the day and had the following named aide-de-camps: Major W. J. Kendrick, chief of staff; Colonel John W. Austin, judge advocate general; Lieutenant Colonel Eugene Hardeman, assistant quartermaster of the state of Georgia; Dr. F. H. Huzza, past chancellor of Empire lodge, Knights of Pythias; Lieutenant Colonel Henry F. West, assistant commissary general of the state of Georgia; Captain John A. Miller, Troop B, first battalion cavalry Georgia volunteers; Captain Henry C. Beerman, Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias; Sergeant Major William J. Blalock, medical department Georgia volunteers.

In the first regiment of the Knights of Pythias the uniform rank there were three divisions from Savannah. No. 1 was commanded by Captain C. A. Cox, No. 3 was commanded by Captain G. C. Cann. The others in the Knights of Pythias regiment were a division from West Point, one from Augusta, one from Macon and two from Atlanta, thus making a fine showing.

The parade followed the line of march mapped out for it—down Decatur to Pryor, out Pryor to Hunter, up Hunter to Whitehall, out Whitehall to Alabama and to Broad, to Marietta and out Peachtree to the Normandie and out Ellis street, where the Knights of Pythias were reviewed by Colonel Harmon.

Governor Atkinson was not in the city yesterday and the parade was reviewed by Mayor Porter King, who stood on the porch of Mrs. Rhode Hill's residence. It was a magnificent parade—one worthy of any organization and would reflect credit upon any set of men.

After the dismissal of the uniform rank by Colonel Harmon the exercises at the Grand were taken up.

## WELCOMED TO THE CITY.

Public Exercises of Interest at the Grand Opera House.

The Grand was crowded yesterday morning when the Uniform Rank Knights Pythias filed into the seats that had been reserved for them.

The Fifth regiment band furnished music during the programme and the speeches were short and eloquent. On the stage were Supreme Chancellor Ritchie, Mr. R. L. C. White, C. K. of R. and S. W. T. Leopold, of Savannah, Grand Vice Chancellor Hamilton Douglas, Grand Vice

Grand Prelate I. Zacharias, of Bainbridge; Grand Master of Exchequer C. A. Cox, of Savannah; Grand K. of R. and S. W. T. Leopold, of Savannah; Grand Master at Arms T. S. Jones, of Augusta; Grand Insignia J. J. Saunders, of Columbus; Grand Outer Guard W. H. Styward, of West Point, and Supreme Representatives T. J. Carling, of Macon, and A. M. Haywood, of Brunswick.

Grand Chancellor Hamilton Douglas presided as master of ceremonies, and, after the overture by the Fifth regiment band, greeted the grand lodge and the audience and introduced Mayor Porter King, who is a staunch knight himself.

Mayor King in welcoming the grand lodge Knights Pythias to the city and in tendering the visiting delegates the hospitality of Atlanta was at his happiest.

"Atlanta," said Mayor King, "is proud to welcome to her borders the Knights of Pythias of the Empire State of the South—a state which is fringed by blue mountains on the north, whose boundaries are washed by the waters of the Chattahoochee on the west, by the Savannah on the east, and whose limits touch the ocean on the south."

Mayor King spoke of the various organizations in Atlanta and said that those were ahead of the Knights of Pythias in point of growth and in the makeup of its members. He spoke of the objects of the order and the good it did.

The response to the welcome was made by Mr. C. Henry Cohen, of Augusta, who was very timely in his remarks and who was applauded for the witty manner in which he responded.

Mr. Cohen spoke of Atlanta as a city which was accustomed to welcoming people to her precincts. He said that he understood that the Knights of Pythias had been given the same key of the city and had been tendered the proverbial welcome, as well as having been granted all the privileges and franchises in the gift of the people of the city.

"I am glad to see this great city even seemed to be a possibility," said Mr. Cohen, "the old red hills around here, bare as they were, gave a welcome in the early days. There was a railroad headed toward Atlanta and it was about to stop in a nearby town, but the red hills of this section arose with a welcome. There has been change in the growth, but the spirit that sprang from the red hills remains the same and you are welcome here in the same way. As often as the welcome has been repeated it is extended each time with cordiality and earnestness and is free from the perfunctory touches that usually exist about such affairs. And then Atlanta does more. Having welcomed the visitor, Atlanta seeks to make him a resident. Atlanta invites her visitors to remain and help make the greatness of a great city greater."

"Artemus Ward, I believe it was, once made a distinguished reply which is most appropriate in this instance, properly applied. Some one said to Artemus: 'Time flies.' That's all right," was his reply. "Of course it does. It's time's business to fly. Why shouldn't she fly? So with Atlanta; it's Atlanta's business to welcome visitors to Atlanta, and she does it."

Mr. Cohen closed in a few words thanking the mayor and the local knights of Pythias and citizens for their hospitable reception.

## It Was Handsomely Decorated.

The Grand was prettily decorated. The boxes were fairly hidden by masses of tastefully arranged bunting in the colors of the Knights of Pythias, and the stage setting was in accordance with the arrangement of a Knights of Pythias hall.

There were a number of Knights of Pythias signs in colors and flowers and the whole arrangement was decidedly artistic. The work was under the supervision of Mr. Lucien York, chairman of the committee on badges and decorations.

## GRAND LODGE MEETING.

Speeches Were Made by Both Walter B. Ritchie and R. L. C. White.

The grand lodge met as soon as the exercises at the Grand were over, but it was not until after 12 o'clock that Grand Chancellor Hamilton Douglas called the grand lodge to order.

The transaction of routine business was gone through with. This consisted of the calling of the roll and the report of the committee on credentials. This occupied an hour or more and the grand lodge adjourned until 3 o'clock p. m.

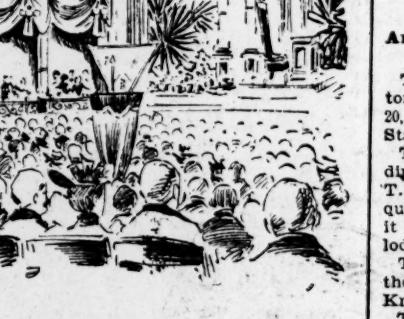
When the grand lodge was called to order for the second time yesterday afternoon, Mr. Ritchie presided and by Supreme Chancellor Ritchie and by R. L. C. White, supreme keeper of records and seals.

Mr. Ritchie spoke first. He made an eloquent address. He directed his remarks, for the most part, to matters pertaining to the knights and, of course, is not to be given for publication.

In the course of his remarks the supreme chancellor took occasion to refer to the city of Atlanta and to the state organization of the Knights Pythias. In speaking of the grand lodge he stated that it was one of the best he had ever visited and that the members of it were individually the best lot of men he had ever seen at a grand lodge meeting.

This was the supreme chancellor's official visit to Atlanta, Mr. White also.

The supreme keeper of the records and seals made a splendid talk. In the speech he took occasion to recall his first visit to Atlanta. He said that he had come to Georgia during the war and that he had



AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE. The Decorations Arranged With an Eye to the Artistic as Well as the Symbolic.

been forced to leave the state. He said he left in a box car with a federal soldier at each end.

At the Grand Last Night.

After the speeches the grand lodge adjourned to meet at the Grand where there was an exemplification of the rank of the knights and the rank of esquire. The programme was one of interest and the exemplification was thorough and was heartily enjoyed.

## CHANGES OF CONSTITUTION.

A Number of Important Questions and Elections Today.

The grand lodge meeting today will be one of importance. There are a number of matters to be disposed of. There are several officers to be elected, a piece of money for next year to be selected and changes in the constitution to be discussed and passed upon.

The meeting of officers is set for 11 o'clock and will begin at that time. One of the principal objects to be accomplished is the election of a new supreme delegate. The retiring dele-

gate is A. M. Haywood, of Brunswick. There are two prominent Pythians spoken of in connection with the office. The delegates are elected for two years each, but the terms do not expire together. Grand Chancellor Douglas is regarded as the favorite for the place, but the friends of Robert W. Hunt, of Augusta, say that he will be in the front rank when the roll call is heard.

Another race which at present seems to be favorable to the chances of an Atlanta man is that for the grand keeper of the records and seals. The present incumbent who has made a faithful keeper of records and seals is William T. Leopold, of Savannah, Ga. The only one mentioned very prominently against him for the place is



C. HENRY COHEN, OF AUGUSTA.

"Atlanta Invites Her Visitors to Remain and Help Make the Greatness of a Great City Greater."

Captain Tip Harrison, of Gate City Division No. 5. He is a man experienced in such matters and is very popular among the knights of the state.

There is still another race for which there are three candidates. This office is that of grand chancellor. The present vice grand chancellor is in the race for the place and there are two others also—Mr. C. Henry Cohen, of Augusta, and Mr. William Schatzman, of Macon. It seems to be the general impression that the present vice chancellor will be elected.

## Three Towns Want It.

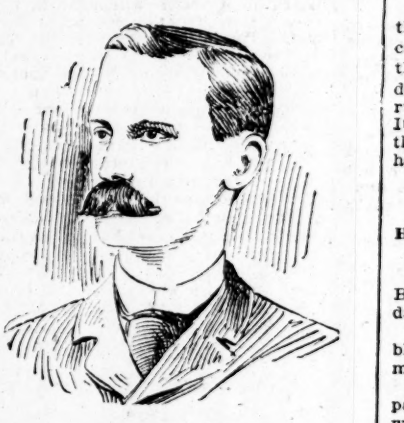
A very lively fight that is to be made before the convocation is that for the place of next year's meeting. There are three towns in the race, Albany, Americus and Hawkinsville.

The race is a warm one. Not only are the delegations from those towns here with instructions to get the meeting, but there are delegations of citizens from the towns. It is impossible to say which town will get it, but the chances are that Americus will win out. Americus had in a bid last year when Atlanta walked away with the meeting.

## Changes in the Constitution.

There are changes in the constitution of the order to be looked after. One of the probable changes is one looking to the reduction of the per capita tax on subordinate lodges.

In fact there are many minor changes which are made necessary on account of the action taken at the Washington meeting. It will be necessary for certain changes to be made.



W. E. ALGEE, Deputy Vice Chancellor—Who Has Worked Hard for Knights of Pythias Success.

made in order that the state constitutions will be in conformity with the changes instituted and determined upon by the supreme lodge.

## IN THE AFTERNOON.

The Prize Drill at Ponce de Leon Springs Will Be Interesting.

One of the events of the grand lodge meeting will occur at Ponce de Leon springs this afternoon. It will be the prize drill.

There are about seven divisions entered in the contest for the best drilled company, and some good drilling is looked forward to. Colonel R. F. Harmon, of Savannah, will be present, and after the drill will review the knights.

The first prize for the best drilled company is \$250, the second prize is \$100 and the third prize is \$50. There is a prize of \$35 for the best drilled man. In addition to this there is a prize of \$100 offered for the company with the largest number of men. This will probably be won by a Savannah company.

## THE RANK OF KNIGHT.

An Exemplification by the Famous Team of Atlanta Lodge No. 20.

The rank of Knight will be exemplified tonight at the Grand by Atlanta lodge No. 20, which is famed throughout the United States for its team work.

The work at the opera house is under the direction of Chancellor Commander Joseph T. Wiley and Frank Pearson and will require forty-four men to successfully carry it out. New uniforms were ordered by this lodge and they arrived yesterday morning.

The programme is a unique one as all those taking part must be members of the Knights of Pythias.

The following programme has been prepared for the exemplification of the rank of Knight by Atlanta lodge No. 20 Knights of Pythias, at the Grand opera house at 8 o'clock:

Overture, "Stradella," Flotow, by Wurm's orchestra.

Opening of the lodge—Chancellor Commander Joseph T. Wiley, Vice Chancellor Robert B. Blackburn, Prelate Richard S. Stevens, Master of Work W. E. Algee and Master-at-Arms Frank T. Ridge, Opening ode.

During this intermission the following selections will be rendered:

Orchestral selection, Wurm's orchestra.

Vocal solo, selected, Brother Frank Pearson.

Clarinet solo, Brother Fred Widemeyer.

Vocal solo, selected, Brother William Owens.

Orchestral selection, Wurm's orchestra.

Exemplification of rank of Knight—full form.

Orchestral selection, Wurm's orchestra.

Closing exercises.

Orchestral selection, grand march, "The Gladiators," Sousa, Wurm's orchestra.

Word \$1,000 Per Front Foot.

The O'Connor property at auction today at 11:30 a. m. by RALPH W. GOODE & CO.

## BOTH IN ATLANTA.

Dr. Westmoreland and Mr. Rountree Return to the City.

## HAVE NOT MET SINCE FRIDAY

Neither Will Talk of the New York Difficulty—Both Cheerful and in Good Spirits.

Dr. Willis Westmoreland and Mr. Dan Rountree, principals in the difficulty at Abbey's theater in New York last Friday night, returned to Atlanta yesterday afternoon and put at rest the many wild rumors concerning their actions which have been floating about the city since Sunday.

Dr. Westmoreland arrived on the Seaboard Air-Line's vestibule at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Rountree came in on the Southern's vestibule at 4:40 o'clock, forty minutes late. He went at once to the Aragon, where he resides. During the afternoon and evening he was called upon by many friends. He spent the evening about the hotel in the usual way and there was nothing in his manner to indicate that anything unusual had occurred.

Dr. Westmoreland was met at the train by several friends, among them Dr. Fort and Dr. Armstrong. He went first to his office, whence, after looking after some matters, he went to his home, 21 Baltimore place.

Dr. Westmoreland was not disposed to discuss the difficulty in New York at all. He was very reticent when questioned concerning the affair and had little to say. He was asked if there had been a meeting between himself and Mr. Rountree.

"I have not seen him since Friday night at Abbey's theater," said he. "After that I left my card for him at his hotel. I have not seen him since."

Dr. Westmoreland remained in New York until Monday afternoon, when he left for home. From Friday night until that hour he did not see Mr. Rountree, although it seems that they left for home about the same hour and arrived in Atlanta only forty minutes apart. The fact that they left for the south about the same hour seems to have given rise to the report that they were off for Virginia for a duel.

Mr. Rountree would not talk about the New York occurrence at all and declined to answer any and all questions put to him concerning the matter.

"I have nothing whatever to say. I will not discuss the matter at all," was his invariable reply to all the questions asked him.

"Have you seen Dr. Westmoreland since Friday night?" he was asked.

"I will say nothing about the matter at all," said he.

No amount of questioning could induce him to speak of the difficulty. He was in cheerful spirits and conversed with his friends in an extremely pleasant manner. He remained at the Aragon during the evening and received a number of his friends.

There was nothing whatever in the air to indicate that the trouble between Mr. Rountree and Dr. Westmoreland was to be resumed in any way. There was no indication that a duel was being prepared for.

As neither of the gentlemen will say anything for publication or otherwise nothing can be told as to the probable outcome of the matter. There was much talk of a duel yesterday, but it was born of the idle rumors that started up on every corner. It was even rumored yesterday morning that Dr. Westmoreland and Mr. Rountree had fought a duel in Virginia.

## A BAILIFF ARRESTED.

He Was Blocking a Street Parade and Refused To Move When Ordered.

Frank I. McDonald, a bailiff of Justice Bloodworth's court, was arrested yesterday morning and carried to police station. The charge entered against the officer was blocking a street parade and refusing to move when ordered to do so.

As the Knights of Pythias procession was passing down Pryor, the mounted police were clearing the street ahead of it. Bailiff McDonald was sitting in a buggy with a friend. He was requested to move, but refused to do so. Sergeant White then ordered his men to move him and a case was made against him. He was very indignant and refused to accept a copy of charges. Call Officer Abbott carried him to the police station, and after deliberating over the matter the bailiff decided to accept the copy of charges rather than be locked up.

McDonald was very angry and threatened to make a case against the sergeant.

## If You

Are Suffering

from any irritating, disfiguring humor or eruption, such as Pimples, Blisters, Blackheads, Ring Worm, Tetter, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Prickly Heat or Itching Piles, you can be speedily and permanently cured by using

Foster's German Army and Navy Cure

A positive remedy for all skin diseases, and ensuring a bright, clear, healthy complexion.

50 Cents per Box at Drug Stores.

FOSTER MEDICINE COMPANY.

MADE IN U. S. A.

## SCATICA FOR YEARS.

Could Not Walk for Months at a Time.

AFTER ALL ELSE HAD FAILED

A Perfect Cure Was Made by That

Great Remedy Which Cures So Many

People, King's Royal Germatuer.

Mr. H. B. Goodman, Marietta, Ga., who has been secretary of the Cobb County Agricultural Society for years, says: "I was troubled with rheumatism, which the doctors called sciatica, for a number of years, doctoring with everything I could hear of without benefit, until I commenced with Dr. King's Royal Germatuer, which cured me sound and well. I was at times for several months so that I could not walk at all. I have now been thoroughly well of it for four years, and think there is no medicine that can equal Germatuer."

may 23-95.

## A PECULIAR CASE

From The Record, Philadelphia, Pa.

Last July the Episcopal hospital admitted a woman whose pale and emaciated face and racking cough proclaimed her the victim of consumption. She gave her name as Mrs. William G. Bowen, residence 1849 Melghan street, Philadelphia. The case was diagnosed and she was told plainly that she was in an advanced stage of consumption. The examining physician even showed her the sunken place in her breast where the cavity in her lung was supposed to exist. She went home to her family a broken, disheartened woman, with death staring her in the face. That was the beginning of the story; the end, as told by Mrs. Bowen, who no longer expects to die, to a reporter, is as follows:

"The first symptom of consumption came in the form of terrible sweats, both night and day. From April until September I was constantly cold, and kept wrapped up in blankets through the hottest weather. A terrible cough took possession of me, my breast was sore to the slightest touch, and my limbs were like cold clay. The hardest rubbing with the coarsest towel would not create the slightest flush, and the least exertion would so exhaust me that I could barely gasp for water."

"I went to the hospital in July, and they diagnosed my case as above stated. It was when the clouds were the darkest that the first glint of sunshine came. Mr. Sheldermine, a friend, who lives around at 1844 Clementine street, said to me one day: 'Mrs. Bowen, did you ever try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People? I had never heard of the medicine, but in my condition could not turn a deaf ear to anything that offered relief. It was after considerable thought and investigation that I concluded to discontinue all the medicine I was taking, including cod liver oil, and depend entirely upon Pink Pills. I began to take the pills at first with but little encouragement. The first sign of improvement was a warmth and a tingling sensation in my limbs. Finally the cough disappeared, my chest lost its soreness and I began to gain flesh until I was fifteen pounds heavier. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I cannot praise them too highly.'"

Mrs. Bowen is a lady of middle age, a church member, well known and highly esteemed. She looks today well and strong and it seems almost impossible that she was ever given up by eminent physicians as an incurable consumptive. Yet such is the case, beyond a doubt. She writes: "I have taken the pills at first with but little encouragement. The first sign of improvement was a warmth and a tingling sensation in my limbs. Finally the cough disappeared, my chest lost its soreness and I began to gain flesh until I was fifteen pounds heavier. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I cannot praise them too highly."

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Published Daily, Weekly, Sunday.

The Daily, per year. . . . . \$5.00  
 The Sunday (20 to 25 pages). . . . . \$2.00  
 The Daily and Sunday, per year. . . . . \$6.00  
 The Weekly, per year. . . . . \$1.00  
 All editions sent postpaid to any address.  
 At these reduced rates all subscriptions must be paid in advance.

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## 12 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., May 22, 1895.

## The Climax of Centralization.

A singular story from St. Louis will be found in our telegraphic columns.

We are not willing to accept it without further testimony. We cannot believe that the chairman of the Missouri democratic executive committee will go to Washington to consult the president about the proposed state convention on the silver question. The chairman of the committee should carry out the will of the democrats of Missouri, and the peculiar views of the president should cut no figure in the case.

Our goldbug democratic friends should bear in mind the fact that Mr. Cleveland is the president of a union of sovereign states. His duties as the head of the general government are clearly defined in the constitution and it is accepted as the well-tested corner stone of our democracy that each state enjoys the rights of local government and home rule, and is not subject to anything like a dictatorship at Washington. The Missouri chairman shows that he is unfit for his position and that he is not a democrat when he runs to the federal capital to ask for instructions as to what to do in his state.

If it is necessary to say anything more in condemnation of these methods, all that we have to do is to quote Mr. Cleveland himself. When he accepted the presidential nomination the first time he wrote: "It should be remembered that the office of president is essentially executive in its nature." Later, he said: "Officeholders are the agents of the people, not their masters. . . . They have no right as officeholders to dictate the political action of their party associates, or to throttle freedom of action within party lines by methods and practices which pervert every useful and justifiable purpose of party organization. The influence of federal officeholders should not be felt in the manipulation of political primary meetings and nominating conventions."

We could quote more on the same line, but this is enough. Mr. Cleveland is on record fairly and squarely against the very thing which some of the Missouri goldbug democrats want him to do. If our government is to be conducted on the line foreshadowed in the St. Louis dispatch, then we have reached a very extreme stage of centralization, and the states are mere nonentities subject to the control of the dictatorship at Washington. We are not prepared to believe that we have reached this point. The Missouri democrats will doubtless insist upon managing their own affairs, and they will not wait for instructions from the white house.

It would be a most humiliating state of affairs if every local movement and convention had to be directed from the federal capital. Such a political system would not be tolerated long by the American people.

## Clafin at Work Again.

One of the most active workers in behalf of the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law and the establishment of the single gold standard was the firm of H. B. Clafin & Co., of New York. This firm put itself in constant communication with the merchants of the south during the discussion on the repeal bill before congress and attributed all of the financial evils then prevalent to the silver purchases then being made under the terms of that measure. It declared that the business interests of the south should immediately unite to bring about unconditional repeal and gave the most rosy assurances of an immediate return to prosperity as soon as that measure was out of the way.

Unconditional repeal came with the fall of 1893 and the returns of tax valuations for the year 1894 showed a decrease of nearly \$500,000,000 in the month and west while the states immediately around New York increased more than \$300,000,000, of which \$236,000,000 was absorbed by New York alone.

Now the Clafins are in action again. Evidently being disturbed by the growth of the silver sentiment throughout the country that firm has put itself in communication with the small merchants in all parts of the south, and it is shrewd enough to make each letter appear as if it was an independent utterance for the party to whom it is written.

One of these merchants—a well-known retail dry goods man in one of the most prosperous of middle Georgia towns—incloses the Clafin letter to The Constitution with the following communication:

I herewith inclose your letter just received from The Clafin Company of New York, a firm which takes much of its money out of the people of the south and a firm

that has grown fat on the blood of the south, for you can hardly read a paper of any prominence that does not contain notices where they (Clafin Company) have swallowed some commercial establishment of this section. I send it to you believing you will be able to answer it to the advantage of the people and keep the Clafin Company from swallowing the balance of the south.

The Clafin letter is written to Georgia merchants in general with all the unctuous of a personal communication, though we are informed that the same letter has been sent to every part of the south and several of them have been sent to The Constitution by those who received them. It is signed by "John Clafin, president," and opens with the statement that "the panic of 1893 was caused by the fear that the silver purchases of the United States were apt to bring the country to a silver basis. . . . Now we have reached the bottom. We have felt the full effect of the new tariff; prices which have been abnormally low are now beginning to improve, and the outlook for business is encouraging. Shall we invite a fresh panic by considering free silver coinage in the United States without the concurrence of other nations?"

The author of the letter is painfully silent as to the increased depression for the year following the repeal of the Sherman law, during which business grew steadily worse instead of better as promised, while the west and the south contributed \$500,000,000 to the abnormal increase in property valuations in and around New York—a condition brought about by the single gold standard, and which is here to stay as long as our financial system is on its present basis.

Continuing, the Clafin letter says: "Free coinage of silver by the concurrent action of the great nations would, we believe, be of decided advantage to the world. Since the United States has ceased to take care of a large proportion of the world's silver, that is, within a year and a half, bimetallic sentiment in France and Germany has increased more than in a decade before, and the silver question in those countries now commands the attention of their foremost statesmen."

In other words, even this rampant goldbug admits that the free coinage of silver is the solution of the financial evils with which the country is now afflicted, but he urges that it will not do for this country to take any step without first obtaining the consent of England, and the other foreign countries, the co-operation of which is out of the question as long as the balance of the world owes England \$10,000,000,000 which that country naturally wants paid in an appreciating currency. It is the same old stock argument of the gold monometallists, and we do not believe that the efforts of the Clafin's to put salt on the tail of the south for the purpose of catching it in the gold standard meshes will be any more successful than the repeated endeavors of others who have been working on the same line for the past few years.

## An Old Claim Against Spain.

After a delay of some months, Spain has made an apology of some sort to our government for the Alliance affair and is now in good shape to repeat the offense at the first opportunity.

Perhaps the present would be a good time to impress the Spaniards with the idea that we have made up our minds to hold them responsible in future for every outrage and every injury which they may inflict upon our citizens. If they are going to continue their aggressive and unfriendly conduct, let us put them upon notice that they will be promptly held to account and that when they owe us anything they will be expected to settle within a reasonable time.

The Mora case is one which should receive the attention of our government. Twenty-five years ago Antonio Mora, a naturalized citizen of the United States, was unlawfully condemned to death by a Havana court martial in his absence, and his estates in Cuba were confiscated. Our state department took the matter up and Spain revoked the sentence and a decree of restitution was issued. But the authorities in Cuba continued to hold Mora's property, and up to 1877 his sugar plantations had paid into the Spanish treasury \$2,317,000. In 1886 Spain agreed to pay Mr. Mora \$1,500,000 for the property and the offer was accepted. The last congress passed a resolution requesting the president to demand the payment of the sum with interest for the past nine years, but up to date nothing has been done.

When Spain has been urged to settle this debt she has replied that there were certain unjust claims of her own citizens against our government. We have protested against this violation of the Mora agreement, and Mr. Gresham offered to submit all undischarged claims between the two countries to arbitration, provided the Mora indemnity should be paid. After some delay, the Spanish minister of state informed Mr. Gresham that the Mora debt would be paid if the United States would agree to pay the pending Spanish claims.

It will be seen that Spain holds back the money due to Mora in order to force us to pay the unliquidated and disputed claims of certain Spaniards. This is undiplomatic and unfair and a direct violation of the pledges made in 1886 to pay Mora a big round sum for his property which has yielded its unlawful possessors a fine revenue for the past twenty-five years.

It is to be hoped that the administration will take up the case and push it vigorously, and if it should be necessary to emphasize our demand by sending a fleet to a Cuban port that result would doubtless be very satisfactory.

## An Injury Without a Remedy.

A Brooklyn man who was serving a sentence for burglary in a New York prison recently succeeded in proving his innocence after he had been confined for two years.

The governor pardoned the victim, but the released prisoner, instead of being thankful for small favors is in a very ugly mood and is disposed to raise a row. He has sued the state for \$101,000, and of this amount \$75,000 is claimed for injury to his reputation, and for mental and physical suffering while in prison. The man claims that his business was broken up and he is now penniless. He feels that the state ought to make ample amends in a pecuniary way.

The proofs of his innocence are conclusive and there is no doubt that a big judicial mistake was made in his conviction.

The state, however, does not see the matter in this light. It holds that the man was convicted and sentenced by due process of law. At that time the evidence pointed to his guilt and the officials and the jury honestly discharged their duty. The prisoner was not a victim of wrong, but of misfortune, and he will have to stand the consequences.

It is a sad case, and it is not likely that the plaintiff will ever get any damages out of the great state whose mistake ruined him, disgraced him and deprived him of his liberty. There ought to be a remedy for such injuries, but there is none. Other innocent men have suffered in a similar way, and upon their release they have attempted to secure some compensation, but they have always failed. Still, it cannot be denied that this man has a real grievance, and something should be done to aid him.

## Clarke vs. Oates.

It is universally conceded over in Alabama that Congressman "Blue-eyed" Dick Clarke elected Colonel William C. Oates governor with his little hatchet. Mobile county was as strongly for silver as it is today. Rich's sudden flop had dazed the minority cuckoos and they conceded their seventeen votes to Captain Joe Johnston by two to one majority.

Suddenly Dick Clarke left his seat in congress, made a ward canvas of Mobile, told the people wondrous fairy tales of electric lighted harbor if they did not. He acted as bear-leader to the grim candidate, in a beautiful Valentine and Orson fashion.

Even the congressman's staunch opponents were moved to admiration by the vigor and unselfish devotion of Warwick to the king he was making—for the moment. But now it looks as though Orestes and Pyraides think no more with one mind. The twinned octaves of harmonious thought, so dulcet last summer, threaten to twang in discord.

"Blue-eyed Dick" and the governor he made, by changing the seventeen votes of Mobile at his own personal risk, seem to differ on one cardinal point. Governor Oates is reported as saying in his latest speech:

"The financial question is exciting less interest in Alabama than in any southern state, and I'm glad of it."

On the other hand, Congressman Clarke asserts that the financial question is exciting greater interest than anything else, and that such excitement not only makes him exceeding glad, but is vital to the party in Alabama and the whole country. He has recently procured and run a small goldbug meeting at Mobile, to send delegates under his chairmanship to the Memphis gold-witches' sabbath. At that meeting the congressman with violet optics proceeded to stir the bubbling pot to still livelier boil, by issuing his defiance to the world, the flesh and the devil to meet him in debate. He shed his castor into the gold ring, and is ready to jump the ropes at any moment for a setto with all comers.

Thus it would seem that the acknowledged leader of the gold wing of Alabama democracy differs on at least one point. If the difference reaches to any other, it is just barely possible that Mr. Clarke will not be quite so earnest next year to send a Mobile delegation to the Alabama legislature to advocate the governor's avowed aspiration to wear Senator Pugh's old shoes.

## The Good City of Dalton.

When we called attention the other day to the fact that The New York Sun had done Dalton a great injustice by placing it in the list of the wickedest towns in America we had no idea that the matter would loom up into still greater prominence.

It seems, however, that The Sun has received a letter from Mr. Sam E. Whitmire, who agrees with our contemporary that Cripple Creek, Goldfield, Phoenix, Vicksburg, Helena, Memphis, Mackinaw, Hannibal, Chicago, Napoleon, Abbeville and San Francisco are all very wicked places, but he protests against putting Dalton down in the list. He says:

Dalton is one of the best towns morally in the south. There is not a saloon in the town and the prohibition law is rigidly enforced. There is not a broken bottle near the town. On the other hand there are eight flourishing churches in Dalton; the society of the place is far above the average of a town of its size, and I cannot recall any great crime that was ever committed in the town.

The majority of Georgians know that these statements are true, but The Sun regards them as so remarkable that it has this comment:

Here, truly, is a record that cannot easily be paralleled in this country or any other. We would have to go up to some quiet and reclusal town in the state of Vermont to find the like of it. We should think that the value of real estate would bound upward in Dalton when the character of the place is made known to the world through The Sun. Our correspondent deserves to be elected to the mayoralty there. We suppose that our esteemed old contemporary at Dalton, The North Georgia Citizen, will get out an extra, carrying a crowing rooster in front, when it sees Mr. Whitmire's remarks as here printed.

The Sun then asks how Dalton obtained its reputation for wickedness, and answers its question with a statement from Mr. Whitmire to the effect that the news of the outrages committed by the Murray county whitecappers is always telegraphed from Dalton, and outside readers got the impression that it was a very bad town.

The New York paper goes on to suggest a remedy. It makes this suggestion:

But how can Dalton get relieved from its reputation for wickedness, so that it shall wear its true colors before the world? It is easy enough. Let the capitalists of Dalton borrow money to build telegraph lines out to Catonsville, and to Picketts, Dawson, Gordon, Whitfield and other wicked counties, so that the reports of the lynchings, cowardings, and featherings perpetrated there by the kuck-kuck and the whitecappers shall be sent from the places at which they occur and not from Dalton. That is the thing that the Dalton capitalists will do if they are as shrewd as they are good. Can the money be raised? No New York? Very possibly it can, for there are shillings of it in Wall street ready and waiting to be loaned on good security.  
 It may seem queer that a place so good as

Mr. Whitmire says Dalton is, and we believe him, too, should be surrounded by counties filled with people who are as wicked as Cripple Creek or the Goldfields, but we may be helped to understand it by remembering that Paradise itself was in a region infested with snakes. It would be of no use for the people of Dalton to send out missionaries to the adjacent wicked counties, for it would take ages to reform a single county as wicked as Catonsville.

It also warns New York correspondents to be careful how they send out a report of any evil deed west of the Hudson, east of the sound, south of the battery or north of the city limits. Any negligence in this matter might lead outsiders to suppose that because a good deal of criminal news is telegraphed from New York that city must necessarily be a very bad place.

There is really no humorous aspect to The Sun's joke about Dalton. It is no more allowable to brand a good town with a bad character than it is to thus brand a firm, a family or an individual. We will match Dalton religiously and morally against any town of its size in New York.

## Fads in Schools.

If people with fads or hobbies are going to control the public schools they will greatly injure their usefulness.

In New York the legislature has recently passed an act to compel systematic teaching in all the schools as to the effects of alcohol and tobacco. The objection is made by some that this will take up too much of the pupils' time. The majority of children in the public schools are poor, and they have only a very few years to devote to their education. All that they can hope for is to acquire a knowledge of the rudiments. They want to learn to read, write and cipher, and then they will have to go out into the great world and hustle for a living.

It is wronging these children to take up their time in the study of fads. If it is right to teach them all about the evil effects of alcohol and tobacco, why not go the full length and teach them about the evils of all forms of dissipation and excess, bad diet, bad sanitary surroundings, etc?

When the public schools get away from the rudiments of an English education the tendency is to drift to the special fads of certain reformers who are eternally tinkering away at our educational system. One good thing about our old-fashioned schools was their freedom from these new-fangled notions. They trained up a race of men and women whose intelligence and culture are the crowning glory of American citizenship, but they did not study one-fourth as many textbooks as are now used in the schools. If they wanted to find out something about alcohol and tobacco they learned what they wanted to know at home. Their time in school was devoted to the elementary studies, and the teacher who paid too much attention to matters outside of a practical English education was never wanted long in one place.

Something will have to be done to reduce the number of textbooks and special studies or the public schools will do the children of the poor very little good.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT.

A Murphyboro, Ill., special of Friday, to The St. Louis Globe-Democrat, says: "A large crowd gathered on the banks of the Big Muddy river today to see the baptizing of the murderers, Jeffrey and Henderson, who stand convicted, and are to be hanged May 31st, unless Governor Altgeld interferes. About 4,000 persons were there; women in their Sunday clothes, men in carriages, and on horseback, and in canoes in midstream, and scores of children. The prisoners were driven in midstream, handcuffed and with two sets of shackles, one on their feet and one on their wrists. Their feet to each other, Revs. McBride and Bagwell, two Baptist evangelists, waded out in the stream, while Rev. Gordon and his choir sang a hymn on shore. Vehicles and horsemen crowded the shore's carriage into the river. Jeffrey's wife first stepped from the carriage into the stream and was baptized; then Jeffrey and Henderson, in flanking chains, but with newly shaven heads and serene countenances, stepped in and knelt. One preacher took hold of each shackled man and in a loud voice rang out the words: 'Upon profession of thy faith, my brethren, and in obedience to the command of my Heavenly Father, I baptize thee in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost.' Both went under and came up together, and still chained, crawled into their carriage between the officers. Many expected an attempted escape or rescue, but the sheriff stood on the carriage front, surrounded by a well-armed posse."

Here are some curious expressions, which have lately been brought to the attention of the London Dialect Society. A "Newcastle cloak" is a tub with a hole in the bottom, which used to be put over the heads of drunkards on their shoulders and worn about the streets by way of punishment. "Newcastle hospitality" was principally responsible for this degrading spectacle, as it originally signified an overabundant supply of drink. "Newcastle road" was the original name for railroads, as such roads, made with wooden tracks of four-inch timbers, were in use in the Newcastle coal regions as early as 1622.

From Chicago to Cuba, by way of the Illinois canal, the Mississippi river and the Gulf coast, is a trip which will be begun soon by John G. Kreer, T. W. Hoyt and F. C. Gere. If they reach Cuba safely the trip will be extended through the West Indian archipelago to the Orinoco river. The party will proceed up the Orinoco in canoes and then march across the country to the Amazon. The craft, which is yet unnamed, lies in Chicago harbor. It is thirty feet over all and seven feet four inches beam, with a cabin ten by seven feet with three berths. The boat is schooner rigged and has a small deck forward. It will fly the colors of the Lincoln Park Boat Club. A small stock of dry supplies will be carried, besides guns, cameras and scientific apparatus. "Our trip is for health, pleasure and investigation," said Mr. Kreer the other day. "We propose to go among the people of the tropics and learn their habits and customs by living like them."

Governor Brown, of Maryland, has sent out letters begging the governors of the other states of the union to help Maryland raise money for a monument to Francis Scott Key, the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," saying, "No one has ever written anything which has done more to awaken true patriotism." This is not strictly according to the facts. Mr. Key's ode is a stirring song, but it is not one that takes hold and keeps hold of the hearts of the people, as is evidenced by the fact that despite the strenuous efforts of "patriots" to keep it alive, there are very few of the rising generation who know the words "by heart." As a popular, patriotic song, it is not to be mentioned in the same breath with "America" or "Dixie," or even "John Brown's Body."

Walton News: Dr. J. L. Long went to his turkey nest recently to look after a turkey that was seen to be in the nest; upon closer examination he found it to be a very large terrapin.

Lincolnton News: We were shown a dog other day by Mr. James L. Crawford that had eight distinct feet. Said pig is fully developed and by far the nicest one in a litter of thirteen. We told Mr. Crawford he had his fortune now in that pig by carrying it to the exposition and having a showcase. I think Jim is seriously considering my suggestion.

Albany Herald: There is a negro girl near Crawfordville, Ga., who says she is a snake. She coils and writhes about in the next ten days. Then she goes to bed and does not move. The doctor says she is a snake, and she is so affected and from the teachings of some one she has been led to believe that she is a snake about her person, that she has a snake about her person.

## A GREETING FROM GEORGIA.

## The Boatman.

My God! take Thou the helm,  
 My weakling hands  
 But drive the quivering craft  
 Toward the darker lands—  
 The angry waves—the gathering night—  
 Make faint and far seem the beacon light—  
 Take Thou the helm!

My God! take Thou the helm,  
 And let me rest,  
 Safe from the lowering gale—  
 The breaker's crest  
 Vainly have I struggled—these aching eyes  
 Can find no rift in the darkened skies—  
 Take Thou the helm!

My God! take Thou the helm—  
 No hand but Thine  
 Can guide life's boat to safety!  
 These arms of mine  
 Are paralyzed and gladly give up to Thee,  
 In calm waters my God lead me—  
 Take Thou the helm!

—EDWARD N. WOOD.

On the death of a coal dealer one of his local papers headed the item by simply saying, "Out of the Weigh."

Heretofore day has always had precedence over night, but just now the Knights are taking the day in Atlanta.

## Got Off.

"Editor got off a good thing at meetin' last night."

"How?"

"A little tangled an' set down on the Bible, but got off it when the parson caught him in the collar."

## A Homely Man.

"Uglymug's must be a tough looking man, from all I hear."

"He must be—hear he's afraid of his own shadow."

## The Gum Swamp Parson.

It is small things that count in the battle of life. I have seen men get out of an elephant's way without any trouble, but they had a terrible struggle to get rid of a flea.

They say silence is golden. I suppose, because silver is making such a noise for the people.

No man goes fishing without bait, to attract the attention of the fish, but some of these very fishermen are trying to catch the public without even the promise of bait.

When I hear a man say he loves his neighbor as himself I put him down as a liar or a man whose opinion of himself is below par.

When the political pot gets to boiling some poor candidate gets in the soup.

Lots of people have all the faith and hope necessary, but when it comes to charity they keep it at home.

## Melons on the Way.

There's a shout from grand old Georgy,  
 An' it's echo, full an' free,  
 Makes a hailahlah feelin' come a-rushin' over me;

It'll make the people happy—drive the darkness all away.  
 So here's to the nation's gladness, fer the melon's on the way!

That good old striped melon, with a heart o' drippin' sweet,  
 Makes a feast that brings the country jest a-whirlin' at its feet.

So let the glorious tidings ring out night an' day,  
 Silver question ain't yet settled, but the melon's on the way!

East an' west I hear 'em singin' songs o' joy an' peace,  
 Ever'thing united—let this wranglin' growin' cease.

For the country's safe an' sunbeams 'round the homes o' people play—  
 Ever-body's happy—when the melon's on the way!

E. N. W.

## GEORGIA'S OPINION OF GOLDBUGS.

Montezuma Record: General Backner, goldbug, says that "the government can not give value to a coin beyond that of the metal itself." Subscribe for The Record Price \$1 per annum, payable in advance in either gold, silver or greenbacks with the stamp of the United States and interest. Anything that the government says is one dollar is good for that amount at this office.

The Danielsville Monitor: Hon. A. S. Clay, chairman of the state democratic executive committee, is out in an interview in which there can be no mistake as to his position on the money question, campaign his position, and new retailers who he then said in stronger terms, if possible, that he is for free coinage of silver the present ratio. The money question of Georgia is behind his brainy young chairman, and the goldbugs must look back.

The Griffin News: Has the democratic party been wrong all these years in denouncing the demonetization of silver in 1873 as the greatest crime of the age? It certainly has if Secretary Carlisle is right now. The question is, "has the party left Carlisle or Carlisle the party" on the silver question.

Brunswick Times-Advertiser: Steve Clay has several acres and says they are producing the gold ore should make an effort to keep cool.

Augusta Chronicle: Nothing could be more indicative of the apprehension of the gold bug than the fact that the movement in the interest of silver coinage than the efforts that are being made to detract the issue. The gold bug would not hear to state banks, but now this remedy is being trotted out again to shift the silver coinage light. The people will not be fooled again. They are in the silver fight to win and will stay to the finish.

## FROM THE FIELD.

The Guidon, of Milledir, gives a pointed lesson to Georgia's farmers in this: "The first shipment of Irish potatoes went forward from here this morning. J. W. Comer shipped a car load to New York via a Savannah steamer. Mr. Comer has several acres and says they are producing seventy-five barrels to the acre. This would seem to settle the question as to whether or not farming pays."

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: Farmers throughout this section are vigorously engaged in their cotton picking. Scarcely one can be seen on our streets. They are also economizing to the full extent in every way possible in order that they may have a surplus, though it be but little, next fall; and that surplus will not be so small if cotton continues to advance in price as it has done for the last few months.

The Griffin Call: Farmers are scarce in the city these warm days, which are so necessary for farming and killing grass. The following piece of news sent out by The Macon Evening Herald will be greeted with gladness: "The first shipment of melons from southwest Georgia with in the next ten days. Then the peach will begin to flow north, starting the reflux current of good American dollars toward the south."

## QUEER THINGS IN GEORGIA.

Walton News: Dr. J. L. Long went to his turkey nest recently to look after a turkey that was seen to be in the nest; upon closer examination he found it to be a very large terrapin.

Lincolnton News: We were shown a dog other day by Mr. James L. Crawford that had eight distinct feet. Said pig is fully developed and by far the nicest one in a litter of thirteen. We told Mr. Crawford he had his fortune now in that pig by carrying it to the exposition and having a showcase. I think Jim is seriously considering my suggestion.

Albany Herald: There is a negro girl near Crawfordville, Ga., who says she is a snake. She coils and writhes about in the next ten days. Then she goes to bed and does not move. The doctor says she is a snake, and she is so affected and from the teachings of some one she has been led to believe that she is a snake about her person, that she has a snake about her person.

## TALK OF THE TOWN.

The large, rosy smile of Mr. Frank Flanagan, journalist, expanded as something that had been reminding him of his story.

He had been talking about newspaper fiction and had said that the story that was drawn out of the writer's life and had the touch of something felt was the only successful story.

"That reminds me of an incident that happened a few years ago when I was with the American Press Association in Chicago," said he. "In looking over the papers I ran across a story that impressed me powerfully. It was short, but vivid and strong. It fastened my interest from the first and as I read it through the conviction grew upon me that the writer had not depended upon his imagination for his story, but had related something that had happened in his own life; something that he had felt. It had the earnest tone that comes of strong feeling."

"I took the story in to our manager and handed it to him."

"There's a great story," I said; "read it. The poor devil who wrote it is in hard luck, I'm sure of it."

"The manager read it. 'That's the deuced fine story,' he said. 'Clip it for our Christmas edition. And, say, suppose you write to that paper and find out who the writer is.'"

"It was a country weekly published in the interior of Indiana. I wrote to the editor, and in reply he stated that the author was a poor devil of a school teacher who was teaching a little public school and having a hard time of it with an invalid wife and a home full of sick children. He was wretched, poverty stricken, hopeless and disheartened."

"I told the story in the office, and every one was touched by it. Some one suggested a Christmas basket for the family, and the idea was seized upon. It was a fine Christmas basket, and while we were getting it up, some good-hearted fellow thought it would be the right thing for us to send the writer a check. We did that. And while we were getting things ready and talking about the poor devil, the manager happened to think that we might use the writer."

"He seems clever," said he, "write to him and offer him a position at \$25 a week."



## IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

**Minor Happenings of the Day in Court, Criminal, Social, Political, and Educational Circles in Atlanta.**

In Atlanta today: Weather fair. Events: Ladies Memorial Association, 11 a. m., Oakland cemetery. Knights of Pythias 10:30 Klax building; 8 p. m., the Grand. Order Railway Conductors, 1 p. m., Venetian building. Executive committee Southern States Passenger Association, Aragon hotel, 11 a. m. Baseball, Atlanta vs. New Orleans, Athletic park, 3:45 p. m.

Sir Knight Barclay, of Savannah, is one of the popular members of the order here. He says that the order is flourishing in his city where it has a strong hold.

Major E. A. Garlington, of the inspector general's department, is in Atlanta. During his visit south the officer will visit all of the colleges at which army men are stationed. He is also the disarming officer and will visit the barracks tomorrow for that purpose.

Charley Jackson, the negro porter in the employ of R. S. Crutcher & Co. and who stole extensively from that firm, was given a preliminary hearing yesterday before Justice Foutte. He was bound over to answer the charge of burglary.

The musical reception to be given for the benefit of the woman's department of the exposition at the residence of Judge W. R. Hammond tomorrow evening is promised much pleasure to those who will attend, and a number of Atlanta's popular artists will assist in the programme.

The grand jury in the federal court has been dismissed by Judge Newman for the term. It has been a faithful and efficient body of men and the interests of the state have been in good hands. The following is the membership of the jury: Foreman, Clarence Knowles, Samuel M. Tallaferrro, John R. Merchant, William R. Resness, D. E. Luther, James G. Throver, William H. Smith, Mark W. Johnson, T. J. Hightower, Jr., Robert E. Taylor, Isaac Reynolds, Darwin G. Jones, William R. Tidwell, Andrew J. Rogers, Robert F. Bolton, Green Thompson, A. O. M. Gay, William E. Hoyle and Charles O. Jones.

The Sunday schools of Atlanta are ably represented at the convention in Savannah by Messrs. A. G. Candler, A. W. Bealer, Rev. William Shaw, Mr. Candler is the president of the association and Mr. Bealer the secretary. An excursion to Tybee will be one of the pleasant incidents of the convention.

A verdict for \$3,769.92 and interest was rendered in the case of the General Electric Company against the Rime Electric Light Company in the United States court yesterday morning. Professor H. H. Smith was the foreman of the jury.

The state commission of irrigation, Dr. H. C. White president and Colonel George W. Harrison secretary, will meet in the editorial rooms of the Southern Cultivator, 65 to 71 Ivy street, at 10 o'clock a. m. today to arrange a programme for the southern irrigation congress.

## COOKED OVER THE PIT.

And Eaten by Connoisseurs Who Never Fall Into a Pit.

At the sanitary grounds there was an old-time Georgia barbecue yesterday afternoon.

It was a 'cue that was a 'cue, everything being done up in the style which prevailed when barbecues were known to the south only and few in the south knew how to handle one.

Mayor King, the members of the board of aldermen and the members of the general council were all there, and so were all the city hall officials. The members of the board of health, the members of the water board with the several members of the board of education and several of the leading professional and business men of the city, who had been especially invited by Inspector Veal, were present.

The tables were stretched under the magnificent shade trees upon the grassy side of that pretty slope which leads from the keeper's house to the running branch at the lowest point of the sanitary grounds. The tables were spotless white, while the queenware was as bright as rubbing could make it, and beside each plate was a napkin as snowy as the other things on the table.

The guests of Inspector Veal and the departments went out on a Chattahoochee car which ran as an extra. As the car turned out of Jones avenue and the municipal lawmakers and money disbursers looked back they all could see the great necessity there was and is for the Alabama street bridge.

"Now just look at that," said Mr. Howell, of the board of aldermen, sweeping his hand back toward the city. "If there was ever a section of one city cut off from all of the city in which it is located it is this. It's a shame, and that bridge ought to be built. If we had that bridge you see how straight a cut we could have made to this point instead of having come all around the way we came. I am of the opinion that this section of the city has almost the right to secede and form a separate corporation if we don't build that bridge."

"Then get to work on the people, have them register and vote for the bonds," said Mayor King. "In that way we may have some chance to build the bridge, but without those bonds voted we cannot build the bridge, as we have not the money. Now let's all look back over the bridge. Howell points and here declare that we will consecrate ourselves to the bonds. Let's now declare our more ready willingness to register and night to get the people to register and that we will see that they are for the bonds and that they will turn out on election day and vote for those bonds."

At the grounds, where the party arrived about 2 o'clock, there were quite a number who had driven out in carriages, drays and buggies. Hon. Milt Camp converted himself into a reception committee, and as the passengers came off the car he exclaimed:

"Now let's all vote for the bonds, and we will have two party lineages like this one and the Alabama street bridge."

All agreed that Mr. Camp was right. If the gentlemen were at that barbecue can control the registration and election the bonds will be carried by a majority that will surprise even their most devout friends.

The 'cue was served by trained waiters. Every plate was loaded and loaded again, and every dish that appeared on the board appeared to be a good one. There were barbecued lamb, roast, beef, chicken and squab. Then there was a Brunswick stew and the other side dishes that are as appetizers as 'cues, and some of the best Georgia hooch imaginable. For two hours the party lingered around the table and then there were some talks, nearly every one present having a word to say about the good service at the table and the good service of the department.

Then the creamatory and the grounds, the stables and the stock, the wagons and the farm were inspected, and when the party came away every one felt that that department of the city government is well controlled and well managed.

**One at the Stockade Today.** Captain Dave Wylie, commissioner of public works, will give his annual barbecue at the stockade farm today and all of the members of the general council and the city officials will be out to see it and take part in it.

Eight years ago the first one of these barbecues was given and it was by Captain Ed Cox, who then had charge of the stockade.

Since then the various departments have been giving barbecues every year, and the one Captain Wylie gives today will take for his guests nothing except what was raised on the farm and by the prison labor of the city.

## NO TALK IN THIS.

An Application Filed in the Clerk's Office Yesterday Morning.

**NEW ENGLAND ENTERS THE FIELD**  
In League with Local Capital \$250,000 Is to Be Invested.

HOW THIS IS TO BE DIVIDED

The Incorporators Desire to Be Known as the "Whittier Mills."—Lowell, Mass., Interested.

Lowell, Mass., has decided to invest a few thousand dollars in Atlanta.

It is no longer mere talk, for the initial step in that direction has already been taken.

An application for a charter filed in the clerk's office yesterday morning at the Fulton county courthouse marks the first of the New England cotton mills to locate in the neighborhood of this city.

It is proposed to begin business with a cash capital of \$70,000.

This is to be increased to the limit of \$250,000. The stock is to be divided into shares of \$100 each.

The incorporators are Messrs. George W. Parrott, W. L. Peel and J. W. Rucker, of Atlanta, and Helen A. Whittier, Nelson Whittier, Paul Butler, Horatio R. Fletcher and W. R. Whittier, of Lowell, Mass. They ask to be incorporated for a term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal.

The incorporators desire to be known as and to operate under the name of the "Whittier Mills."

They propose to engage extensively in the manufacture of cotton products, such as yarn, cords, cloth, braids and other articles of wear, ornament and general merchandise.

The application for the charter was filed by Messrs. King & Anderson, attorneys for the incorporators.

As soon as the charter is granted, which will be at the expiration of the shortest limit allowed by the law, the initial steps toward the erection of the mills will be commenced. The site for the plant has not been selected as yet, but the industry will belong to Fulton county and the plant will be erected in the neighborhood of this city.

Atlanta is daily looking into national importance as a manufacturing and industrial center and it will not be long before she merits the distinction of being in fact, as well as in prophetic sentiment, the Lowell of the south.

Information has been received to the effect that still another application for a charter of this kind will be filed during the present month.

Verily Atlanta is moving forward and no power on earth can stop her.

**WILL BE BURIED AT MT. ZION.**

Angus M. Perkerson To Be Laid at Rest in the Churchyard.

The remains of Judge Perkerson will be laid to rest this morning in the old family burying grounds at Mount Zion, about seven miles south of the city.

This morning the exercises will take place at the family residence, corner of Baker and Spring streets, and will be conducted by the Rev. Dr. Barnett, of the Presbyterian church.

After the exercises at the house, which will be short, the cortege will start for Mount Zion, where the remains will be laid to rest beside those of his family, who have gone before him. There will be a large delegation of his friends and friends of the family, and besides those there will be a delegation of escort from the Confederate Veteran camp, Atlanta 159.

The drive will be a long one and the interment will take place about 2:30 o'clock.

Major Leyden, with whom the judge served after his first enlistment expired, learned of his death for the first time yesterday morning and remarked:

"There was one of the bravest and best soldiers I ever saw. He never knew what fear was and never failed to discharge his duty to the very letter. He was in as a private and for years was nothing but a private, and one of the best I ever saw, too. Then he was made sergeant and was given charge of a gun. I can remember how he loved that gun. More than once when it was almost taken from us, Angus Perkerson stood beside it like it was his wife and sword in hand waited for the last ditch to be crossed. Then when we would get the old piece out of danger and she would go to work again he would look at it with something like pride in his every feature. I really believe that Perkerson loved that gun after it was placed under his charge better than he loved his life. I have seen him work like he was toying with a child rather than an instrument of death. I have seen him when it sent its charge into the advancing hordes smile with satisfaction that indicated the greatest degree of pleasure."

The following order has been issued from the Atlanta camp relative to the funeral:

"Atlanta, Ga., May 21, 1895.—The following named members of Atlanta camp, No. 1, United Confederate Veterans, are selected and hereby requested to assemble at the home of Captain A. M. Perkerson, corner of Spring and Baker streets, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., May 22, to act as an escort of honor to our late comrade: John W. Woodruff, Charles K. Maddox, Amos Fox, T. A. Asworth, W. S. Everett, A. S. Taylor, J. W. Fuller, Isa Cook, R. M. Clayton, Max Corput.

"L. P. THOMAS, Chairman Executive Committee.

"E. G. MOORE, Secretary."

The following gentlemen have been selected as pallbearers: Dr. Amos Fox, James Campbell, L. P. Thomas, Frank O'Brien, W. J. Keeting and W. C. Dodson.

**CHRIST'S SECOND COMING.**

This Will Be Mr. White's Second Subject at the Second Baptist Church.

"The Time of Christ's Second Coming" will be the subject of the Rev. Mr. White's sermon at the Second Baptist church to-night. This will no doubt be one of the most interesting and instructive discourses during the series of meetings now being held at this church.

These meetings are being held daily at 4 o'clock p. m. and 8 o'clock p. m., the sermons being short and the whole service occupying about one hour each. They were commenced on Monday and have already developed a feeling of deep spiritual interest. The congregations are thoughtful and earnest. Dr. McDonald and his congregation is to be congratulated upon securing the services of the Rev. Mr. White, who is conducting the meetings. Mr. White is a most pleasing and impressive speaker, holding the attention of the audience with his easy and yet forceful manner of presenting the truths of the gospel in their most attractive form.

The meetings are held in the main auditorium of the new Second Baptist church and the public is invited. All who attend any of these services are greeted with a cordial welcome.

**O'Connor Property Seeks Today.**

At Auction.

## AROUND THE CURVE.

Conductors Preparing to Make Their Home Run Tomorrow Night.

THE LADIES ELECT OFFICERS

The Report of the Committee Investigating Daniel Will Report This Afternoon. What He Has to Say.

They are going home—the conductors, who for the past week have been crowding the streets and filling the hotel corridors; and their wives, they are going, too. By tomorrow night, from present indications, the session of the grand division will adjourn to meet again in Los Angeles two years hence.

Yesterday there was a spirited contest among the lady delegates for the election of officers. The election of the auxiliary was tendered a carriage ride by the ladies of the Golden Rod division.

The regular order of business developed nothing of interest yesterday afternoon. It was expected that the report of the committee appointed to investigate the charges against Grand Secretary Daniel would be made, but the rush of work prevented this from being done.

The report, however, has been prepared. All evidence against Mr. Daniel is in. The evidence was limited in amount but the report will be voluminous.

There were rumors of all kinds among the conductors last night concerning the report. It is the general opinion that it will be favorable to the secretary. If this is true the burden will be thrown upon the members of the Camden division who signed the circular condemning Mr. Daniel. Unless all of the statements made against the secretary are shown to be true the members of this division will be held amenable. Grand Conductor Sheppard, of the Camden division, who made the charges, is in Atlanta. There were other members of the division here at the beginning of the session but they have gone and their leave is yet to stand the consequences if the man he has made the charges against is exonerated.

From the nature of the evidence that went before the committee there seems to be no doubt but the report will prove favorable. Most of the evidence taken touched upon the mining transaction with which Mr. Daniel was connected. It was this, it is thought, that defeated him in the recent election.

In the meantime Mr. Daniel shows no signs of mental disturbance over the affair pending. He is calm and serene.

"I cannot tell, of course," he said last night, "what the report of that committee is going to be, but I know what I have done and I know that the members of that committee are good and true men. All of them have been with the order for a long while and from their records I feel satisfied that they will do what they think is their duty, whether it criminate me or whether it exonerates me."

Mr. Daniel was asked if he had been before the examining committee.

"Yes," he said slowly. "I was called before them this morning and went over what I knew of the specifications against me. I can tell what they're going to do."

Chairman Condit, of the investigating committee, was seen last night.

"Our affairs are secret," he said. "I cannot tell you, of course, what the committee will present to the order. I think it is all in the hands of the committee and it will be reported to the assembly when they assemble tomorrow afternoon."

Chairman Condit is one of the best informed men in the order and his associates on the important committee, Conductors Bell and Gilbert, are also men of superior ability.

Their report is anticipated with the keenest interest.

**Yesterday's Meeting.**

At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon the session was called to order by Chief Conductor Clark. There were a number of amendments ready to be read the second time and these occupied the largest part of the proceedings.

After this there were appeals from the decision of some of the committees to be looked into. Insurance work was reported upon also. The session was taken up with dry details of regular business and there was nothing of great interest brought up.

The business today will be reported in the hope by the conductors that the convention will adjourn after a night session. Some of the officers, however, think that there is enough unfinished business to hold the order session until tomorrow night.

**They Elect Officers.**

The ladies' auxiliary held a meeting in their hall yesterday morning and went into an election of officers.

Mrs. J. H. Moore, of Toledo, was re-elected grand president. Mrs. Moore is a woman of charming personality and has done work for the feminine side of the order has done wonders. By her undaunted energy and assiduous attention to the requirements of the office Mrs. Moore has built up an order which is one of the finest in the country in the matter of social enjoyments this auxiliary is of great pleasure during the meeting every two years.

Mrs. O. V. Marshall was elected vice president. Mrs. E. E. Siggs, grand secretary and treasurer. Mrs. B. F. Wiltzie, grand senior sister, and Mrs. Zach Martin, of Atlanta, grand junior sister.

**Presented with a Watch.**

The president of the auxiliary was presented yesterday morning just after the regular session with one of the regulation O. R. C. watches. In a neat address Mr. Mike Land, of this place, made the presentation and Mrs. Moore responded to it in an appreciative way.

This watch was given by the lady delegates, who have great regard for their presiding officer. The watch was one of the neatest brought out to the convention for many years. These watches which are used by the conductors are manufactured by the Webb C. Ball Company, Cleveland, O. For some years there was a discussion among the members of the order as to which watch was the best to select as the standard O. R. C. timepiece. Knowing the great importance of having a regulation watch the conductors have accepted the same watch as that endorsed by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

Mr. Ball, the maker of the watches used by the conductors, has been in Atlanta during the convention. He is a man of pleasant address and of immense popularity among the members of the grand division, and all lesser divisions, for that matter, for they realize that he has accomplished much in getting out the standard timepiece and they appreciate it.

Two years ago the last session of the convention Chief Conductor Clark was presented with the first O. R. C. standard made by Mr. Ball. It is a model in finish and perfection and since then there have been thousands of the watches sold among the men.

**The Toledo's To Go.**

This morning one of the largest delegations will return. The representatives from Toledo leave for an excursion through East Tennessee and other points of interest between Atlanta and their home town.

Brownworth, the Buckeye Dutchman, goes with them. He was circulating last night in the corridors of the Kimball with his pockets full of Buckeye jokes.

"Take this from me and remember Atlanta. What's the matter with Atlanta? She's all right." In this way he kept the crowd amused for some time.

The conductors are closing. They will be finished by tomorrow night, and as they adjourn the public is invited. All who attend in all sections of this continent, Atlanta doubtless will have gained enthusiastic friends as vendors of her beauties and progress and the fair will have secured allies the value of whose support cannot be overestimated.

## AIMED AT HIS HEART

John Zimmer, a Well Known Young Man, Wanted to Die.

THE BALL CRASHED THROUGH HIS LUNG

And He Is in a Precarious Condition—No Motive Given for the Rash Deed. The Full Particulars.

John D. Zimmer, a handsome youth of nineteen, resigned his position at Elkin-Watson Drug Company's store Saturday. Sunday he joined the Third Baptist church. Monday and yesterday he spent in an extremely pleasant fashion with his young friends.

He went to his room at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon after taking a walk through the city with some friends and wrote a letter to his mother.

Then, at 2:30 o'clock, in the presence of his roommate and without a word, he sent a bullet into his side, aimed at his heart.

When he revived consciousness his first request was that his sweetheart—"Nellie"—be brought to his bedside.

In the absence of any other known or apparent reason that might have led to the deed, his calling for his sweetheart furnishes the only clue to the motive for the remarkable deed. It is thought that he was the victim of an unhappy love affair.

No other reason can be assigned in explanation of his attempt to take his life.

**In His Roommate's Presence.**

Young Zimmer shot himself in the presence of his roommate. Only a moment before he had addressed some pleasant remarks to his companion.

The shot was immediately followed by a wild scream and he fell backward across his bed in great agony.

His roommate, almost paralyzed by the shock, stood back aghast at the sight and was riveted to the spot.

"My God, send for the doctor," moaned Zimmer between gasps and then turned upon his side, in which position he remained.

The pistol shot was heard by half a hundred neighbors and Dr. Brooks, a physician on Marietta street, was quickly notified. He at once responded and in a few minutes Drs. Stevens and Parks were at the bedside of the young man.

The family of Mr. Zimmer were called and his brother-in-law, Judge Manning, came quickly to his room.

The young man was conscious, though in great agony, and greeted his sister with a kiss. He recognized all about him, but was too greatly prostrated by the shock to speak.

Mr. Zimmer is a young man well known in this city and has a large acquaintance among the young men of the town.

He is nineteen years old and boards at the corner of Mangum street and Jones avenue. His room is located on the second floor of a large brick building, the first floor of which is occupied as a store by Mr. Lyons.

Here it was that the shot was fired. Zimmer had been working at the soda-water fountain in the Elkin-Watson drug store. Last Sunday night he drew the salary due him and gave up his position. Since that time he has not been at work and was frequently the center of a bright and jolly crowd of his companions.

At his home he spent yesterday morning and remained until after dinner. He was in the best of spirits and chatted and laughed. He possessed a bright and cheery disposition and made his visit home one full of pleasure and brightness. He was possibly more cheerful than usual and teased and played with the children until the whole house was alive with laughter at his witty sayings.

**Goes to His Room.**

After the dinner was over he left and little did his parents suppose that a tragedy was only an hour ahead for their boy. It is very probable that young Zimmer himself had no idea of the rash deed he was soon to commit. He left the house at about 1 o'clock and a little later was seen on Marietta street with a party of friends. His companions failed to notice anything whatever in his manner that was unusual and he talked pleasantly with them on various subjects.

Leaving the party he went directly to his room over Lyons's store. In the room he was found by his friend, Mr. Pharr, at 2 o'clock.

When Pharr went up into the room Zimmer met him pleasantly. He was seated at the table and had pulled off his coat and was engaged in writing.

"Well, Bill," remarked Zimmer, "I took the liberty to write a note on a sheet of your paper."

He said this with a smile, but his friend noticed a quiver in his voice and saw that he was nervous. Pharr paid no further attention and began to shave himself. Zimmer was sitting on the side of the bed and said nothing more on the subject.

**The Shot Fired.**

Without one word of warning, not even a final farewell to his friend and roommate, he placed the pistol to his breast and pulled the trigger.

A deafening report followed and Zimmer fell backward at full length upon the bed. In one hand he held the smoking pistol and the other hand was tightly clasped to his bosom.

"My God, my God, send for a doctor," he shrieked. His despairing cry was heard a block away and a large crowd rushed to the scene. Zimmer was writhing in pain and moaned as the agony became intensified.

Three physicians were on hand in a few minutes and at once saw that the man was dangerously injured. His wound was too serious to admit of probing and the

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

**BISHOP NELSON AT DALTON.**

He Confirmed a Large Number of Candidates Last Monday Evening.

Bishop Nelson has returned from Dalton, Ga., where he preached an able sermon last Monday evening and confirmed a large number of candidates for admission to church membership.

The class was presented by the archdeacon of Atlanta. The congregation was large and the sermon a most able effort. At the conclusion of the service the crowd adjourned to the Hotel Dalton, where the bishop received his friends until a late hour. This excellent hotel has lately been managed by Gail Ford, whose young and charming bride was one of the attractions of the evening. Many of the representative citizens of Dalton of all denominations were present and the town may well be proud of the youth and beauty which graced the spacious drawing rooms of the handsome hostelry. At 10 o'clock p. m. the dining room was thrown open and a collation served.

The bishop of Georgia impressed all observers in the church chancel clothed in his episcopal robes. But he is equally at home in the drawing room. Last evening the people young and old were delighted with his dignified urbanity and social grace. As church prelate and Christian gentleman he pleases all with whom he is associated.

**EXPLOSION IN COAL MINES.**

Four Men Taken Out Dead—Six Fatally Injured.

Washington, May 21.—Dispatches from Grafton and Morgantown, W. Va., report that an explosion occurred today in the coal mines at Monongahela, on the West Virginia and Pittsburgh railroad. The mine took fire. Four miners were taken out dead—some reports say eight; six fatally injured and 131 miners escaped from the burning mine uninjured. The concussion is great and the reports very conflicting.

**The O'Connor Property**

Next to Arlington hotel, Marietta street, at auction today at 11:30 a. m. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

**STILSON-COLLINS**

JEWELRY CO.,

55 Whitehall St.,

Make a specialty of reliable and standard goods.

**Maier Berkele**

JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Fine DIAMONDS

In the South,

And the Lowest Prices.

31 Whitehall Street.

## Straw Hats

None better—None cheaper than ours.

**A. O. M. GAY & SON**

HATTERS AND HABERDASHERS.

18 Whitehall Street.

## The Irresistible Logic

Of high values and low prices appeals to all purchasers. To make the high values higher and the low prices lower is a problem ever being worked out in our establishment. Never were values higher or prices lower than at present, and as our vast collection of seasonable goods is being sold under an almost perfect system of distribution, it may be said that the "ne plus ultra" of storekeeping has been almost reached.

## The Best Proof

Of the appreciation of our \$10 Serge, Cheviot and Cassimere Suits is found in the fact that every Suit sold makes an increased demand.



## WITH THE RAILROADS

The Executive Board of the Southern States Passenger Association will meet in Atlanta at 11 o'clock.

ALL OF THE OFFICERS IN ATLANTA

An interesting circular of rates issued by the Southern States Railway Association.

The executive board of the Southern States Passenger Association will meet in Atlanta at 11 o'clock this morning.

All of the high officials of the roads constituting the association will be here to attend the session, and affairs of interest and importance will be discussed and acted upon.

On the vestibule from Washington President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern, arrived yesterday afternoon and went immediately to the Aragon, where, during the afternoon he was in consultation with the other officials of the road. Mr. Hays, assistant to the president, General Passenger Agent Turk and Traffic Manager Culp were already in the city. During the afternoon the officers were in private consultation arranging for the meeting this morning and talking over recent affairs of a legal nature, which have stirred up the various roads affected.

This morning Mr. Thomas, of the North Carolina and St. Louis road, will arrive and will meet with the other officers. All of the other executive officials of the roads composing the association will come in today and will be on hand when the meeting is called at the Aragon at 11 o'clock.

The executive board is made up of all the high officers of the southern roads. It is superior, of course, to the rate committee, and the actions of this body are subject to the approval of the executive board. It is the supreme power of the association, Commissioner W. W. Finley will preside this morning. It is not probable that the board will be in session very long unless something of an unexpected nature is sprung.

**Rates for Home-seekers.**  
An important circular of rates was issued yesterday from the office of Commissioner Finley. The schedule was decided upon at the recent meeting of the rate committee of the Southern States Passenger Association and has met the approval of the commissioner.

Realizing that the trend of traffic will be directed toward the south between this and the exposition, and that there are many in the north and west who have their eyes turned in this direction for homes, the association has prepared rates which will bring a host of home seekers from the west.

Following are what has been specified as the "land seekers' excursion rates:

To all points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and return from Ohio and Mississippi river gateways, a rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets of an iron-clad signature form, limited to continuous passage in both directions, to be sold June 11th, July 15th, August 7th, September 11th, October 11th, limited to twenty days for return, tickets to be good for going passage on initial lines on date of sale only.

Another rate of great interest to those coming southward was agreed upon by the committee. The following is the rate:

To all points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and return from Ohio and Mississippi river gateways, a rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets of an iron-clad signature form, limited to continuous passage in both directions, to be sold June 11th, July 15th, August 7th, September 11th, October 11th, limited to twenty days for return, tickets to be good for going passage on initial lines on date of sale only.

The rates authorized in Southern Passenger Association circulars Nos. 1,353, 1,354, 1,355 and 1,356 are hereby cancelled.

**For Chicago Memorial Exercises.**

The circular also gives the rate to Chicago for those who will attend the dedication of the confederate monument on the 30th. Quite a number of parties, ten or more on one ticket, tickets to be sold only at points from which it may be shown to the commissioner that such parties will move on May 15th, with final limit June 15th.

Special rates to Boston, New York, New Orleans and Talladega are also given.

Rates to the state encampment in Griffin will be the same as last year.

**Fixing for the Fight.**

The greatest interest centers upon the coming fight in the United States court of the southern district over the injunction to prevent the Southern Steamship and Railway Association from boycotting the Seaboard Air-Line railroad.

The papers in the case were put on file in Savannah Monday by Avery & Seaboard, attorneys for the Seaboard Air-Line.

Yesterday the subpoenas were received in Atlanta and notice was served all the witnesses and defendants in the case to be present in Atlanta on the 10th, when the case will be decided by Judge Spence. The filing and granting of the application for the injunction caused the greatest sensation in railroad and commercial circles.

The hearing will be held in the United States court of the southern district over the injunction to prevent the Southern Steamship and Railway Association from boycotting the Seaboard Air-Line railroad.

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## SOON TO BE UNVEILED AT CUMBERLAND.

The Monument to Southern Soldiers on Lake Michigan.

GEORGIA'S CARLOAD OF FLOWERS

Everybody Is Expected to Contribute at Least a Blossom-It Will Be a Great Event in American History.

The unveiling of the confederate monument in Chicago will be an event of patriotic interest to every man, woman and child in the south.

It will be the first memorial to southern heroism ever unveiled on northern soil and a new era of fellowship will be inaugurated.

On the shores of Lake Michigan quite a large number of confederate soldiers are buried. It has been a custom each year to sprinkle flowers upon the graves of these heroic soldiers, who surrendered their lives, at the call of duty, upon the altar of their country.

Among the blossoms that have fallen from gentle hands upon their graves have been many fragrant wreaths plucked by the foe. The fate of these hapless soldiers, buried so far away from home in one of interest and sympathy, has been a subject of paths and calls for an expression of profound sorrow and reverence from those who are proud to claim them as their kindred.

At the unveiling of the monument in Chicago to the memory of these brave soldiers hundreds of southern people will be gathered. It will bring the south and the west more closely together. Flowers, expressive of the deathless love in which the heroes of the south are held, will be sent from every part of the country, and Chicago will be literally a wilderness of blossoms.

A refrigerator car will bear Georgia's tribute to Illinois and everybody is expected to contribute at least a blossom to the patriotic offering.

The following is a communication from the special committee of veterans appointed to solicit flowers:

"The undersigned have been appointed a committee to solicit from the people of Georgia a contribution of flowers to be sent to the confederate monument in Chicago. A refrigerator car has been provided by the Atlanta and Atlantic railroad and will leave Atlanta on the 28th instant. Contributions should be sent by that date. The committee is confident that this request will be most liberally responded to, and it is the only confederate monument on northern soil.

"C. A. EVANS,  
"AMOS FOX,  
"W. L. CALHOUN."

No event in the history of the American people will be more significant than the unveiling of the confederate monument in Chicago the last of this month.

**MR. DESAUSSE RE-ELECTED.**  
He Will Preside Over the Young Men's Library Another Year.

The annual election of officers and directors of the Young Men's Library Association occurred at the library building yesterday afternoon between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock.

No excitement prevailed at the polls, as there was no opposition to the ticket nominated at the meeting last week.

The following ticket was elected: President, George R. DeSaussure; vice president, James R. Nutting; secretary, Eugene M. Mitchell; treasurer, M. T. LaHatte; directors, A. A. Meyer, W. M. Slaton, A. V. Gude and F. M. Scott. The terms of these four directors having expired they were elected to succeed themselves.

This insures the library an excellent administration. Mr. DeSaussure, as president of the association, has made one of the best officers that ever served the library. He has been wide awake, aggressive and devoted to the welfare of the association.

The managers of the election were Messrs. J. A. Noyes, C. L. Pettigrew and G. F. Mitchell. They presided over the precincts and conducted the election in a manner gratifying to the association.

**MISS BECK TO RESIGN.**  
She Has Accepted the Vice Presidency of a College in New York.

It will be a great surprise to the patrons of the Capital Female college and to the people of Atlanta generally, to learn that Miss Leonora Beck intends to sever her connection with that institution.

Miss Beck has accepted the vice presidency of one of the leading female colleges of New York, and will also occupy the chair of Latin and Greek.

The Capital Female college, after the close of the present session, will be under the management of Mrs. C. D. Crawley, and the unders of the institution will not be in the least interrupted.

Miss Beck's intention to resign has been known to a few confidential friends for more than a fortnight. The general public, however, will be surprised to read this announcement this morning.

Perhaps no southern woman enjoys a broader reputation as an educator than Miss Beck. Familiar with the best literature of the day, as well as the great masterpieces of the language, Miss Beck has inspired by every one who has met her with her culture and information.

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The Season of This Popular Resort Will Be Opened June 1st.

A SEASON OF GAIETY IS PROMISED

Mr. Lee T. Shackelford Will Have Charge of Hotel Cumberland-New Cottages Are Being Built.

The Hotel Cumberland will be formally thrown open for the summer season on June 1st. This most attractive and popular seaside resort in the south closed one of the most successful seasons in all its history last year under the management of Mr. Lee T. Shackelford.

The hotel is under the same admirable management the present season and the attractive personalities of Mr. and Mrs. Shackelford will add much to the charms of Cumberland, naturally so alluring in its environment. Many improvements have been made and the big, roomy hotel and adjacent cottages have been thoroughly renovated, handsomely and comfortably furnished, and Mr. Shackelford will be ready to take care of all who come to enjoy the pleasures of the seashore this season.

He can lodge and feed 500 guests with ease, and he is preparing for an unusually large attendance this year on account of the widespread popularity gained by Cumberland last year among all its competitors from the mountains to the sea.

Mr. and Mrs. Shackelford understand, appreciate and put into practice that generous and genuine hospitality so characteristic of the south, which commands the respect and admiration of the world. Cumberland is thoroughly democratic, and a joyous freedom from all restraint, without offense to any of the proprietors, adds a zest to the pleasure of a sojourn there.

The cuisine will be in charge of the most skilled and competent cooks, well trained servants who have been carefully selected with the utmost regard to their capability, promptness and intelligence, and the Hotel Cumberland is better prepared and equipped than ever before to accommodate its guests and insure their satisfaction while they enjoy the pleasures incident to a season of operation from the arduous task of busy life.

A splendid orchestra will furnish music mornings, at dinner and in the evening. The big pavilion will accommodate all who wish to indulge in dancing every evening throughout the season.

The beach is unusually clean, smooth and in perfect condition, which means the broadest, largest, safest and most gently sloping beach on the south Atlantic coast.

The Hotel of Brunswick is being thoroughly overhauled for the season to carry passengers to and from Brunswick. Mr. Jeter has put the street car line in prime condition, with neat and cosy cars and a fine lot of lively mules, and there will be no trouble about reaching the resort.

Plenty of boats have been provided and the fishing, crabbing, rowing for pleasure and turtling were never finer than they will be this season.

The New Cumberland Island Company, made up of progressive people, has spared no pains or money to put everything in the most elegant shape, and the friends of Mr. Shackelford all over the country will be glad to know that he will still be in charge.

They are going to make of Cumberland all that it was designed to be—a retreat of rest, recuperation, recreation and repose.

**WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST**

An area of high barometric pressure covered the northern portion of the country. The lowest pressure was in the extreme southwest. Temperature had generally fallen throughout the southern states.

The fall at Atlanta being quite decided, the mercury standing 14 degrees lower than at the observation twenty-four hours preceding.

In other sections a general rise had taken place. Showers had been general in all sections except the northwest. The heavy rain was 1.8 inches, measured at Norfolk, Va.

Forecast for Georgia for today: Fair except showers in the east; warmer in the northern portion.

**Local Report for May 2, 1895.**  
Mean daily temperature, 70.  
Normal temperature, 68.  
Highest temperature, 72.  
Lowest temperature, 66.  
Rainfall, twenty-four hours to 7 p. m., .31.  
Deficiency, .69.

**The Weather Bulletin for May 1st.**  
Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m.

**STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.**

**SOUTHEAST.**  
Augusta, Ga., cloudy, 70-78.  
Charlotte, N. C., cloudy, 70-78.  
Knoxville, Tenn., cloudy, 70-78.  
Mobile, Ala., cloudy, 70-78.  
Montgomery, Ala., clear, 70-78.  
Savannah, Ga., cloudy, 70-78.  
Tampa, Fla., cloudy, 70-78.  
Wilmington, N. C., cloudy, 70-78.

**SOUTHWEST.**  
Abilene, Tex., cloudy, 70-78.  
Corpus Christi, Tex., cloudy, 70-78.  
Fort Smith, Ark., cloudy, 70-78.  
Galveston, Tex., cloudy, 70-78.  
Memphis, Tenn., clear, 70-78.  
Meridian, Miss., clear, 70-78.  
New Orleans, La., cloudy, 70-78.  
Palestine, Tex., cloudy, 70-78.  
San Antonio, Tex., cloudy, 70-78.  
Victoria, B. C., clear, 70-78.

**NORTHEAST.**  
Baltimore, Md., cloudy, 70-78.  
Buffalo, N. Y., cloudy, 70-78.  
Cincinnati, O., clear, 70-78.  
Detroit, Mich., clear, 70-78.  
Hartford, Conn., clear, 70-78.  
New York, N. Y., cloudy, 70-78.  
Norfolk, Va., cloudy, 70-78.  
Portland, Me., clear, 70-78.

**SOUTHWEST.**  
Chicago, Ill., clear, 70-78.  
Denver, Colo., cloudy, 70-78.  
Dodge City, Kas., cloudy, 70-78.  
El Paso, Tex., clear, 70-78.  
Kansas City, Mo., cloudy, 70-78.  
Little Rock, Ark., clear, 70-78.  
North Platte, Neb., cloudy, 70-78.  
Omaha, Neb., clear, 70-78.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, and in this way positively cures catarrh.

**FINE LIVERY.**  
The Finest Horses, Carriages, etc.  
Hiring Horses a Specialty.  
W. O. Jones is now ready to furnish his customers with the finest livery and outfit to be had in the city. A specialty is that of boarding horses and the splendid service given them. Call on Jones, Nos. 22 and 23 South Forsyth street.

**Viknaux's**  
Restaurant, cafe and lunch rooms, 15 Whitehall and 14 E. Alabama streets.  
Regular meals 25 cents. Our specialties in luncheon, steaks, chops, French coffee, whipped cream, small steak, potatoes, corn muffins, hot rolls and coffee, 15 cents. Special rates for parties. Call on Viknaux's. Everything in season. Prompt service. Under new management. eB sure and call at Viknaux's. may19-1w

**Today at 11:30 A. M.**  
We sell the O'Connor property on Marietta street, next to the Arlington hotel. You are invited.  
SAML W. GOODE & CO.

**Phone 1284**  
And Miss Glenn, stenographer and typewriter, will be in the city. In style, low prices. Nine years' experience. Room 502, 4th floor Equitable building. may19-1w

**FOR RENT—Unfurnished Rooms.**  
LARGE, pleasant, newly furnished rooms, 25 cents per week, 27 Markham street.  
WANTED BOARDERS—Large front room with board at 28 Peachtree street.

**HANDSOMEST AND COOLEST HOME.**  
Two extra large rooms, line hotel, no children. References required, 64 Forest avenue.

**BOARDERS WANTED.**—One nicely furnished room, on north side, clean, with board for \$30 per month to two gentlemen or couple; all modern conveniences. Address Anderson, care Constitution, may 2-12.

**BOARDERS WANTED.**—Very desirable large front room, newly furnished and first-class table fare at summer rates at 4 West Harris. may 2-12

**Notice** is hereby given that I will apply for retail beer license at 117 Peters street at the next meeting of the general council, may 2-12.

**ENGRAVING.**—Plate and 50 visiting cards (name) \$1; wedding invitations; send for sample prices. Thomas E. Lyett & Co., 31 S. Charles street, Baltimore. may 10-12-e-d

**GET YOUR WALLS AND CARPETS cleaned** by Atlanta Wall and Carpet Cleaner Company, 175 Peachtree street. may12-1w

**FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms.**  
ONE ROOM furnished, suitable for two gentlemen, 11 Luckie st., between Peachtree and Forsyth sts. may19 sun wed



## Visitors... Strangers.. Delegates..

While in the city will serve their own interest by examining the following figures. Many of them will doubtless need some of these articles, and by purchasing what they need at these Cut Rate Prices a considerable saving will be affected. Small packages can be carried home without inconvenience, and larger ones can go by express anywhere in Georgia for 25 cents if not over five pounds in weight.

There are thirty-two cut rate drug establishments in the United States, only one of which exists in Georgia—that ONE is JACOBS' PHARMACY, of Atlanta, Ga.

## SOME POPULAR REMEDIES

Ayer's Sarsaparilla	68c	Silvan's Capsules of Capiba, 10 and...	18c
Ayer's Hair Vigor	57c	S. S. S., small, spec. large...	50c
Brown's Iron Bitters	57c	Tyner's Dyspepsia Cure...	30c
Bradfield's Female Regulator...	68c	Wine of Cardui...	68c
Carter's Little Liver Pills...	13c	Williams' Pink Pills...	35c
Castoria	25c	Palmer's Little Black Pills...	13c
Cuticura Soap	15c	Jacob's Emulsion Cod Liver Oil...	50c
Cuticura Sulfur...	10c	P. P. P.	68c
Cuticura Resolvent	75c	B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm...	68c
Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills...	\$1.50	Dr. Miley's Heart Cure...	68c
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery...	68c	Dr. Miley's Liver Cure...	15c
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription...	68c	California Fig Syrup...	34c
Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets...	68c	Fellow's Hypophosphite...	35c
Injection G	68c	Forma...	68c
Injection Malydor	68c	Hood's Sarsaparilla...	68c
Injection Black Crook	68c	Dr. Long's Sarsaparilla, the best made	68c
Imperial Granum	68c	large bottle, concentrated mixture,	68c
Jacob's Beef, Wine and Iron, 25 and	50c	small dose—dollar size...	68c
Long's Hair Balsam	68c	Hire's Root Beer...	24c
Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound	68c	Dr. Sage's Catarrh Cure...	15c
Luxon	68c	Scott & Brown's Cod Liver Oil...	68c
Mellin's Food, 37 and 25c...	25c	Wampole's Cod Liver Oil...	68c
Malted Milk, 40 and 25c...	25c	Madsen's Kidney and Liver Cure...	15c
Malted Milk, hospital size...	3.00	Warner's Kidney and Liver Cure...	68c
Palmer's Sinal Wood capsules...	25c	Japanese Pile Cure...	15c
Paine's Celery Compound...	68c	Madame Robinson's Face Bleach...	1.00
Royal Germetree	68c	Dr. Bedford's Black Draught...	15c
Mother's Friend	75c	Munyon's Homeopathic Remedies:	68c
Madame Yale's Hair Tonic	68c	25c. size...	15c
Tutt's Hair Dye	68c	50c. size...	35c
Dr. Palmer's Warranted Catarrh Cure...	25c	Fond's Extract	34c
Simmons' Liver Regulator—Red Z...	15c		
Simmons' Liver Regulator—liquor...	68c		
Santal Midy	75c		
Shaker's Digestive Cordial...	83c		

## EVERYTHING RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

## JACOBS' PHARMACY,

Junction of Peachtree and Decatur Streets and Edgewood Avenue.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
The Southern States Publishing Company report that they are meeting with great success in getting up the matter for their publication, and the exposure of the south, having received the hearty endorsement and commendation of the individual members of the exposition officials. The photographs of whom will appear in the prospectus which they will have out next week.

reception with which they are meeting shows the wisdom of the course which they are pursuing in having all of their work done by the south. They even have to pay a higher price for it, rather than go outside of the south and have it published by a foreign printing concern.

They are going to prove the position that they have taken to be correct, viz: That the best way to illustrate southern enterprise and progress is to show to the world that it is not necessary to go to the north to have fine work done, but that a high class of work can be produced here, even superior to that which will be produced by the north.







## THE ATLANTAS LOST.

The Game Well Played Through the Rain and Mud.

NASHVILLE IS NOW IN THE LEAD

Memphis and Evansville Are Close Behind. Atlanta Comes Next and Hopes to Go Up One Today.

Southern Association Standing.			
Team	Played	Won	Lost
Nashville	19	12	7
Evansville	19	12	7
Atlanta	19	11	8
Little Rock	19	10	9
New Orleans	19	7	12
Montgomery	19	7	12
Chattanooga	19	7	12

National League Standing.			
Team	Played	Won	Lost
Pittsburgh	24	17	7
Cincinnati	25	17	8
Chicago	26	16	10
Boston	26	12	14
Cleveland	26	12	14
Philadelphia	26	11	15
New York	26	11	15
Baltimore	26	9	17
St. Louis	26	10	16
Brooklyn	26	7	19
Washington	26	6	20
Louisville	26	5	21

It was in mud and rain the Atlanta and New Orleans teams played the second game of the series yesterday afternoon.

And the Atlanta lost, but it was the smallest crowd of the season that was out to see her lose.

About noon the clear skies clouded and soon there was every indication of rain. The lovers of the game watched the clouds as they shifted about and guessed at the result. It was a toss up for awhile and then when it was found which way the penny fell, rain was certain, for rain was then falling. It kept the crowd away, but still there were 500 people out when the game started. The game did not begin on time because the rain was still falling when the clock struck four.

Braun opened the box work for New Orleans, but was knocked out of the box before the first inning was over, and Smith was put in his place, and it was some mighty good work that Smith did. Horner started out for the Atlanta, but had to give way to Schmidt in the third and Schmidt did some fine work, but the game went against him in the eighth when New Orleans sent four men across the plate.

Smith, Atlanta's shortstop, did some of the most brilliant work in the way of ragged playing seen at the Atlanta grounds this season. That, with the stick work of Billy York, were about the features of the game.

The Memphis team went down before Chattanooga, the tail-enders, and that threw Nashville in the lead, Memphis and Evansville standing even for next place and Atlanta following. The score was:

The official score was:			
Team	ab.	r.	h.
Atlanta	10	3	10
Evansville	10	3	10
Chattanooga	10	3	10
Montgomery	10	3	10
Little Rock	10	3	10
New Orleans	10	3	10
Brooklyn	10	3	10
Washington	10	3	10
St. Louis	10	3	10
Baltimore	10	3	10
New York	10	3	10
Philadelphia	10	3	10
Cleveland	10	3	10
Boston	10	3	10
Chicago	10	3	10
Cincinnati	10	3	10
Pittsburgh	10	3	10

Score by Innings:			
Inning	Atlanta	Evansville	Chattanooga
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
6	0	0	0
7	0	0	0
8	0	0	0
9	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

The game today. The Atlanta and New Orleans will meet this afternoon for the last time this trip. The teams are now horse and horse and both managers want the game this afternoon. The two teams will line up this way: Atlanta—Pitcher, New Orleans—Pitcher, Atlanta—Catcher, New Orleans—Catcher, Atlanta—First Base, New Orleans—First Base, Atlanta—Second Base, New Orleans—Second Base, Atlanta—Third Base, New Orleans—Third Base, Atlanta—Left Field, New Orleans—Left Field, Atlanta—Right Field, New Orleans—Right Field, Atlanta—Center Field, New Orleans—Center Field, Atlanta—Batter, New Orleans—Batter, Atlanta—Umpire, New Orleans—Umpire, Atlanta—Manager, New Orleans—Manager.

Nashville won it. Nashville, Tenn., May 21.—Nashville won another poorly played game from Montgomery today. Both teams indulged in useless wrangling until the patience of the spectators was exhausted and many left before the game was finished. Although the weather was quite bad, the attendance was large. Except for Moran's home run over the fence, the game was featureless. Score:

R.H.E.			
Team	ab.	r.	h.
Nashville	10	3	10
Montgomery	10	3	10
Chattanooga	10	3	10
Evansville	10	3	10
Little Rock	10	3	10
New Orleans	10	3	10
Brooklyn	10	3	10
Washington	10	3	10
St. Louis	10	3	10
Baltimore	10	3	10
New York	10	3	10
Philadelphia	10	3	10
Cleveland	10	3	10
Boston	10	3	10
Chicago	10	3	10
Cincinnati	10	3	10
Pittsburgh	10	3	10

Evansville beats Little Rock. Evansville, Ind., May 21.—A small crowd witnessed a poorly played game of ball today between Evansville and Little Rock. The visitors' pitcher, Briggs, was pounded all over the field by the locals. Little Rock players were unable to find the Evansville pitcher. Score:

R.H.E.			
Team	ab.	r.	h.
Evansville	10	3	10
Montgomery	10	3	10
Chattanooga	10	3	10
Evansville	10	3	10
Little Rock	10	3	10
New Orleans	10	3	10
Brooklyn	10	3	10
Washington	10	3	10
St. Louis	10	3	10
Baltimore	10	3	10
New York	10	3	10
Philadelphia	10	3	10
Cleveland	10	3	10
Boston	10	3	10
Chicago	10	3	10
Cincinnati	10	3	10
Pittsburgh	10	3	10

Chattanooga Downs Memphis. Chattanooga, Tenn., May 21.—Chattanooga won the second game here with Memphis by a score of 10 to 7. Nichols, who was recently let go by Chattanooga, was mercifully scored by the rosters for his one-sided decisions. The crowd was boiling over with anger and made his life a burden during the game. In the third, Flaherty blocked Chattanooga's catcher by stopping in front of him and allowing O'Meara to cross the home plate. Nichols refused to call the runner out and Manager Alberts entered a protest. In two instances of plain out on bases the umpire refused to rule accordingly and shut his eyes to Flaherty's effort to hold Russell, of Chattanooga, on third. His decisions lost the locals three straight runs. Whistler in the first and Potts in the second each knocked home runs. Flaherty is the player who was put off the diamond for playing unprofessional ball in Little Rock. He was hissed and jeered at by the crowd whenever he came to the bat. Quigg, the Memphis twister, became wild in the second and Frank was put in for an inning, when Quigg was put back and played good, steady ball thereafter. Score:

R.H.E.			
Team	ab.	r.	h.
Chattanooga	10	3	10
Montgomery	10	3	10
Chattanooga	10	3	10
Evansville	10	3	10
Little Rock	10	3	10
New Orleans	10	3	10
Brooklyn	10	3	10
Washington	10	3	10
St. Louis	10	3	10
Baltimore	10	3	10
New York	10	3	10
Philadelphia	10	3	10
Cleveland	10	3	10
Boston	10	3	10
Chicago	10	3	10
Cincinnati	10	3	10
Pittsburgh	10	3	10

National League Games. At Cincinnati—R.H.E. Cincinnati... 040030301-10 12 2 Boston... 320000100-7 13 3 Batteries—Parrott, Phillips and Vaughn; Silvestri and Gangel.

At Louisville—R.H.E. Louisville... 320002000-7 5 3 Baltimore... 021020003-3 10 6 Batteries—Knell and Welch; Yemming and Robinson.

At Pittsburgh—R.H.E. Pittsburgh... 030016000-10 11 3 Washington... 010050100-7 10 9

Batteries—Weyhing and Winslow; Markey and McGuire. At Cleveland—R.H.E. Cleveland... 331311000-12 15 2 Brooklyn... 300000025-7 8 4 Batteries—Young and O'Connor; Lucid and Dalley.

At St. Louis—R.H.E. St. Louis... 000000010-1 5 5 New York... 32404000-14 1 1 Batteries—Clarkson and Miller; Russe and Farrell.

At Chicago—R.H.E. Chicago... 000001010-2 7 3 Philadelphia... 020313062-15 19 2 Batteries—Harrison and Donahue; McGill and Buckley.

RAIN AT GRAVESEND. The Boys Bet on the Credit Plan—Doggott Rode Four Winners. Gravesend Race Track, N. Y., May 21.—There were many drawbacks to the success of today's racing at Gravesend. The chief one was undoubtedly the weather. It rained steadily throughout the day. Of course the rain affected the track. It converted it into a regular quagmire. The attendance also suffered on account of the storm. The men who put in an appearance today had but one object in view and that was to bet. They bet to their hearts' content, but it was strictly on the credit plan. There were more detectives than book-makers in the ring to see that the law was not violated.

The programme was really the best of the meeting and the racing was of a high order. The followers of Doggett had a great day of it. This jockey piloted no fewer than four heavily backed first favorites to victory. Brisk made a runaway race of the Hanover stakes. There was nothing in the race that could get near enough to him to be dangerous. Hierarchy, the favorite, was badly ridden by Keefe. The Parkway handicap was regarded as a foregone conclusion for Sir Walter and he was installed a prohibitive favorite. Patricia was supported to get the place. Bassettlaw, was only nibbled at to get the position. Sabilla, the only other starter, was totally ignored. Sabilla and Bassettlaw drew clear of the others and showed the way to the back stretch. The former then fell back beaten. Sir Walter and Patricia ran like a team to the far turn. The former then set sail for Bassettlaw. He had the impetuous horse safe as soon as they were headed for home. Doggett, however, to draw a fine finish, did not give Sir Walter his head during any part of the race and raced along beside Bassettlaw all the way up to the home stretch. Sir Walter won easily by a neck. Bassettlaw was severely punished. Patricia finished an indifferent third.

A meeting of the stewards of the Jockey Club took place this afternoon. The proposed reorganization of the New York Jockey Club was considered. Nothing definite was done. It is expected that the syndicate that will lease Morris park and race track will be endorsed by the Jockey Club at tomorrow's meeting. It is not believed that a new club can be incorporated and licensed soon enough to hold a spring meeting in Morris park.

First race, five furlongs, two-year-olds. Joe Rodgers won, P. Train second, Orville third. Time 1:36. Second race, Maiden three-year-olds, one mile. Belmar won, Mirage second, Ingoldby third. Time 1:47. Third race, The Hanover stakes, \$2,000, for two-year-olds, half a mile, Brisk won, rum second, Bessie Browning third. Time 1:30.

Fourth race, Parkway handicap of \$2,000, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile and a sixteenth, Sir Walter won, Bassettlaw second, Patricia third. Time 1:50. Fifth race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile and a sixteenth, Captain T. won, Charade second, Frig third. Time 1:52. Sixth race, heavy handicap, sweepstakes for all ages, six furlongs, Vemurug won, Kearney second, Factotum third. Time 1:34.

Louisville, Ky., May 21.—The weather was pleasant today and the track good. Attendance 5,000. Three favorites and two outsiders won the five purses. There was no stake on the programme, the feature being a handicap at one mile and seventy yards. Santa Cruz set the pace for seven furlongs, when he began to tire and was passed by Despot, who won with ease. The once great Lamplighter started with a lot of platers in the first race. He was backed from 5 to 1, to 5 to 2, but the best he could do was to finish second to Lady Diamond, the favorite. The meeting will close with tomorrow's races.

First race, five furlongs, Lady Diamond won, Lamplighter second, The Princess third. Time 1:30. Second race, six furlongs, selling, Katie G won, Dr. Reed second, Major Tom third. Time 1:38. Third race, one mile and seventy yards, selling, Despot won, Plutus second, Santa Cruz third. Time 1:50. Fourth race, six furlongs, Malmajon won, Mate second, Porthos third. Time 1:34. Fifth race, four and one-half furlongs, selling, Rondo won, Sir Dilke second, Aladena third. Time 1:50.

Crocker's Horse Did Not Run. London, May 21.—Richard Crocker's colt Montauk did not run in the race for the Balminton plate of 200 sovereigns today at Bath.

THURSTON RIFLES GOT THE PRIZE. The Morton Cadets, of Washington, Second Place. Memphis, Tenn., May 21.—The Interstate drill and encampment closed today with a sham battle, concealing the lower states. The Morton Cadets, of Washington, D. C., got second place and the Sealey Rifles, of Galveston, Tex., takes third.

In class B the Morton Cadets came first with the Thurston Rifles second, and in class C the order reversed. The Morton Cadets in the big class was a surprise, as it was believed the Chickasaw Guards, of this city, stood a good chance, but they came last. The National Fencibles, the prior holders of the cup, came next to the last. The attendance today exceeded 20,000, being the biggest crowd ever admitted to an enclosure in this city.

THROWN FROM A BUGGY. Mr. Green B. Adair Seriously Injured in a Runaway Yesterday. A frightful runaway occurred yesterday morning early on Piedmont avenue, which resulted in the serious injury of Mr. Green Adair.

Early before breakfast Mr. Adair left the city for his country home. He went in his buggy, and had proceeded out Piedmont avenue as far as Gilmer street, when his horses became unmanageable. They suddenly leaped forward and made a mad dash down the street. The driver lost all control of them and the buggy was jerked along at a marvelous speed.

Near Gilmer street Mr. Adair attempted to jump, but his foot was caught in some mysterious manner and he was thrown with terrible force to the Belgian blocks. Mr. Adair, when lifted up, was unconscious and was found to be badly hurt. He was carried to his home on Washington street and Dr. Armstrong attended his wounds. Upon examination it was found that his collar bone was broken and possibly his shoulder also.

The most serious injury, however, is from the severe blow on the head and blood was freely flowing from the ear. His condition late last night was serious, and it is feared that he may not survive the shock. He was unconscious and his family and friends are very anxious about him.

STRUCK WITH A ROCK. One of the Soldiers at Pocomtahas Assaulted by a Striker. Bluefield, W. Va., May 21.—A member of the Pittsburgh Guard on duty at Pocomtahas was struck with a rock during the night and rendered unconscious. He remained insensible five or six hours. The surgeon pronounced the wound dangerous. A colored striker was arrested for the offense. This is the second case of rock throwing within a week. Two of the West Virginia mines started up this morning. There is no disturbance on this side of the line.

## NEWS OF SOCIETY.

Happenings of Interest to the People of Atlanta and Georgia.

NOTES ABOUT PEOPLE YOU KNOW

Some Events of the Future—Gossip About Social Events and Matters Pertaining Thereto.

Over in Virginia the ladies interested in the exposition are doing much good work. The Roanoke Times tells of a concert given there last week under the direction of Miss Clara Belle Palmer. Of Miss Palmer The Times says:

"Miss Palmer has earned the reputation of being Virginia's representative pianist, and her performance last night confirmed her right to the title. She possesses, in an eminent degree, all those qualities which mark the thorough artist. Her touch is crisp and delightful and in Jaell's arrangement of the 'Trayer from Lohengrin,' the sostenuto passages were beautifully executed. All of Miss Palmer's selections were of a somewhat quiet and dignified character, to which her natural reserve of manner seemed admirably suited and she created a most favorable impression. The programme included solos by two sopranos, Miss Alethia Turnbull and Miss Helen Imboden, both of whom acquitted themselves charmingly."

The women of Atlanta as a rule have exquisite taste in the matter of dress, and a deep into a well-known mollie's a few days since demonstrated that several in particular have a right to that reputation. One gown designed for a charming little matron on Washington street, is made of dull blue and black cotton lace goods, with the blue figures outlined clearly with white cord. The yoke and sleeves are made of dull blue covered with black chiffon and ropes of cut jet and blue steel sequins. A velvet collar and butterfly girdle completed a beautiful bodice. The gown was a good skirt of the cotton lace which by the way is a novel importation from France.

Another exquisite dress of deep blue lilac lace embroidered with white flowers, has a wide sailor collar of the same trimmed with bands of yellow lace and fringed into a white chiffon plastron ruff, edged with yellow lace and finished with lilac satin chiffon.

A yellow pique Eton suit shows a blouse front of linen lawn finely tucked and trimmed with valenciennes edge and insertion.

A yellow flowered organdie has a blouse front of alternating rows of olive satin ribbon and cream lace. A wide ribbon belt and collar give a very smart effect to the costume.

One rarely ever sees a wash dress made up to wish, and the linings and laces cost more than the material itself.

The weather has been almost too cold to appear in summer gowns, but it safe to predict that within a week's time the feminine Atlanta will be in dainty organdies and fresh looking dimities.

Miss Lula Hillier, of Texas, who has been in the city with her kinsmen, Colonel George and Colonel Henry Hillier, will return to Texas next week.

St. Simon's hotel, which has opened for the season and a number of Atlanta people will go down to enjoy the pleasures of sunbathing and fishing.

St. Simon's island is one of the most romantic places in the south and abounds with the historical incidents and romantic legends. The old burying ground at Frederika is full of interest for Atlantians since many well known families of this city have their ancestors buried there. The old tombstones at Frederika are made like low tables and the names of the families are inscribed on the inscriptions are almost entirely worn away. Some show dates as far back as 1790. At one end of the burial ground is an oak tree under which Wesley preached his sermons while there. A legend says that a celebrated man fell in love with a young lady who resided on St. Simon's island, and that the hardest battle he ever fought was in trying to subdue the passion she had created in him, for he had sworn to be a celibate. He finally did triumph over the love that possessed him, but I think the girl died and was buried at Frederika.

The Misses Stocking will spend the summer in the state of New York with their aunt, Mrs. B. W. Wrenn.

Mr. and Mrs. William Geppert will purchase a cozy little home at Inman Park and locate there in June.

Miss Ida Glenn will accompany Miss Mildred Rutherford abroad.

Miss Mildred Cabanis entertained a few friends at a box party at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon. Her guests were Mrs. E. W. Wylly, Mrs. J. Frank Meador and Miss Augusta Wylly.

Miss Georgia Glover, a most charming and interesting young lady of Americus, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. Carr, 94 Capitol avenue.

Mrs. John R. Courtney, of Macon, has returned home, after a visit of several weeks to relatives here.

Mrs. Edwin Lovelace is visiting friends in Albertville, Ala.

Mr. George T. Eubanks, of the Rhodes, Snook and Haverly Furniture Company, has returned to Miss Sallie Lowe, of Hapeville, Wednesday evening, June 5th, at 6:30 o'clock. The wedding will occur at the home of the bride at Hapeville. After a short bridal tour the couple will return to Atlanta, where they will make their home.

Last Wednesday evening Colonel J. Colton Lynes entertained at dinner at the Aragon, Senator Teodoro Mangel and Santiago Vargas, commissioners general for Costa Rica to the Cotton States and International exposition. There was quite a flow of wine and wit, as Commissioner Mangel is as jolly as he is handsome. The dinner lasted to a late hour. The commissioners will return in August to prepare the exhibit for Costa Rica.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dohme have returned to the city and are at their home, No. 30 East Ellis street.

Society circles are in high expectation over the musical reception to be given at the residence of Judge W. R. Hammond, on Thursday evening, beginning at 8 o'clock. In the afternoon the ladies and children will be entertained and refreshments will be served. An admission of 15 cents and 25 cents will be charged.

The evening programme will be more elaborate and varied, and tickets will be sold at 50 cents each.

A pleasing programme of music and recitations has been prepared, and some of Atlanta's best talent will participate. Signor Randegger will play and Mrs. Van Dolf, Miss Smith, of South Carolina, and Miss Tuggle, of LaGrange, will sing. Miss Stocker will recite.

The affair will be interesting in every particular and will attract a large patronage.

Mrs. Joseph M. Brown, Miss Sallie Brown and Miss Mary Connolly sailed from New York Monday on the Columbia for Europe, where they will visit all the renowned cities.

Monday the beautiful home of Mr. S. M. Inman was the scene of a brilliant assemblage, the occasion being a reception given complimentary to the distinguished ladies from Washington, who are visiting Atlanta in the interest of the woman's building. The home was elegantly decorated with lovely cut flowers and potted plants, and the toilets worn by the ladies present were very handsome and stylish. Mrs. In-



man is a most engaging hostess and as a matter of course, her reception on this occasion was delightful in every particular.

Miss Annie Hutchins and Miss Frierson, of Athens, have returned home.

Miss Ella Powell will return to Atlanta next week.

Mrs. William Perrin Nicolson is said to be slightly improved. She has been extremely ill for a week or two.

Miss Jennie Byrd has returned from Milledgeville.

Mr. William G. Wells, of Stone Mountain, was married to Miss Annie E. Purcell at the residence of Mrs. Purcell, 210 Spring street, yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Dr. J. B. Robbins performed the ceremonies.

Miss Pringle, of Columbus, a charming young lady, is visiting Miss Hattie Johnson, in Inman Park.

Miss Anna Belle Stockell, daughter of Dr. J. Q. Stockell, of this city, left for Lexington, Ky., yesterday afternoon, where she will visit relatives.

Miss Laura V. Johnson has gone to Lexington, Ky., on a visit to relatives. She will return about August 1st.

At the Central Congregational church this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock a beautiful marriage ceremony will be performed by the pastor, Rev. R. V. Atkinson. The contracting parties are Miss Clara Kellam and Mr. Barton S. McCash. The church will be tastefully decorated on the occasion.

Mrs. S. M. Kollok and daughter, Miss Annie Kollok, of Savannah, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Kollok Mower at 61 West Baker street.

Miss Fannie Haygood, a bright little miss of Brunswick, accompanied by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Haywood, registered at the Kimball last night.

Only a mind of the most exquisite culture and refinement could have arranged and perfected the beautiful programme which the children of Mrs. Prather's Home school have been rehearsing the past few days and will present for the entertainment of their friends on Thursday evening at the Young Men's Christian Association hall. The college classes in their daisian poses and recitations present a vision of loveliness and even the tiny totos of the pretty pantomime de la Babilardie, which embellishes the French play, are full of grace. All the classes of the school will be represented by their most talented pupils. Medals and diplomas will be presented and the solo singing of Miss Heldt's vocal pupils will add the charm of rich melody to the occasion.

DO NOT WANT IT THIS YEAR. Strong Objections Raised to a Prohibition Election in Spalding.

Griffin, Ga., May 21.—(Special.)—The latest development in the prohibition campaign is a petition signed by a large number of Griffin's representative citizens setting forth various reasons why such an election should not be held at this time and asking the executive committee to postpone action for the present at least. Among the reasons set out is that a large decrease in taxes and tax valuation of since ure east will occur, the city revenues will be cut down to such an extent that its indebtedness can be paid only with greatest difficulty, the fact that blind tigers would be sure to spring up in all parts of the county and the officers and straggly that such elections engender. The petition already has about 125 names and is constantly increasing.

The Griffin Rifles are moving along with their fair at a great rate. Yesterday many of the merchants here mailed circular letters to various wholesale dealers asking for contributions and donations. The ladies are taking especial interest in the project and its success is a foregone conclusion.

About three years ago a young white man named Buck made a raid upon the stock of a newsbutter of one of the trains standing in the station here, and was tried and convicted. While being held in custody for his fine he paid he broke jail and has not been heard of since. Yesterday when he applied to the city dispensary at Barnesville for a quart of whiskey. When he signed a receipt for the whiskey, the chief of police arrested him and notified Sheriff Morris of his capture. There is reward of \$25 offered for him, which will be paid by the Barnesville chief. He was brought







## Society

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big whisky house.  
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SMITHFIELD HAMS,  
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AND WHY?  
Because he is buying and selling for cash larger quantities of fresh, seasonable groceries than any retail house in the state. You can buy all of your entrees, fresh and good, at strictly wholesale prices at Hoyt's, 90 Whitehall.  
We quote below only a few of our prices.  
10 bars best laundry soap. . . . 25c  
Nadavene oat flakes, 2-lb pkgs 10c  
Good, mixed teas, per lb. . . . 30c  
Sweet sugar cured hams, per lb. . . . 11-12c  
Old-fashion N. O. sugar cane sirup, per gal. . . . 50c  
Sweet New York corn, per can. . . . 10c  
Two-lb. can Va. Tomatoes. . . . 05c  
Arbuckle's coffee, per pound. . . . 23c  
Levering's coffee, per lb. . . . 23c  
50 lbs Peachtree Flour, the very best. . . . \$1.10  
Pure leaf lard, 10-lb can. . . . 95c  
Three 3-lb. cans California pears 50c  
Three 3-lb. cans California peaches. . . . 50c  
Three 3-lb. cans California Apples. . . . 50c  
Beat N. Y. cream cheese, per lb. . . . 15c  
Can best condensed milk. . . . 10c  
Old-Fashioned Porto Rico molasses, per gal. . . . 30c  
Our daily arrival of fresh Sweet Eggs Creamery Butter takes like hot cakes, but it is much better on hot cakes, and only per pound. . . . 25c  
Our prices are the lowest, our goods are the very best, and if you will call we will treat you right. We make a specialty of supplying hotels and boarding houses in the city and all over the state. W. R. HOYT, Telephone 451. 90 Whitehall.

## FOR RENT

The rooms lately occupied by the Exposition Company. Will arrange to suit tenants. Apply Business Office Constitution.

## A FOREIGNER OF FAME

M. Riche, President De La Commission Geologique De Paris, Is Here.

HAS INVESTED LARGELY IN THE SOUTH

Will Start Today for France and Says That He Will Bring Colony of His Countrymen to the South.

Very early yesterday morning, just after the sun had shot its way across the eastern sky and blazed with maternal brilliance through the heavy foliage along Peachtree there stepped from the front entrance of the Aragon a man of distinguished appearance. He wore a long coat that fluttered about his knees, a high hat below which there fell a profusion of black hair rather long and neckwear of fine finish.

He stood there in a posture somewhat haughty, with a look of keen interest on his splendid face as he scanned the stretch of streets before him.

Soon afterwards a young lady stylishly but modestly attired came out, bade him "bon jour" with a radiant smile and took his arm as they strolled off.

He was a foreigner of great celebrity, this man with the high hat, and the young lady, his daughter.

Monsieur Alphonse Auguste Riche, president de la commission geologique de Paris, he was, a French scientist of eminent ability and distinction.

Monsieur Riche is also at the head of a large agricultural organization in France, backed by over a million dollars. By instruction from the French government he is interested in bringing a colony to the south, and in inspecting the geological resources of the country.

After his arrival in New York several months ago the scientist came direct to the south. He made a stay of two hours in Atlanta on his way to Florida, where he has since been and was so much impressed with the appearance of the city that he decided to stop over on his return trip.

During his stay in Florida, Monsieur Riche has inspected the phosphate fields in different parts of the state and was so much struck with the resources and the prospects for development there that he invested largely and comes away with extensive interests in that state.

Sunday afternoon he arrived in Atlanta, with a trio of charming daughters, who have accompanied him on the trip. These young ladies, by the way, were passengers on the French liner La Gasconne, the memorable delay of which caused the greatest excitement over the civilized world.

Neither the Frenchman nor his daughters can speak English, although they understand it in conversation.

With Monsieur Riche is Mr. Edgar Allen, a young lawyer of Ocala, who represents the interests of the Frenchman in Florida. Mr. Allen speaks French fluently and is a pleasant companion.

To the Gold Regions.

Yesterday morning the Frenchman went up to the gold and manganese region of north Georgia to inspect the mining interests there. It was his intention to stop off at Dalton and drive about the country inspecting and prospecting.

He will return this afternoon and leave at once for New York, taking voyage immediately for France.

Delighted with the South.

Monsieur Riche's enthusiastic nature grows more enthusiastic when he talks about the south.

"A country of elegant people," he said, speaking in his own language. "A country where there is freedom and no hampering to the development of the individual. A man can attain much. He has marvelous material here in great abundance. There is hidden treasure in the lands. There is a store of wealth there, illimitable resources, inexhaustible supplies. They will be used in the future. They will be cultivated."

"There is in Florida where I have been and invested, the richest phosphate fields in the world. I have taken large interests there and look for great development."

"There are many in my country whom I expect to induce to come to the south. They are waiting for a place where there is a supply as I have seen in this country. I shall tell them of the place. I like Atlanta. There is nerve and force in its appearance. It is awake and the people are so courteous."

"I shall go up to the north of the state today where I have heard there is a great gold region. I shall look into the resources."

At the time Monsieur Riche was talking to Colonel J. Colton Lynes, and his attorney, Mr. Edgar Allen. He spoke feelingly of his anxiety over the delay of the supposed ill-fated liner upon which his daughters were traveling to this country.

The young ladies also give a graphic account of the trip and talk interestingly of their impression of the south and the southern people.

Upon his return this afternoon the Frenchman will leave at once for New York. He says that it is his intention to return as soon as possible to this country and he will bring with him a large colony of wealthy men who will invest in southern property.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood; consequently it cures disease. It is the ideal and standard spring medicine. It is impossible to estimate its importance to the health of the community.

The Burch Property at Auction

Tomorrow at 3 p. m., on South Boulevard and other street. Call for plans.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

A FOUR-MILE ROAD RACE.

It Will Be Run This Afternoon in West End with Nine Entries.

There will be an interesting road race between amateurs this afternoon in West End. The race will be for four miles, two miles out the Port McPherson road and two miles back.

The entries are as follows: Sid Watts, F. C. Campbell, F. Morgan, C. Morris, W. Daniel, C. Murphy, H. Humphries, Posey and Barwald. The largest handicap is that given to Watts, one minute. The scratch men are Humphries and Murphy.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, etc., should try them.

2 South Pryor Street

Nos. 27 and 29, at auction Friday, 24th, at 11:30 a. m., Gate City bank building.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

NEW MAP OF ATLANTA.

Printed in Colors and Perfected to Date.

Embracing the Cotton States and International exposition grounds, the new seventh ward (West End), Inman Park, routes of all the railroads and electric street car lines, ward boundaries, limit lines and other necessary information.

Especially prepared and copyrighted by Mr. E. B. Latham, civil engineer, for John M. Miller, publishing agent.

The map is folded in convenient pocket size and enclosed in neat covers.

Price 25 cents. For sale at the John M. Miller book store, 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

25 South Boulevard Lots

At auction tomorrow at 3 p. m. Plans ready. Call for them. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

## Boys' Clothing.

Big folks and little folks find lots to interest them in our Boys' Clothing. Between our Suits and others' there is a difference. It's a very distinctive difference, too. But what is it? 'Tisn't easy to tell. And yet it's so easily seen. Haven't you noticed it? It may be that high grades and low prices have a good deal to do with it—and then you know the styles are always correct.

## Also Furnishers.

We are Clothiers first, but we are also Furnishers. The newest thing in Shirts, the latest fad in Collars, the swellest effects in Neckwear.

Everything that goes to complete the wardrobe of smart dressers can be on hand here the Eads-Neel Co. principle. That means none better; prices always just right.

Eads-Neel Co.

## IF YOU

Have weak back, pain in the side or under the shoulder, inflammation of the kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, brick dust deposit, suppression of urine, or any trouble peculiar to the kidneys, bladder or other portions of the urinary tract, you will

## SUFFER

Pain and distress, and drag out a miserable existence, going from bad to worse, unless you obtain relief. For all above troubles

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

Is a medicine of known value. Unlike some remedies, a dozen bottles is not taken to decide the question of benefit.

Atlanta, Ga.—My wife has been a great sufferer from kidney troubles for many years. At times she has been "housed up," suffering acute pain in side and back. She obtained no relief from treatment, until she took STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU.

I consider it the best medicine in the world. R. CATLEY, With Frank E. Block.

Sold by all druggists.

## The Animal Extracts

As prepared under the formula of Dr. William A. Hammond.

Cerebrine, extract of the brain of the ox, for Nervous Prostration, Insomnia, etc.

Cardine, extract of the heart, for functional weakness of the heart.

Medulline, extract of the spinal cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

Testine, extract of the testes, for Premature decay.

Ovarine, extract of the ovaries, for diseases of women.

Thyroidine, for eczema and impurities of the blood.

Price, One Dollar. Dose, 5 Drops.

COLUMBIA CHEMICAL COMPANY

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Jacobs' Pharmacy, Agents.

## ARE YOU BANKRUPT

in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

ASTHMA, HAY FEVER, CATARRH

Oppression, Suffocation, Neuralgia, etc.

Cured by

Espic's Cigarettes, or Powder

Paris, J. ESPIC, New York, E. FOLGER & CO. Sold by All Druggists.

BROU'S

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases, guaranteed in from three to six days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with cubes, copaiba or sandal wood. J. Ferre & Co., successors to Brou, pharmacien, Paris. At all druggists.

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To our already large stock of Men's Suits just received. Bought at a big sacrifice they go to you the same way. Our line of Summer Furnishings was never so large or attractive. Colored Shirts, in negligee or stiff bosoms, Underwear, Neckwear, Straw Hats, everything in Men's and Boys' dressings.

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Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries, Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and second-hand Machinery.

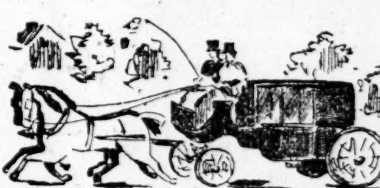
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FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS.

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Handsome carriages and trusty drivers always on hand.

37 and 39 Ivy Street. Phone 176.

After June 5th will be prepared to furnish a first-class Tallaho service.

## Read This....

The whole store abounds in suggestive thoughts of the warm months to come. Cold type and printer's ink fail to adequately describe the vastness and variety of the gathering. So you must use your own eyes, your own ears, to fully understand all that we mean by Masterly Modern Merchandising.

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Hogsheads and crates keep coming almost faster than we can stow them—foreign goods. The whole China department is a revelation of how better a China department can be—we've simply done better than the other stores until this year. Now we're in competition with ourselves. And the China stock means Glass, too.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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13 South Broad St., ATLANTA, GA.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Personal attention given to all business.

Refer to American Trust & Banking Company. Phone 582.

The five lots and two 11-room houses, corner of W. Peachtree and Simpson streets, sell today at 3 o'clock on the premises.

The demand increases daily and prices are rapidly advancing. Right now is the time to buy real estate. H. L. Wilson, Auctioneer.

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## NATIONAL

## Surgical Institute

72 South Pryor Street,

ATLANTA ..... GEORGIA:

Established 1874.

Since February, 1874, this institution has been actively and continuously engaged in the treatment of chronic diseases and deformities, and its work has been done so quietly and so free from parade and laudation that very few, except those cured, know of the varied and splendid facilities employed and the wonderful results secured. The methods employed embrace manual and mechanical massage, thermal and vacuum treatment, vibratory and oscillating motions, Turkish, Russian, thermal, needle and electric baths; Swedish movements, static, faradic and galvanic electricity, the application of the kneading, rubbing and brushing appliances, physical culture, etc., etc. Indeed the best and most successful facilities, known to hygienists are employed as well as many new mechanical devices peculiar to this institute alone.

Among the affections cured may be mentioned: Uterine derangements, prolapsus or falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, painful menstruation, profuse, scanty and irregular menstruation, ulceration and laceration of the womb, diseased ovaries, dyspepsia, constipation, general nervous debility, affections of the kidneys, liver and bladder, neurasthenia, nervous prostration, "that tired feeling," insomnia, malnutrition and assimilation and all the train of evils brought on by overwork, dissipation and excesses.

A cordial invitation is extended by the proprietors to all who may feel interested to call at the institute and see what is being done for the cure of diseases and deformities.